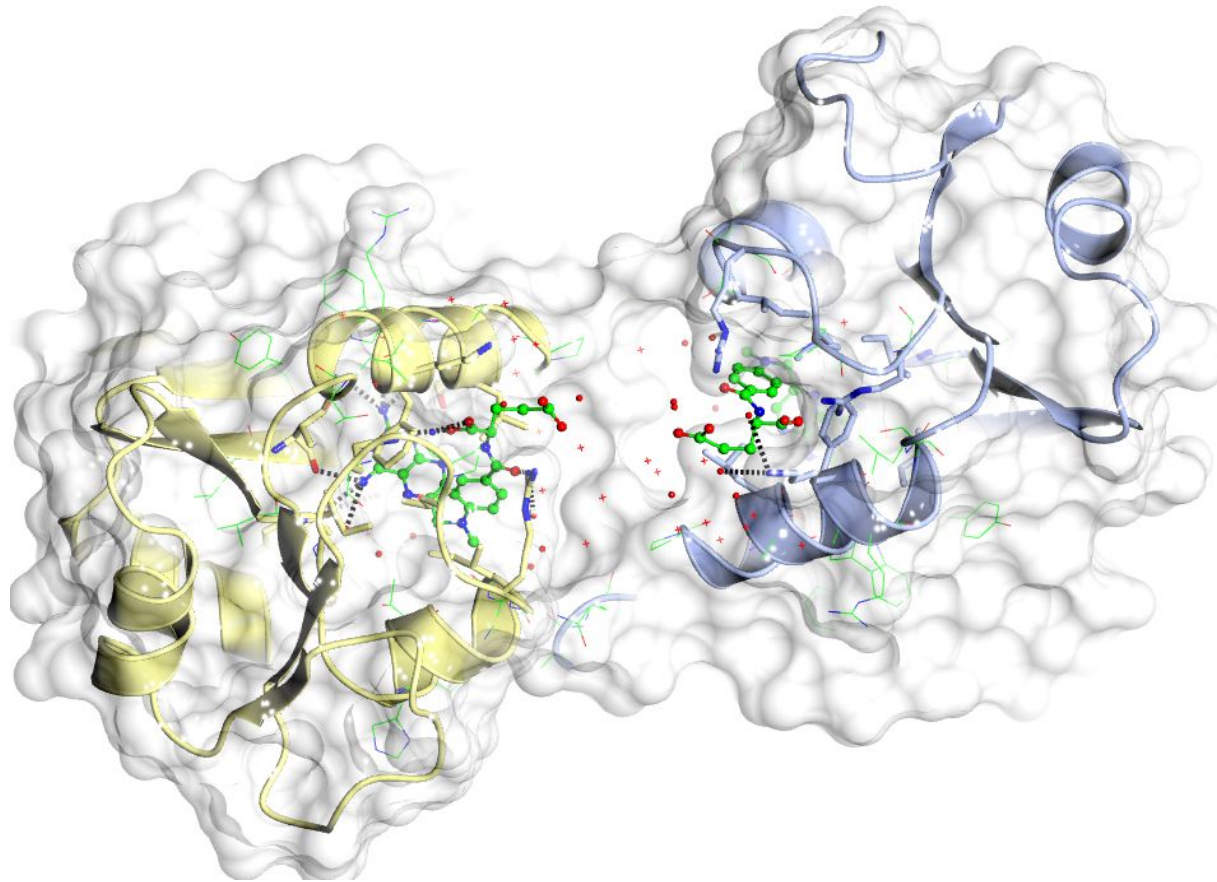


CCP4MG



Diamond/CCP4 workshop 2023

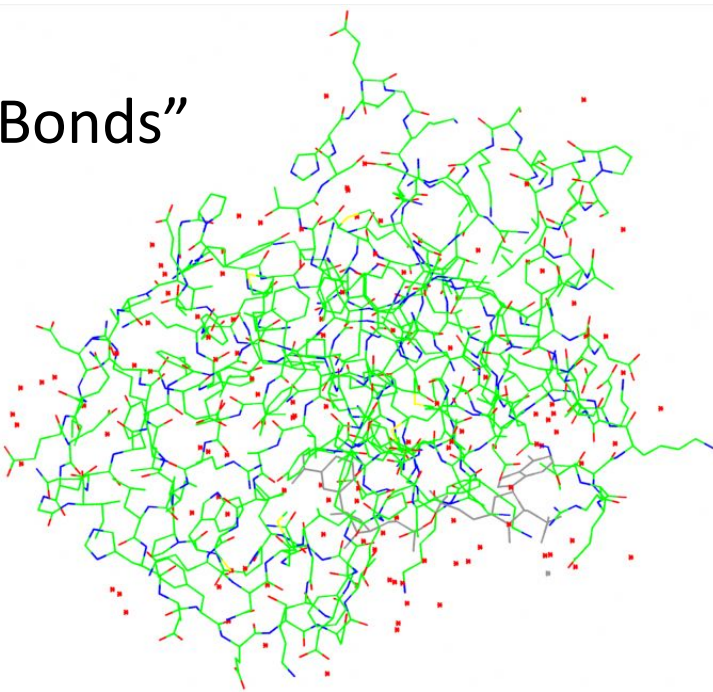
Introduction

- CCP4MG is a molecular graphics program funded by CCP4.
- Its primary focus is the visualization and analysis of macromolecular structure.
- It produces high quality rendered images and movies.
- <http://legacy.ccp4.ac.uk/MG/>
 - Binaries for Windows, Mac and Linux.

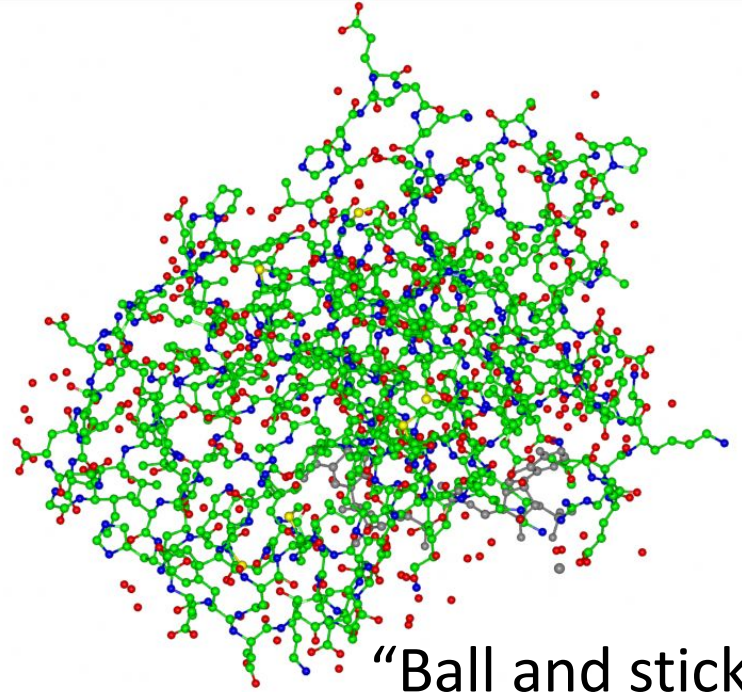
Displaying Molecules (styles)

- CCP4MG can display molecules in many different ways:
 - Bonds, cylinders, ball and stick, spheres
 - CA traces
 - Thermal ellipsoids
 - Ribbons, worms, etc.
 - Base pair “sticks”, base blocks
 - Lipid cartoons
 - Surfaces

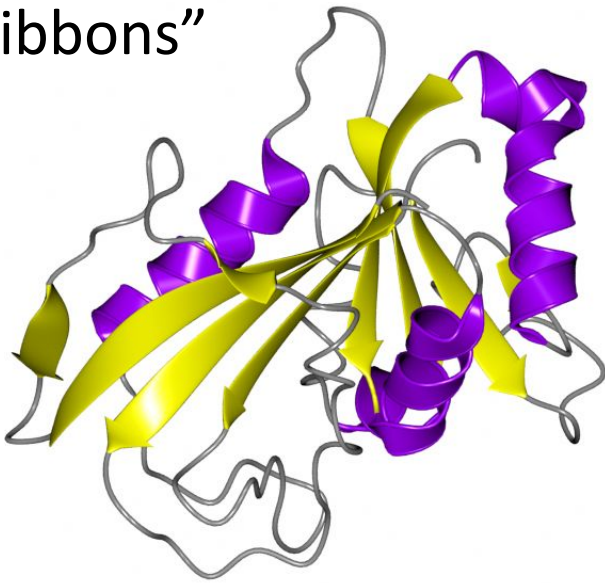
“Bonds”



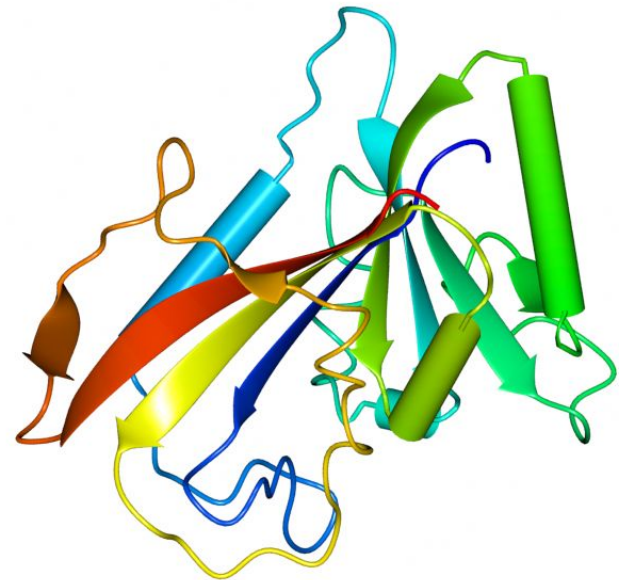
“Ball and stick”

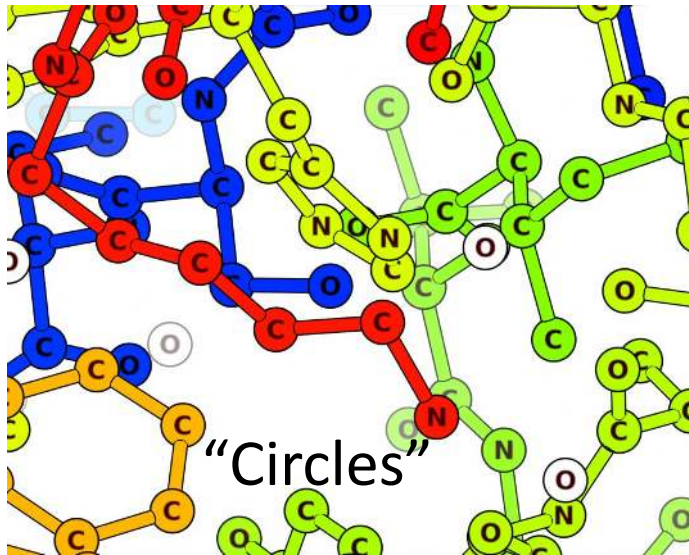


“Ribbons”

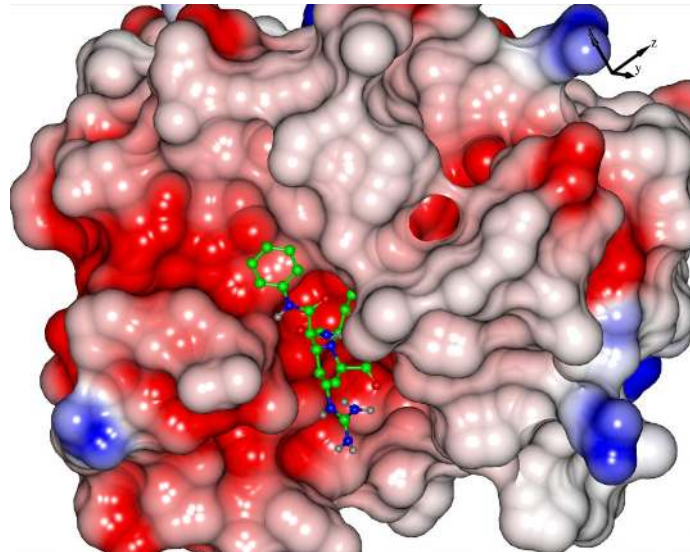
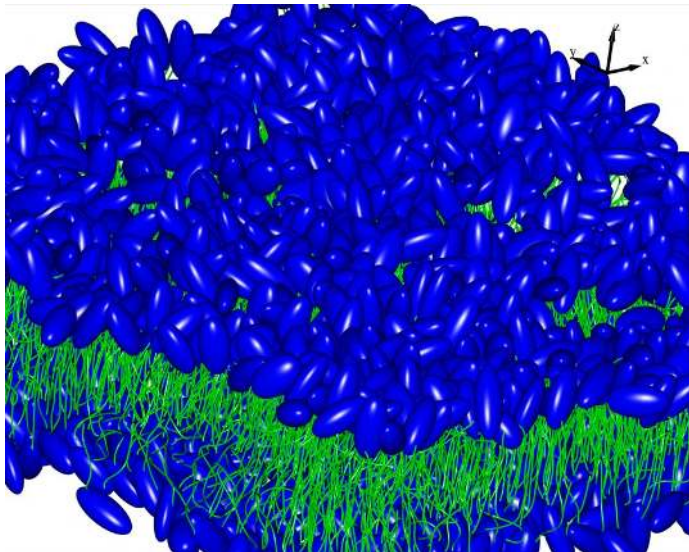
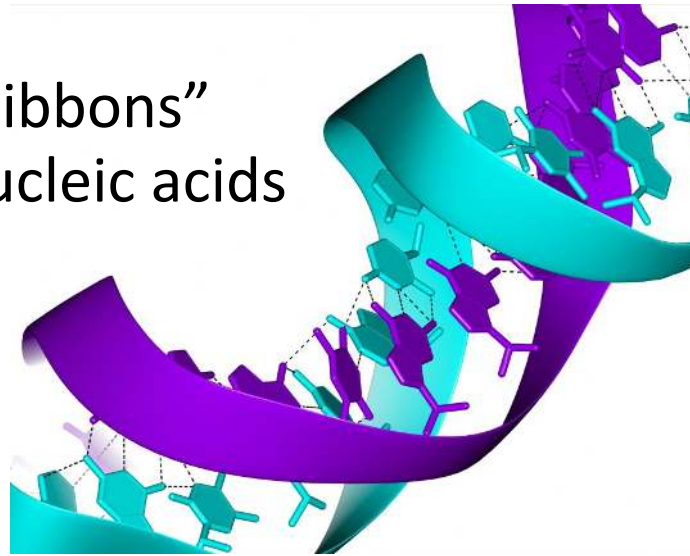


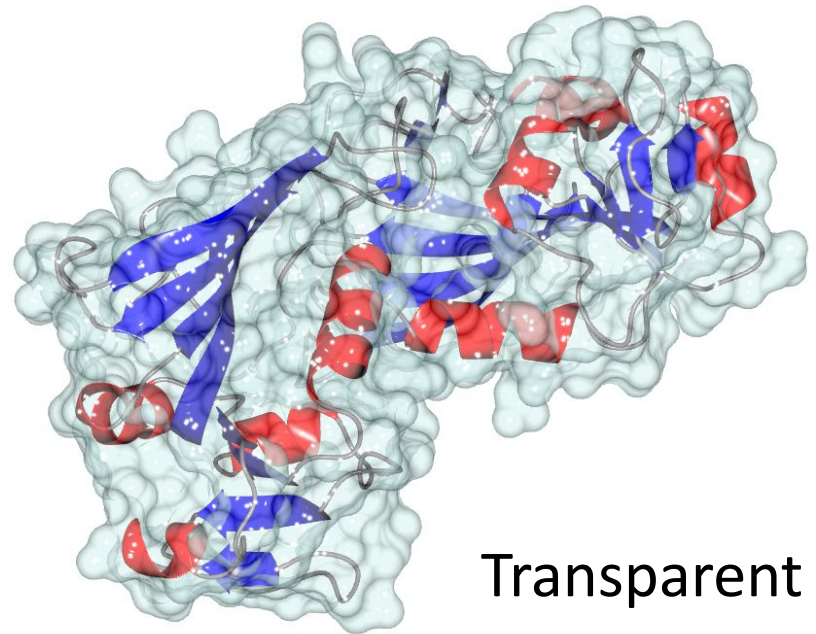
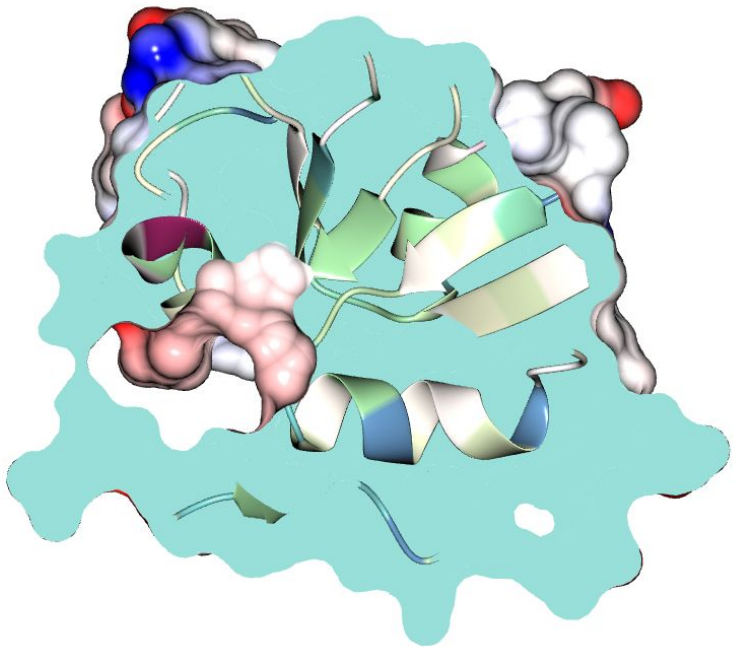
“Worms/tubes”





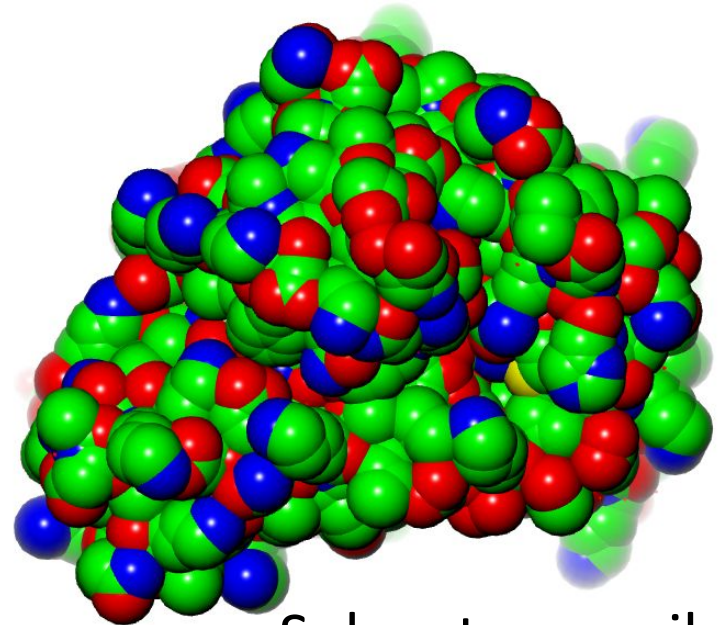
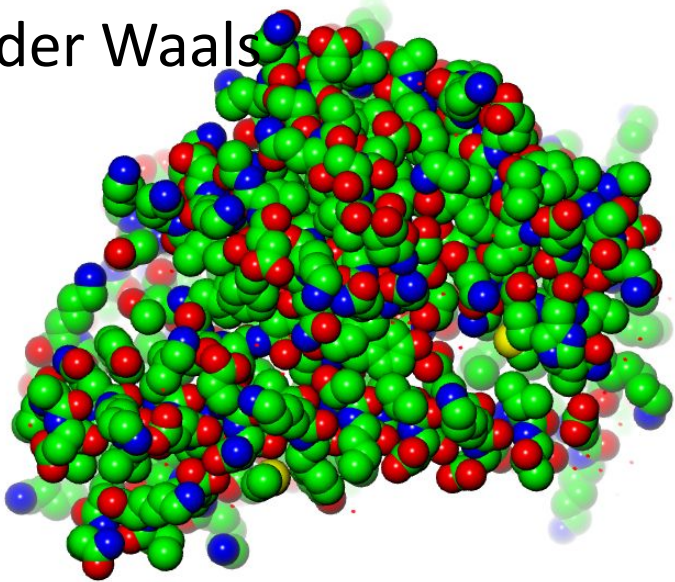
"Ribbons"
Nucleic acids





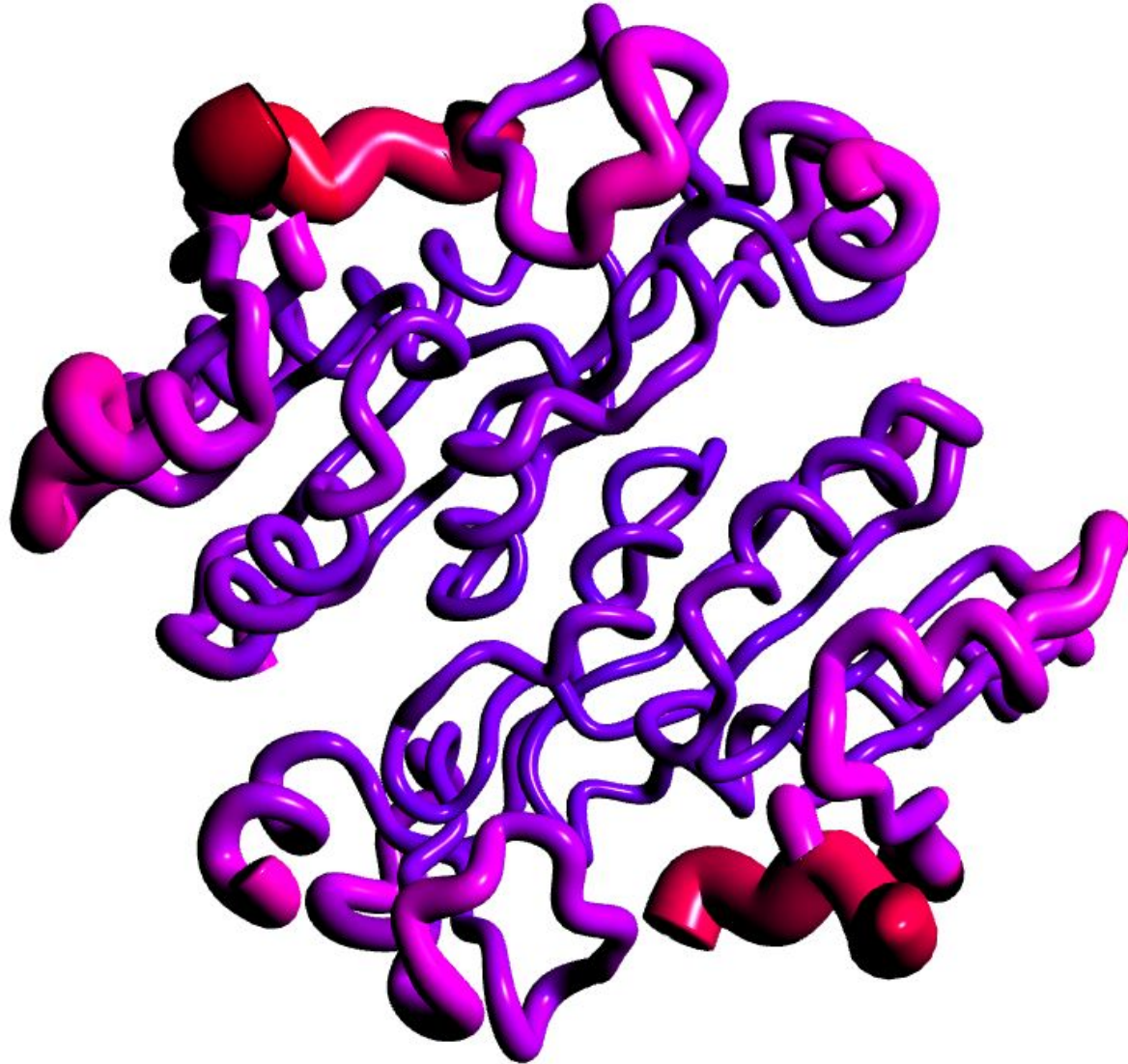
Transparent

Van der Waals

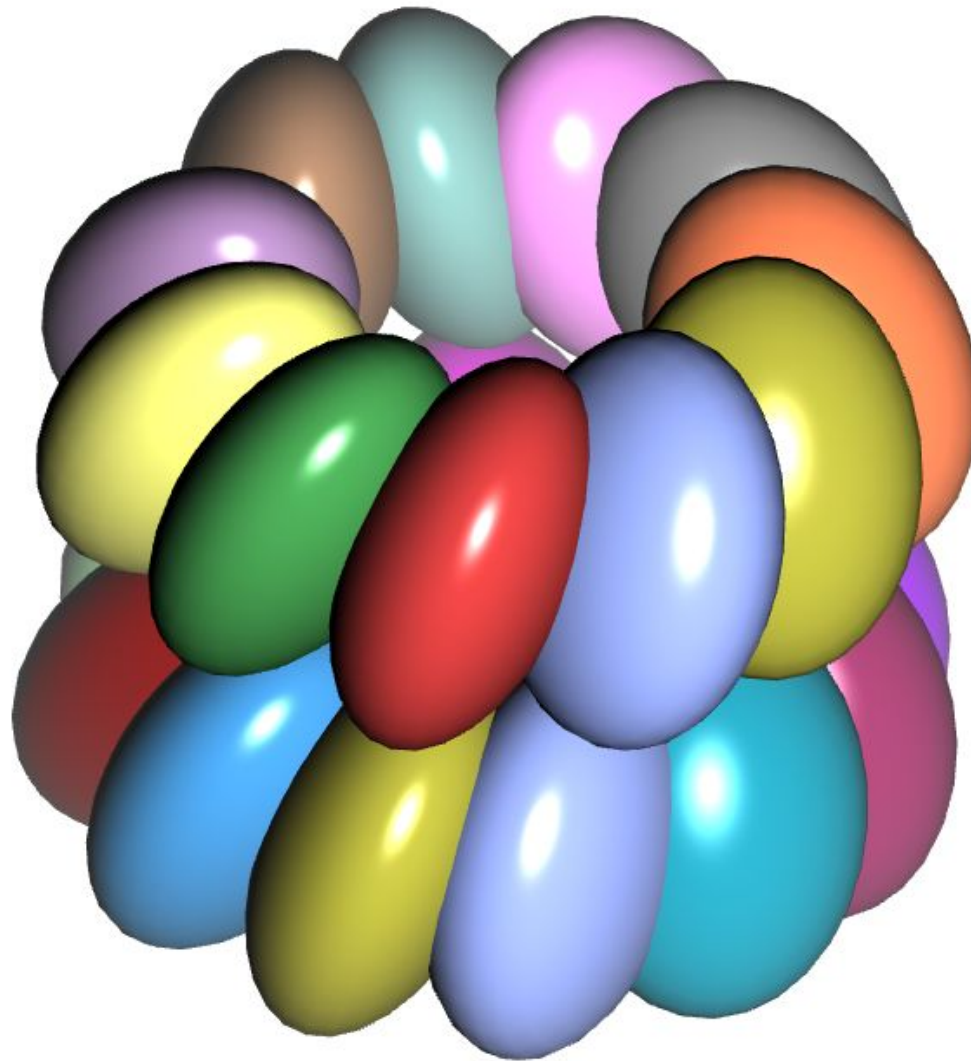


Solvent accessible

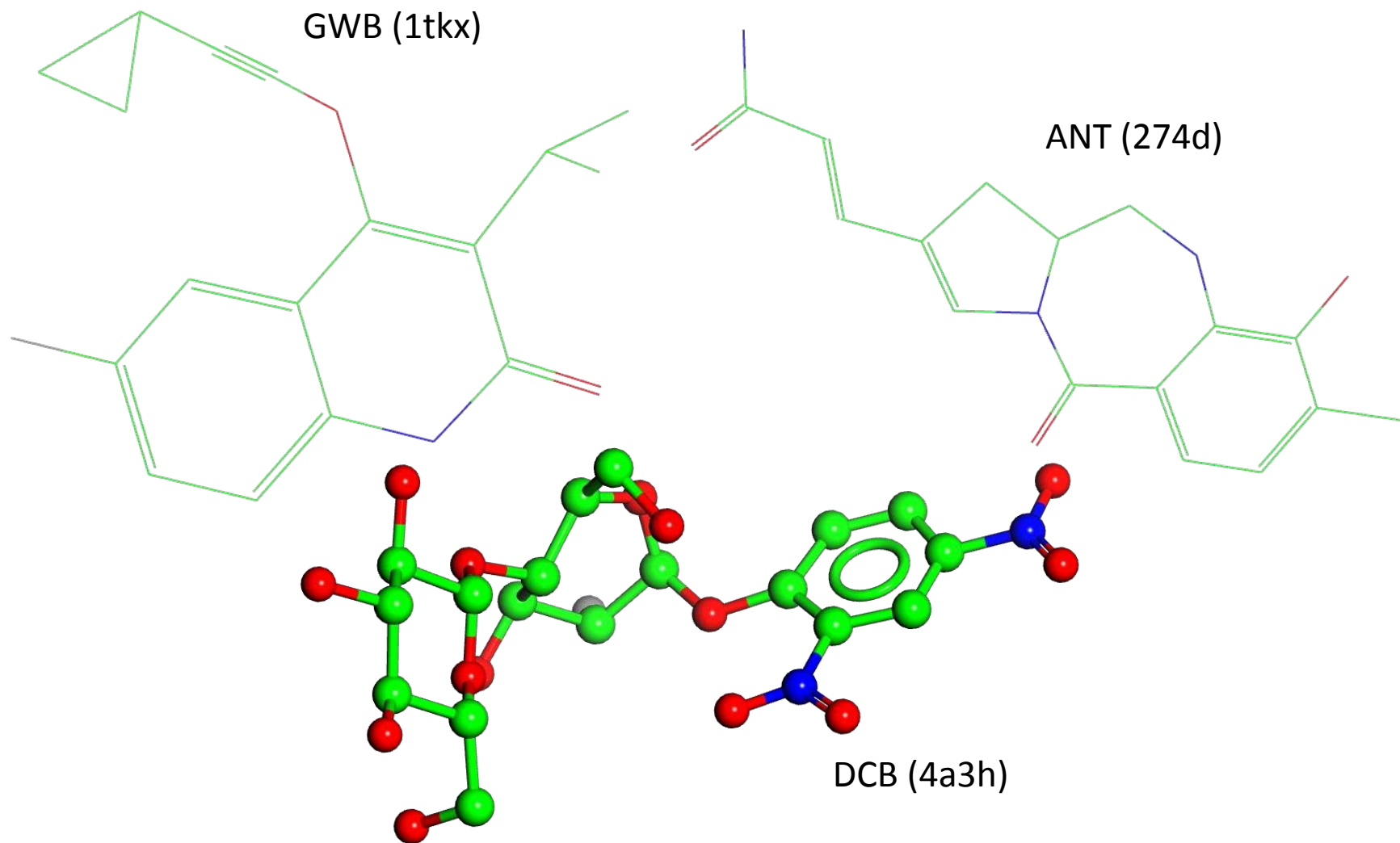
Worm scaled by B-factor



Bloboids



Multiple bonds



The program interface (introduction)

CCP4MG version 2.7.1

Drawing style

Colour

Atom selection

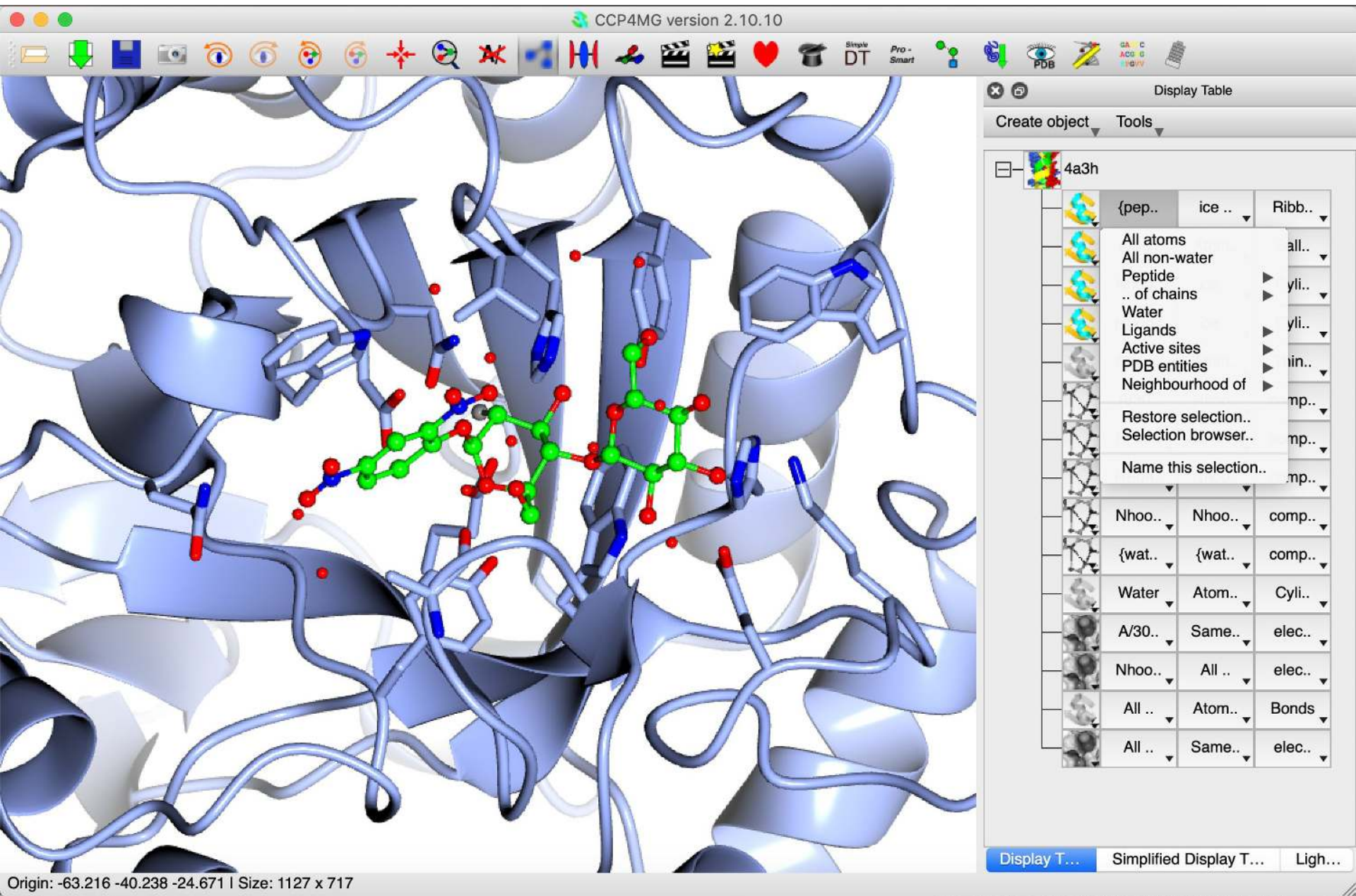
Data object

Display object

Display Table		
Create object	Style	Display
4a3h	CA t..	By c..
A/30..	Atom..	Ball..
Nhoo..	By c..	Cyli..
HBon..	By c..	Cyli..
Nhoo..	Atom..	Thin..
A/30..	Nhoo..	comp..
Nhoo..	Nhoo..	comp..
HBon..	Nhoo..	comp..
Nhoo..	Nhoo..	comp..
{sol..	{sol..	comp..

Atom Selections

- Simple atom selections may be made with menu entries:
 - All atoms, all peptide, ligands, ligand neighbourhoods, etc.
- Arbitrarily complicated selections may be made using the “Selection browser”:
 - Neighbourhoods of various atoms
 - Atom types, residue types
 - Residue ranges
 - Secondary structure elements
 - Individual atoms
 - Logical and/or/not of all the above



Select from4a3h

Replace (NEW)

current selection by

Show

all

of..

▶ Ligands

▶ Peptide

▶ Water

peptide and {not A/304(DCB)}

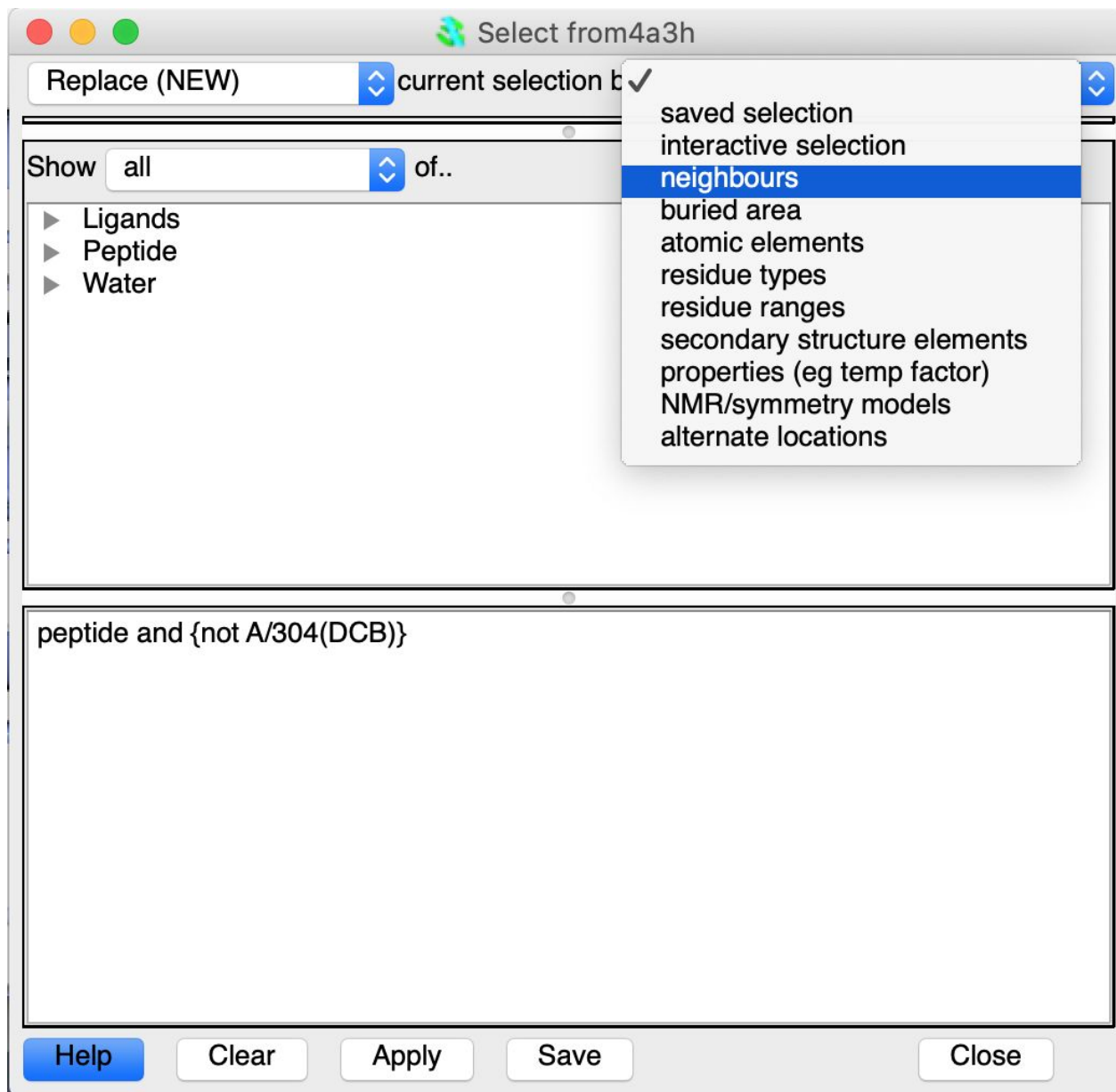
Help

Clear

Apply

Save

Close



Select from 4a3h

Replace (NEW) current selection by neighbours

Select residues within 4.0 of selection..

4a3h

Include

☐ the central selection ☒ water

☒ non-Hbonding groups

Select neighbours

Show all of..

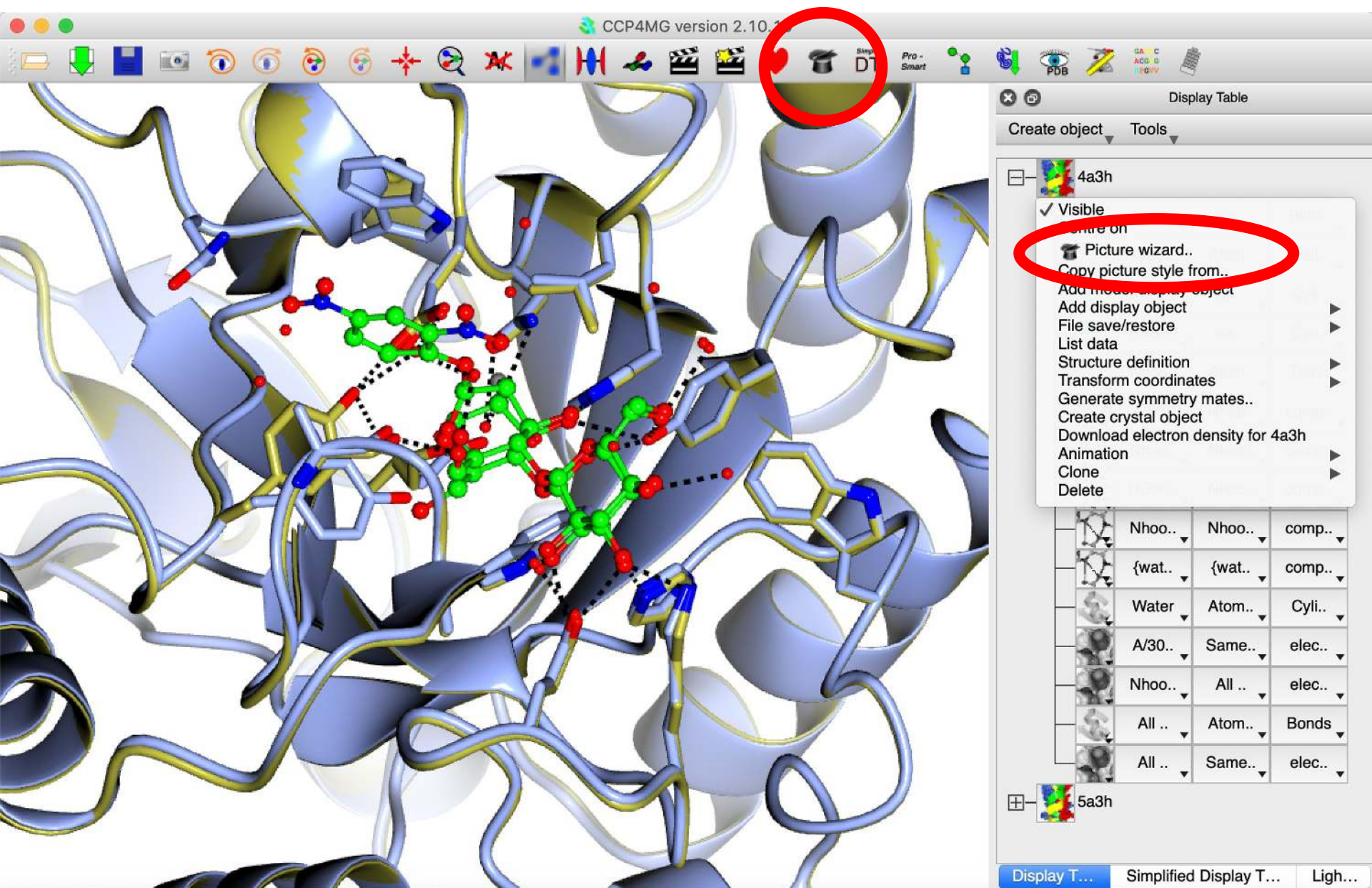
- ▶ Ligands
- ▶ Peptide
- ▶ Water

peptide and {not A/304(DCB)}

Help Clear Apply Save Close

Picture Wizard

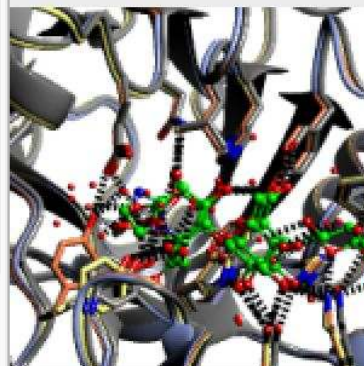
- The picture wizard is an automatic way of generating complex scenes with multiple selections, colouring, styles, etc.
- Representations are organised into various “styles”
- The picture wizard is shown at the top of the file browser window when a coordinate file is loaded, or can be accessed from the display table.



Picture wizard to apply to ALL VISIBLE models

☒ Delete any existing display object ☒ Recentre

- ▶ Bonds
- ▶ Ribbons
- ▼ Ligand binding site
 - Site and ribbons by chain
 - Site and broken ribbons by ch...
 - Site by chain
 - Site and ribbons by PDB file**
 - Site and broken ribbons by P...
 - Site by PDB file
 - surface by buried area
 - surface around ligand
 - surface electrostatics
- ▶ nucleic acid



Ligand binding site with peptide coloured by molecule.

The graphical objects are:

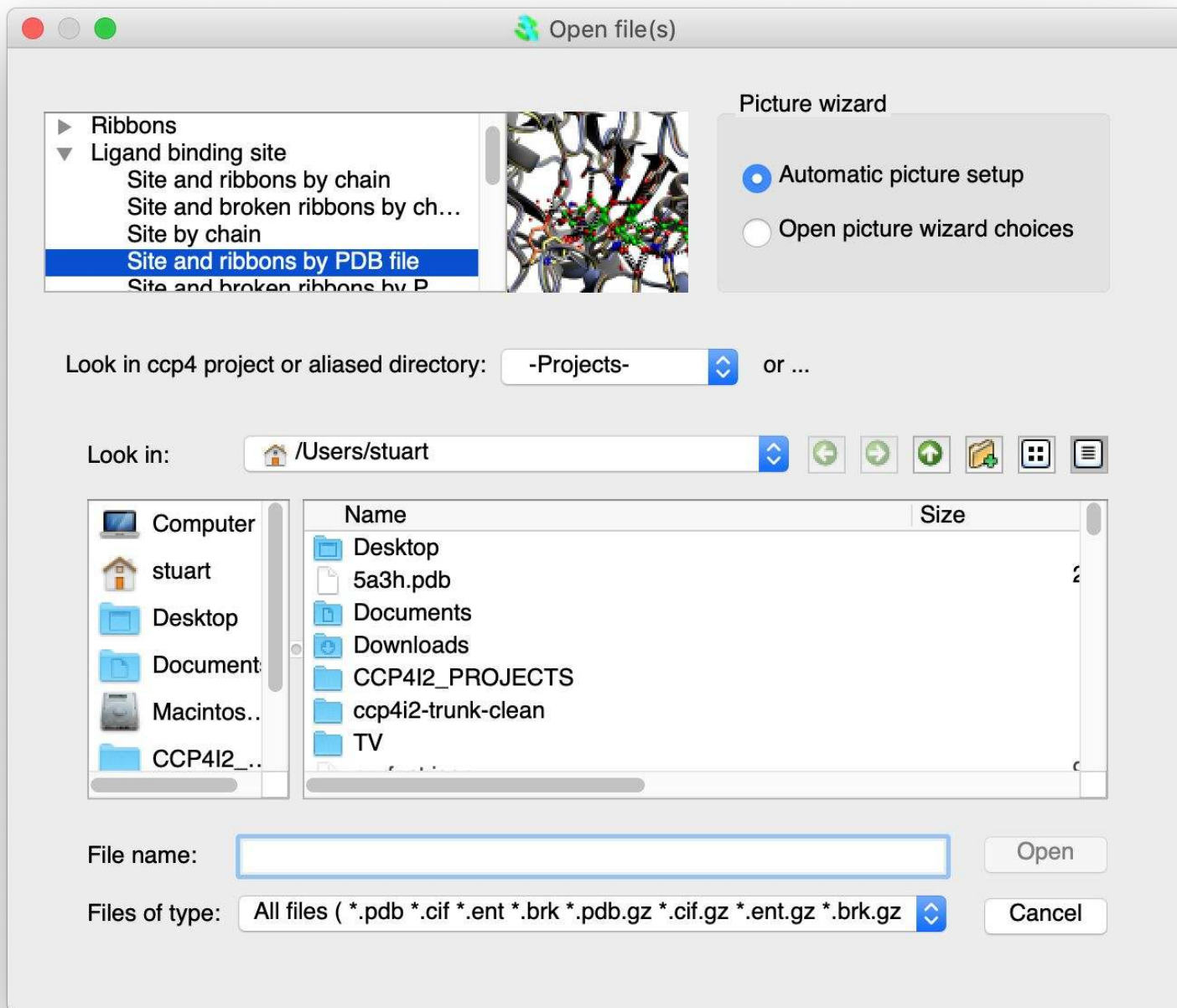
- The CA trace drawn as ribbon.
- One object for each selected ligand.
- The 'neighbourhood' side chains close to ligands.
- The 'neighbourhood' main chain and water within hydrogen

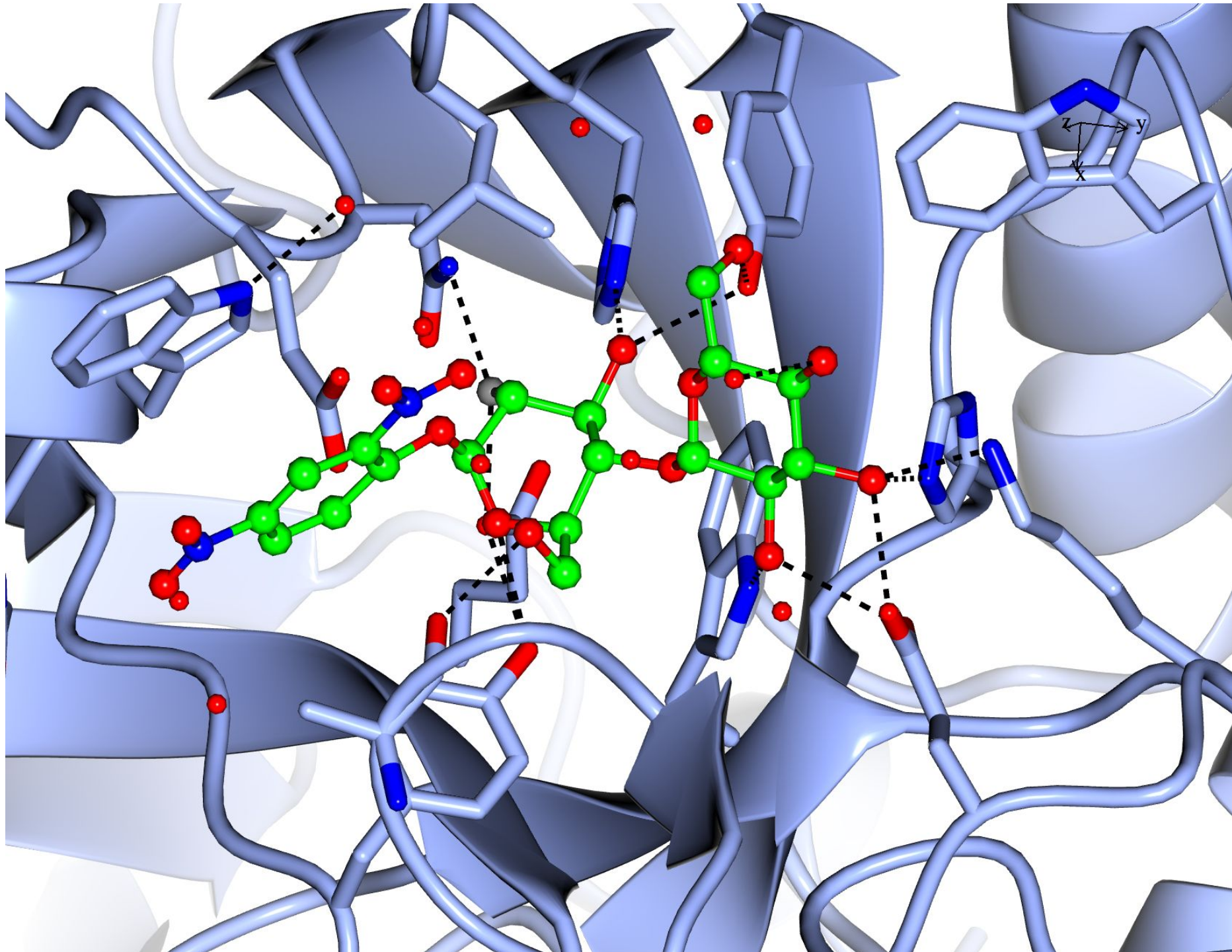
Only atoms in chain

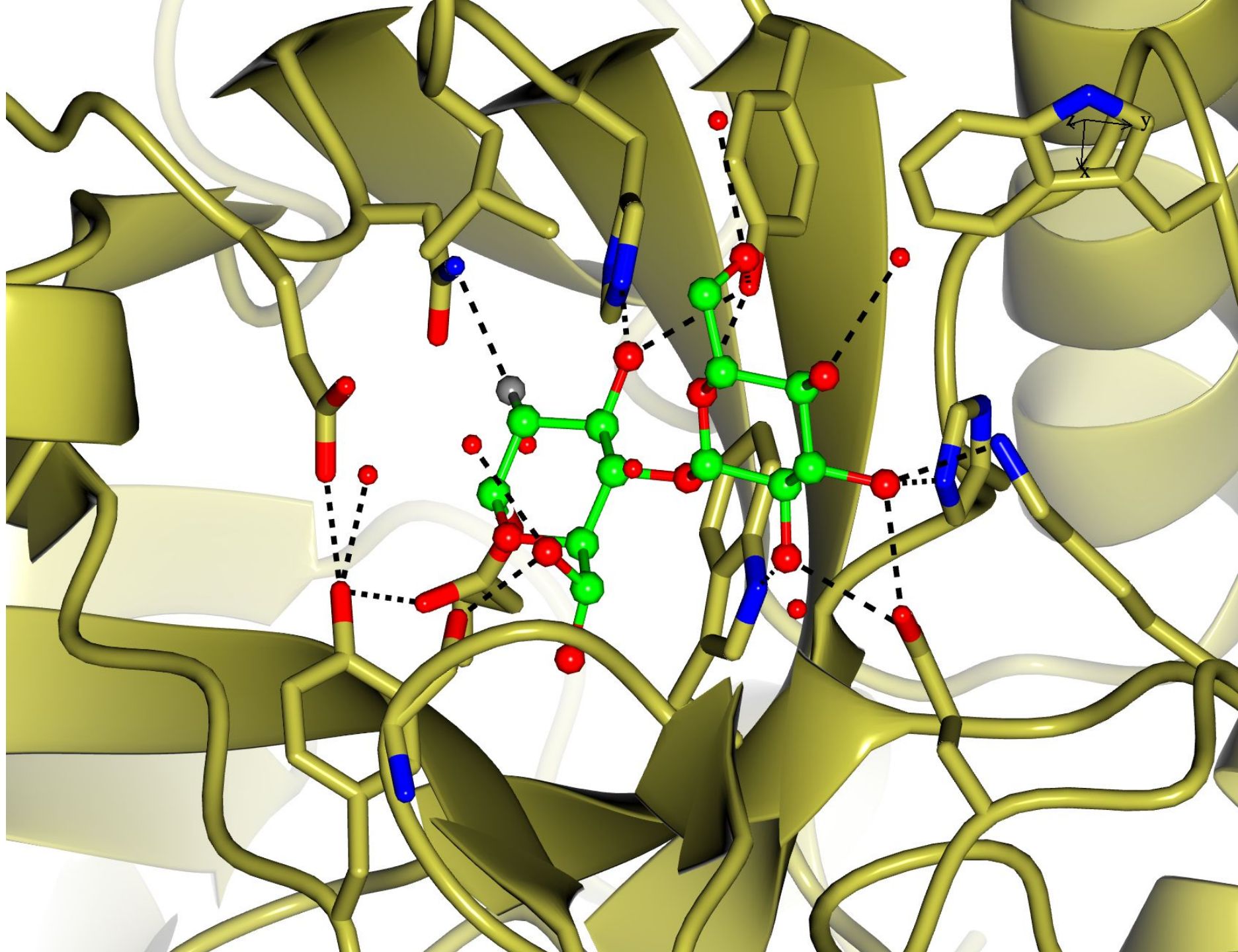
Help

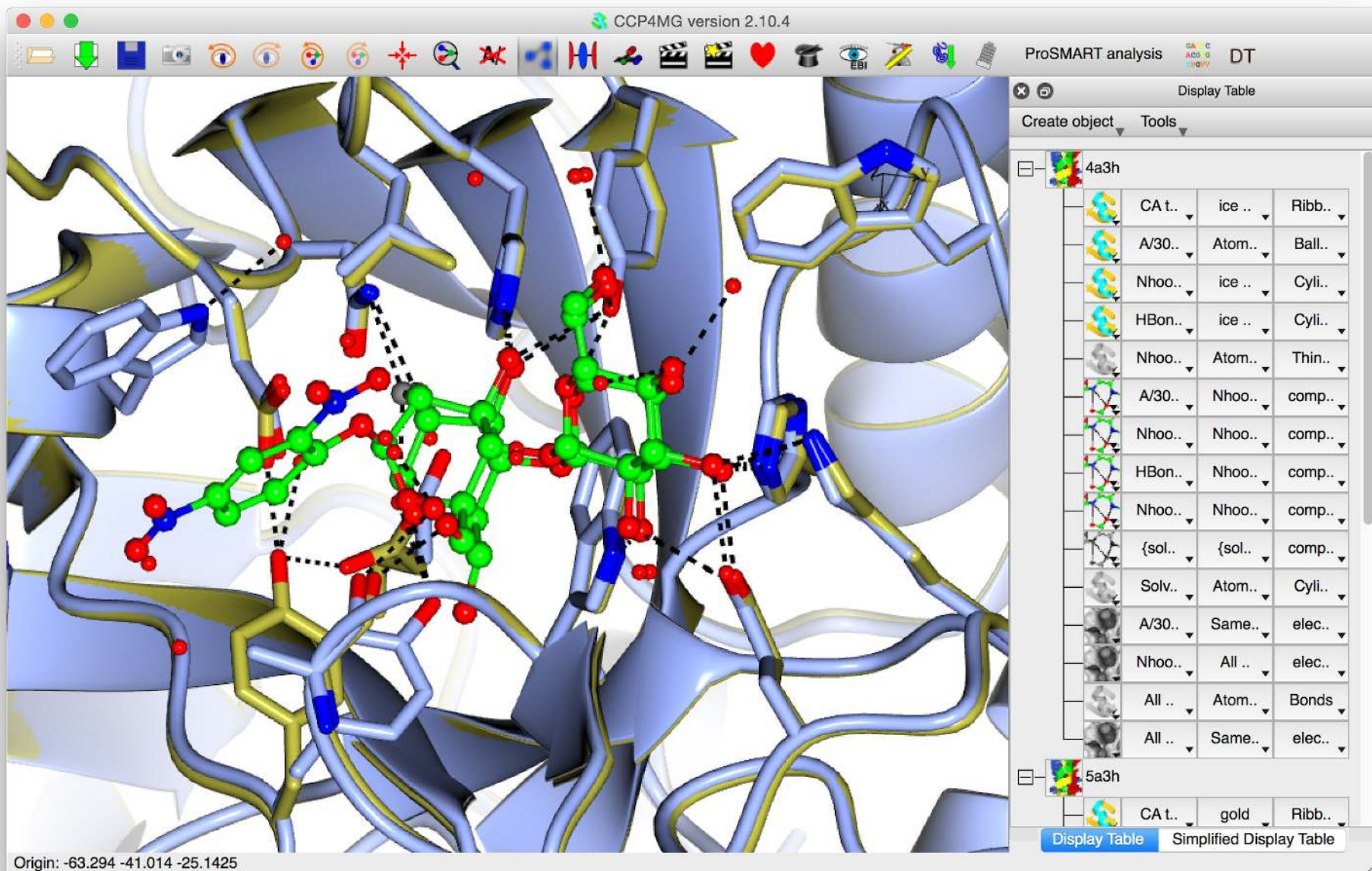
Create picture

Cancel



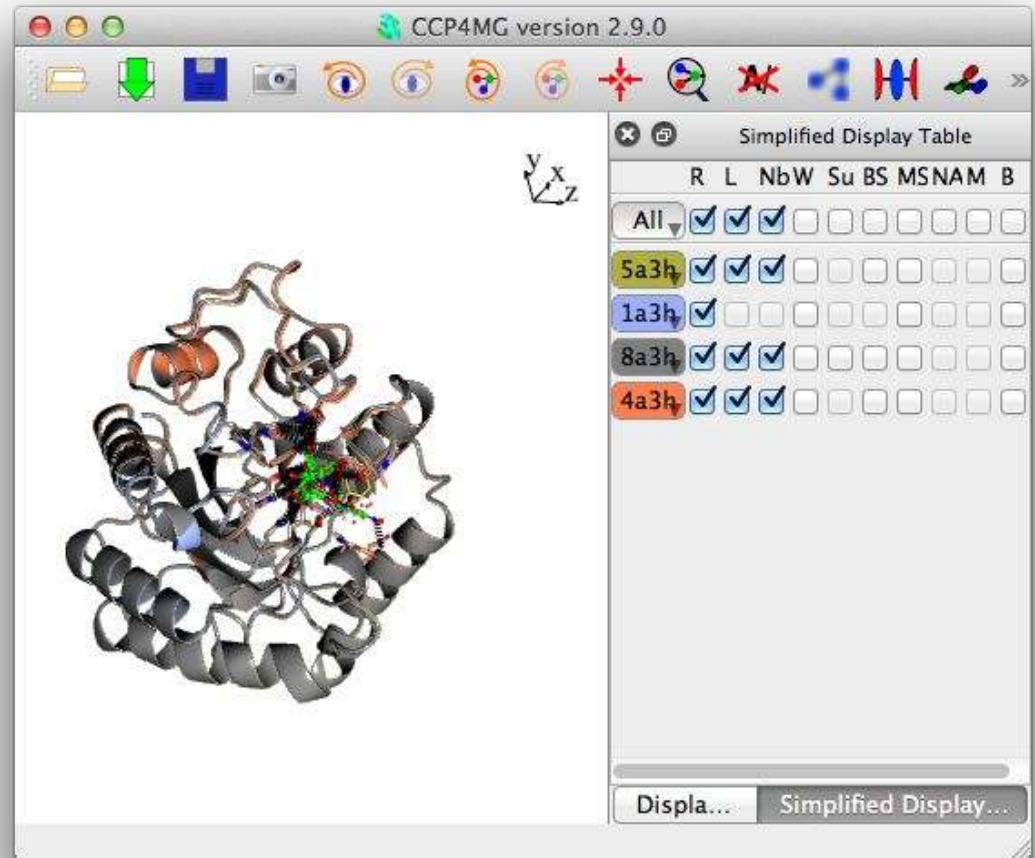






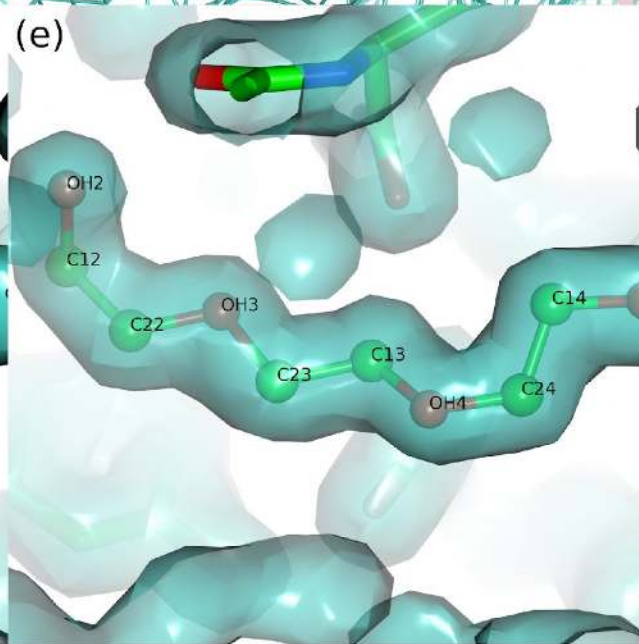
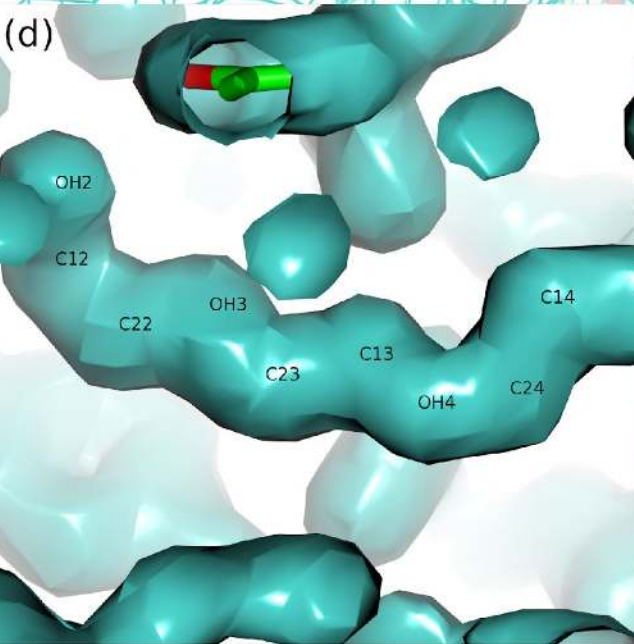
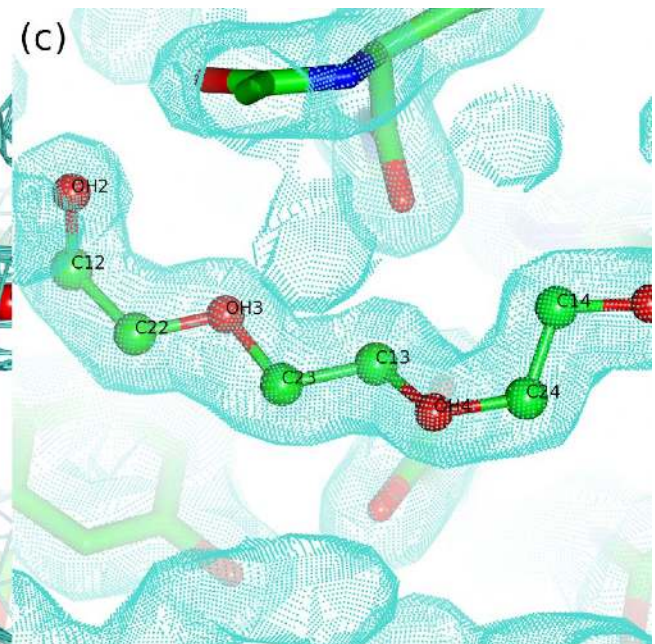
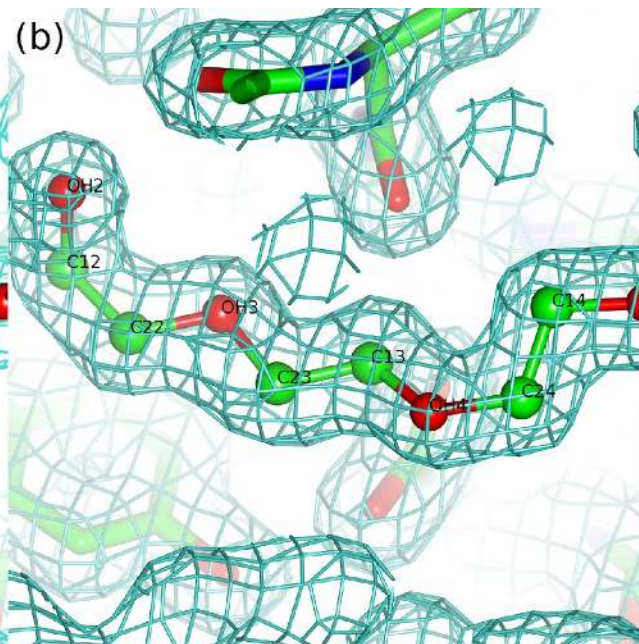
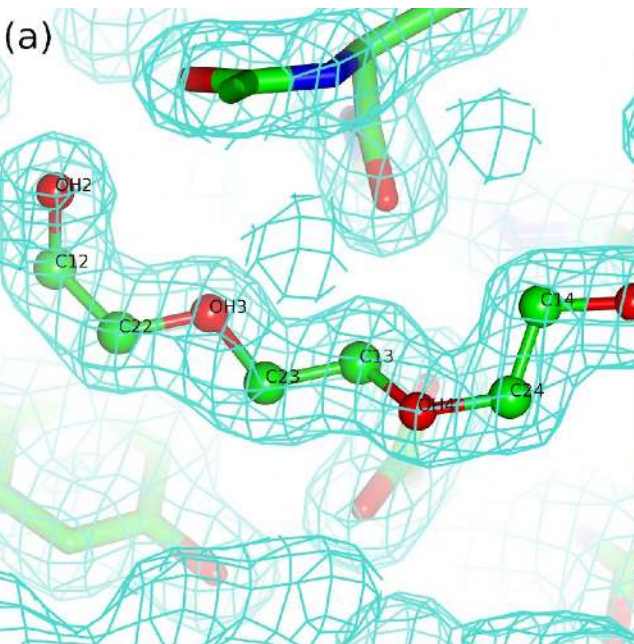
Simplified Display Table

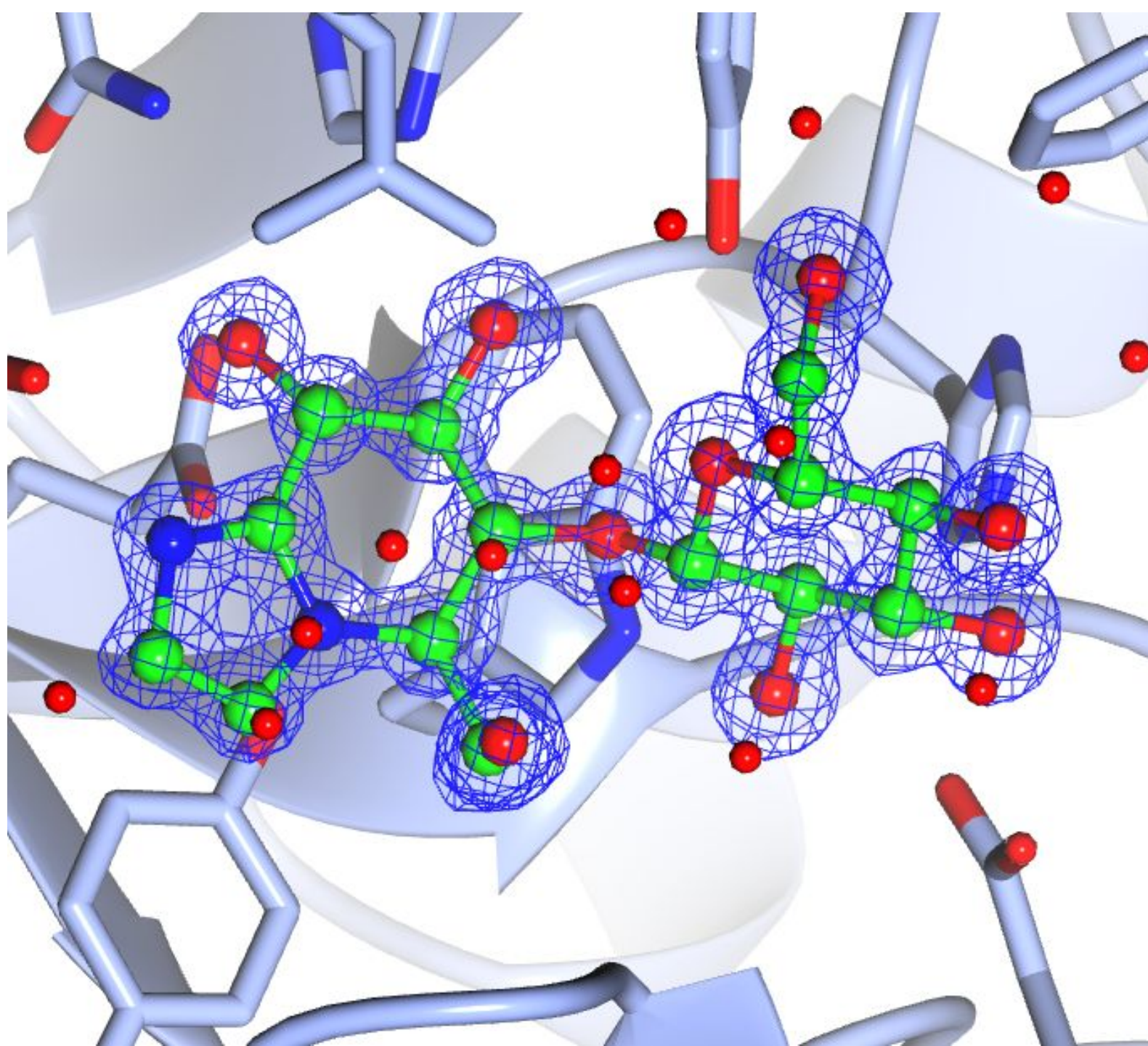
Tool for quickly turning on/off lots of related display objects. Particularly useful for looking at large numbers of similar files. (Not a replacement for "full" Display Table, but a useful alternative for some use cases).



Electron Density

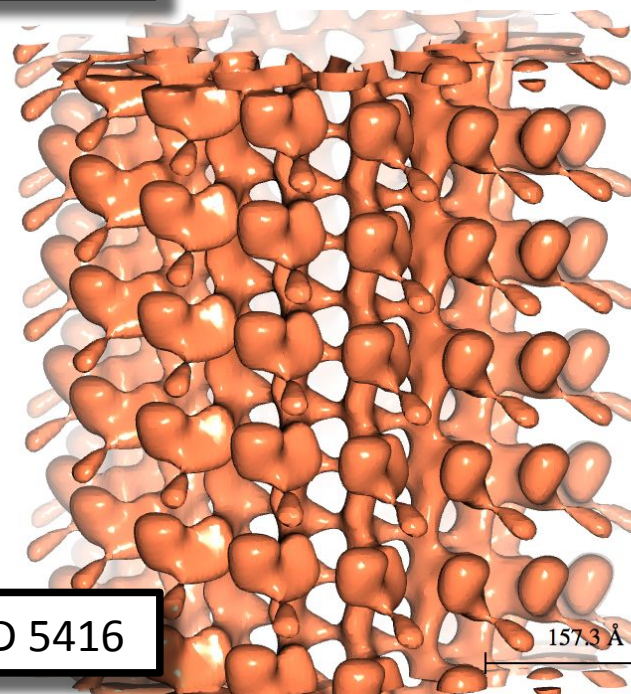
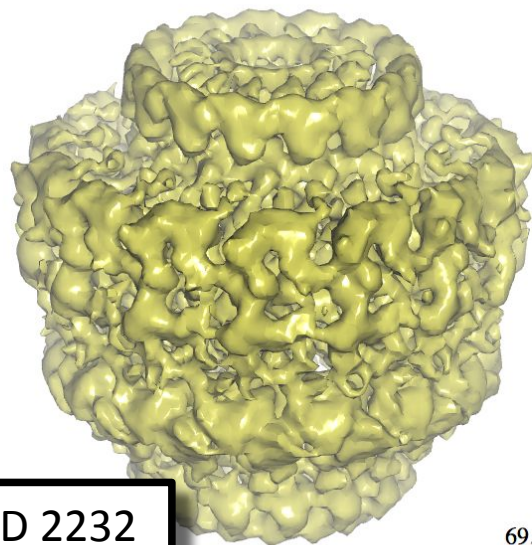
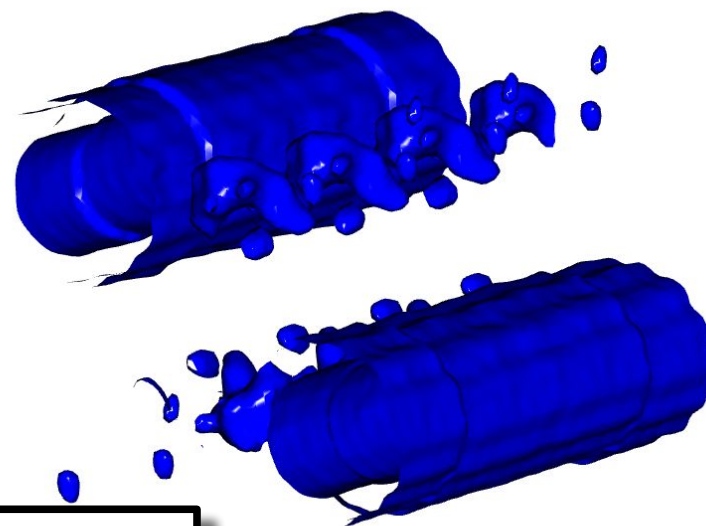
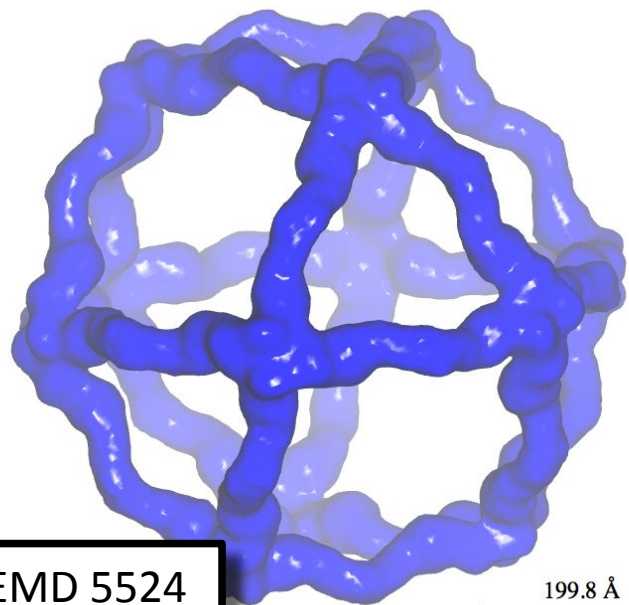
- Electron density maps can be read/created from any CCP4 supported file format, downloaded from PDB or generated from structure factors.
- Density can be represented as chickenwire lines, chickenwire cylinders, solid surface or dots.
- By default a 10Å parallelepiped of density at centre of screen is drawn, this size may be changed by user. The density is recalculated and redrawn when the viewpoint changes
- The density can be clipped to a set of atoms.

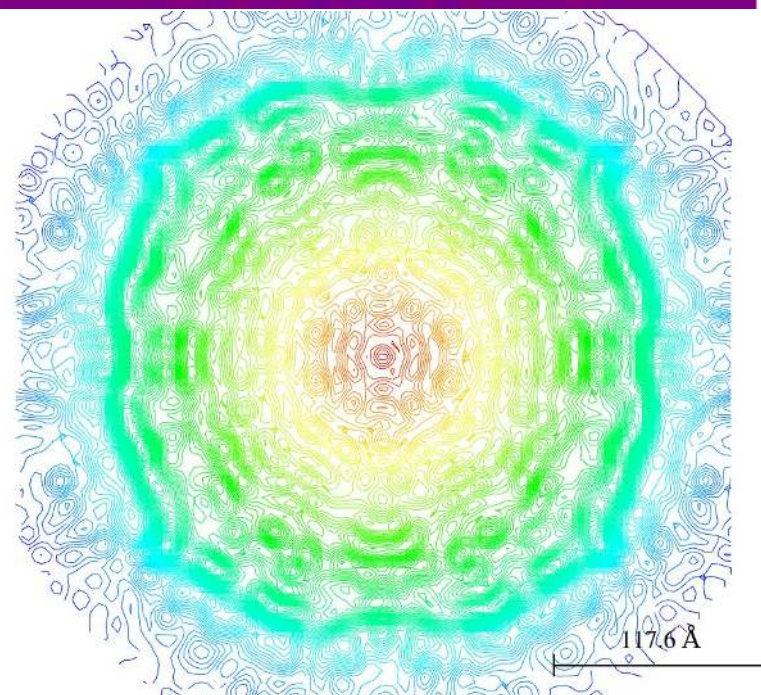
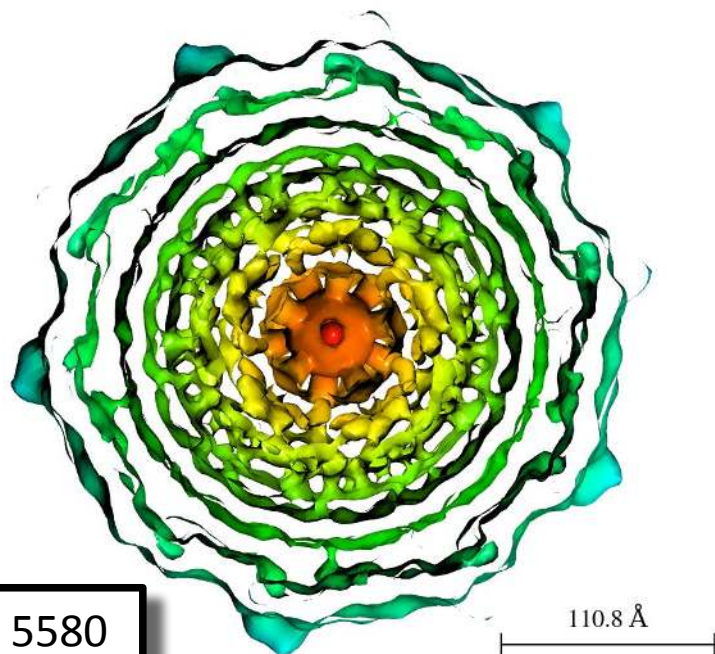
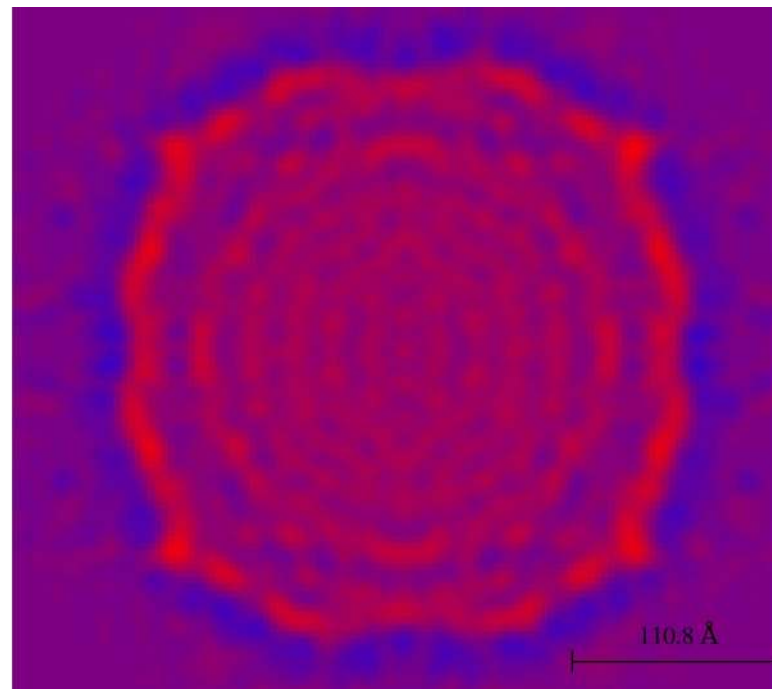
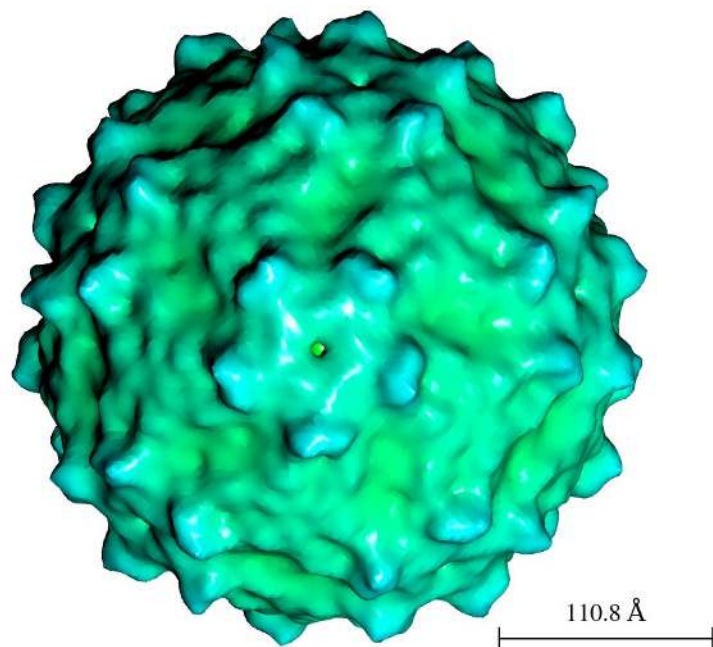




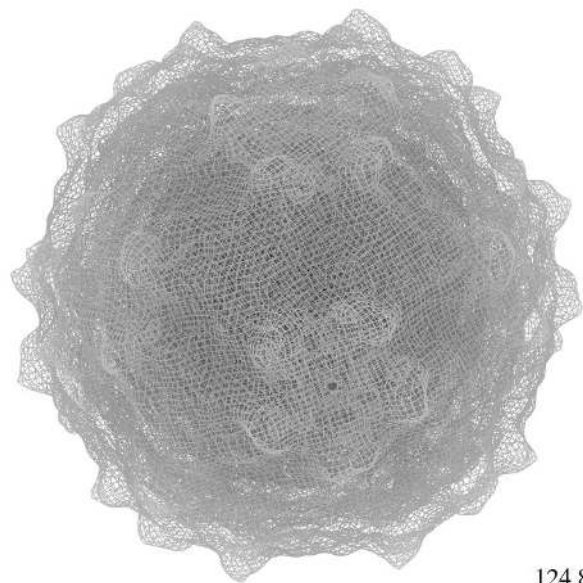
Electron Microscopy Maps

- CCP4MG can cope with 1000 angstrom sized maps.
- Maps from electron microscopy do not recalculate when moving view like X-ray maps. Massive speed improvement.
- Colour by distance from centre of map option – nice for virus maps.

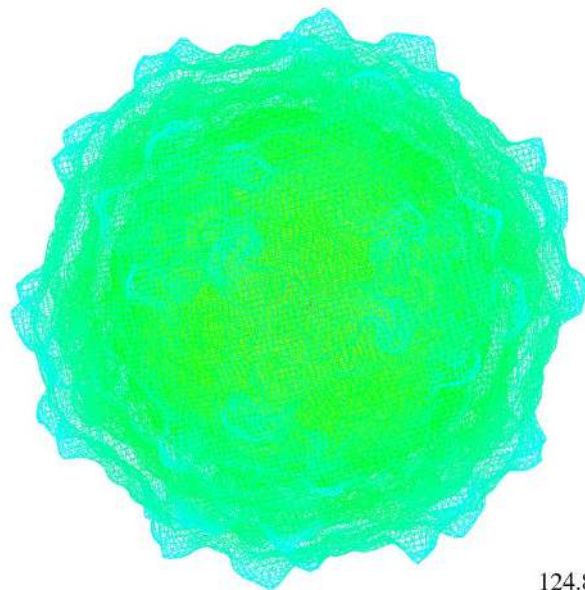




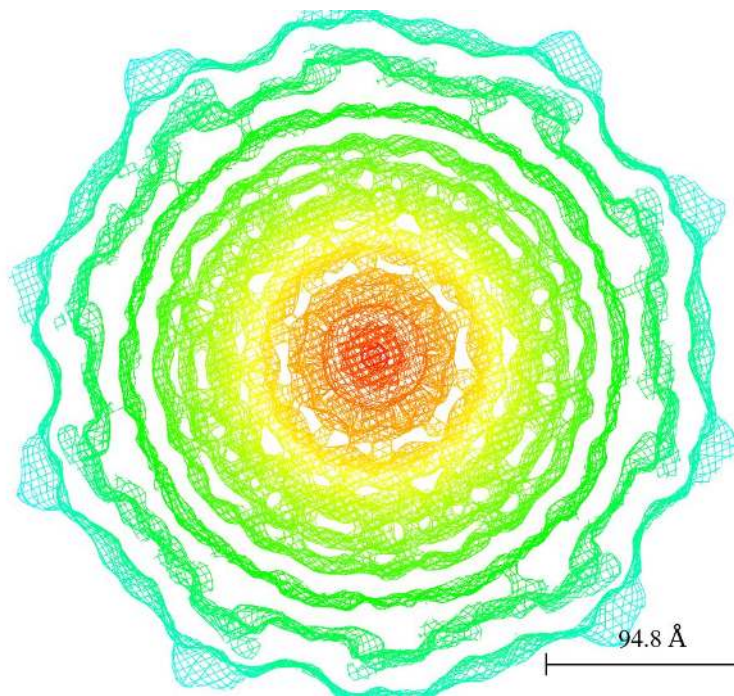
EMD 5580



124.8 Å



124.8 Å



94.8 Å

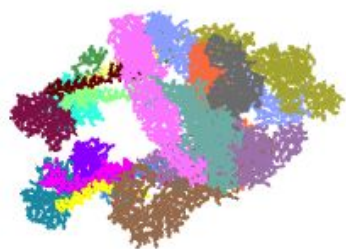
EMD 5580

Symmetry

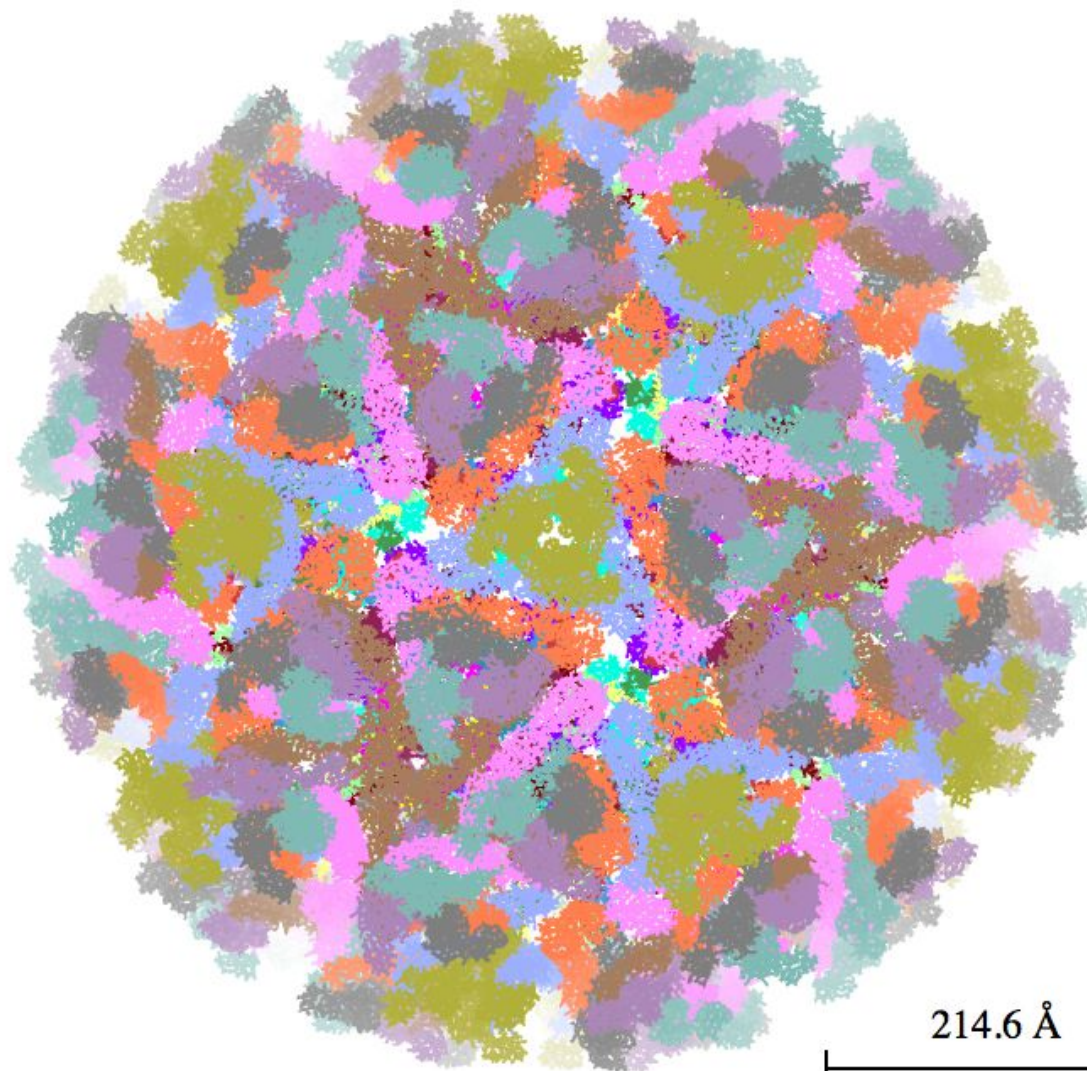
- Two ways:
 - Fast: Apply symmetry operations to objects which are drawn. “Continuous”, “About a point”, “unit cell”.
 - Not so fast: Create new display objects which can then have style, selections, etc. edited.

Biological Assemblies

- CCP4MG can parse the biological assembly information contained in PDB files.
 - Set of transformation matrices that create symmetry mates of model information to create a complete assembly.



214.6 Å



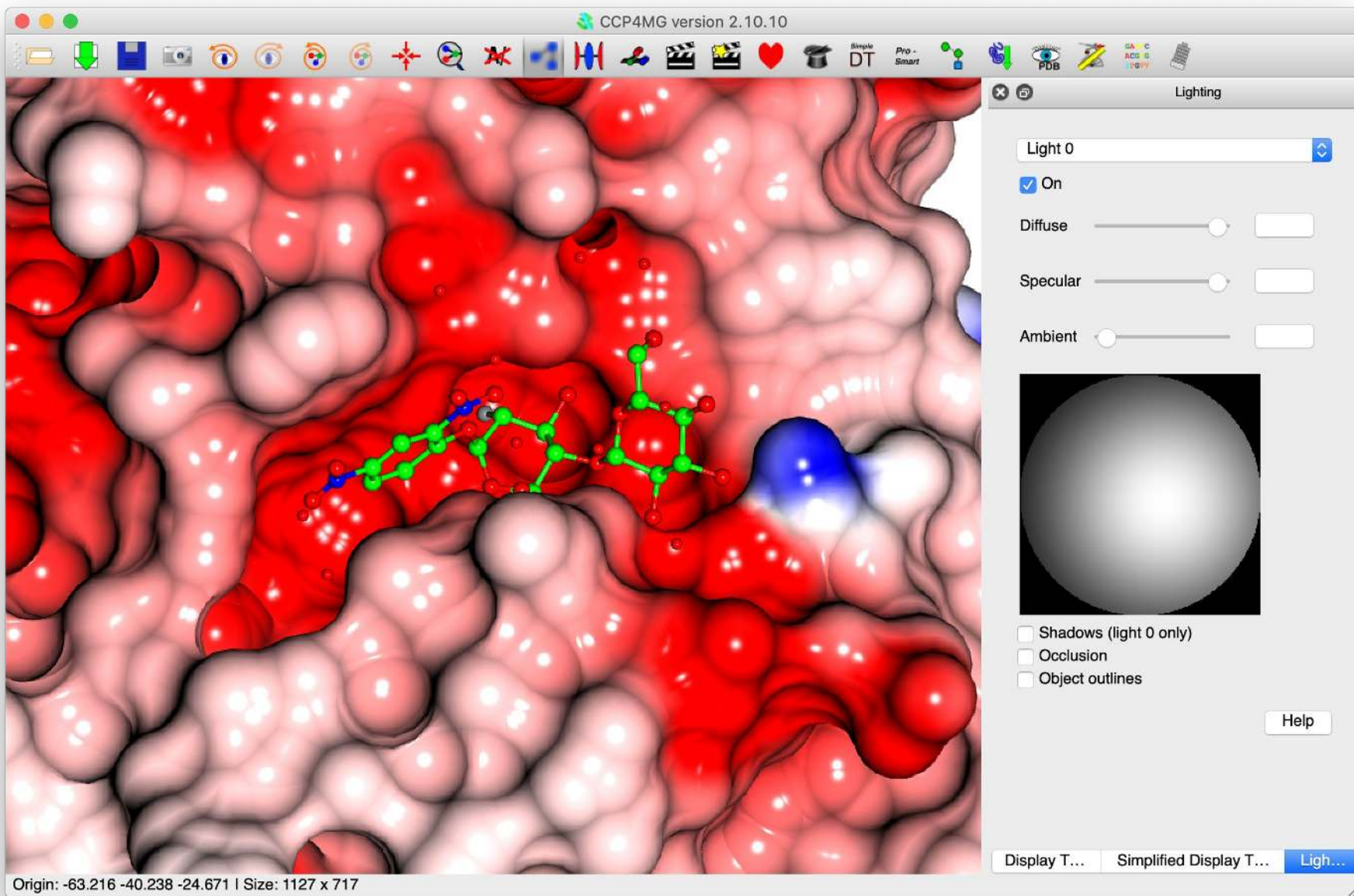
214.6 Å

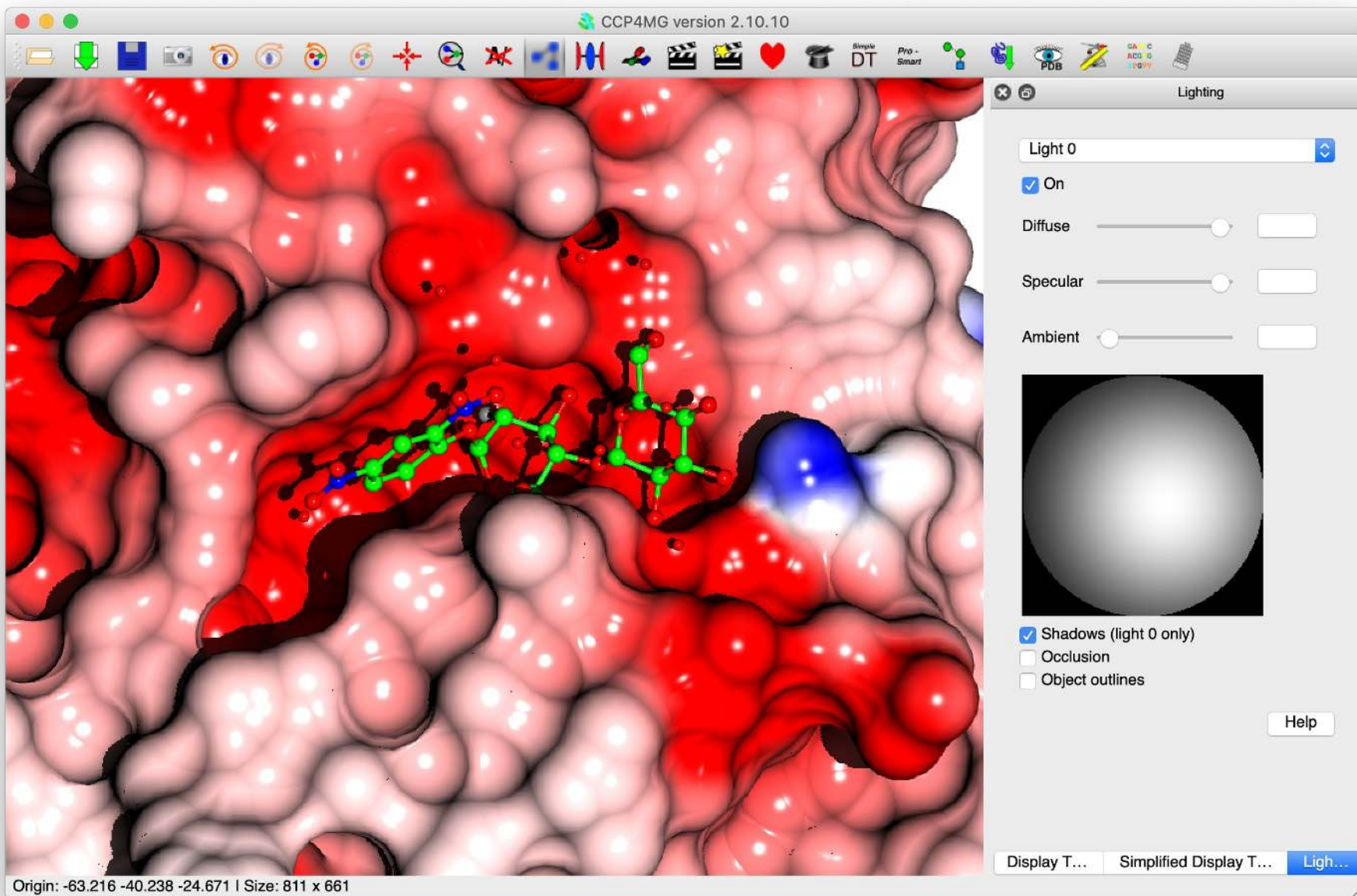


PDB 3j2w

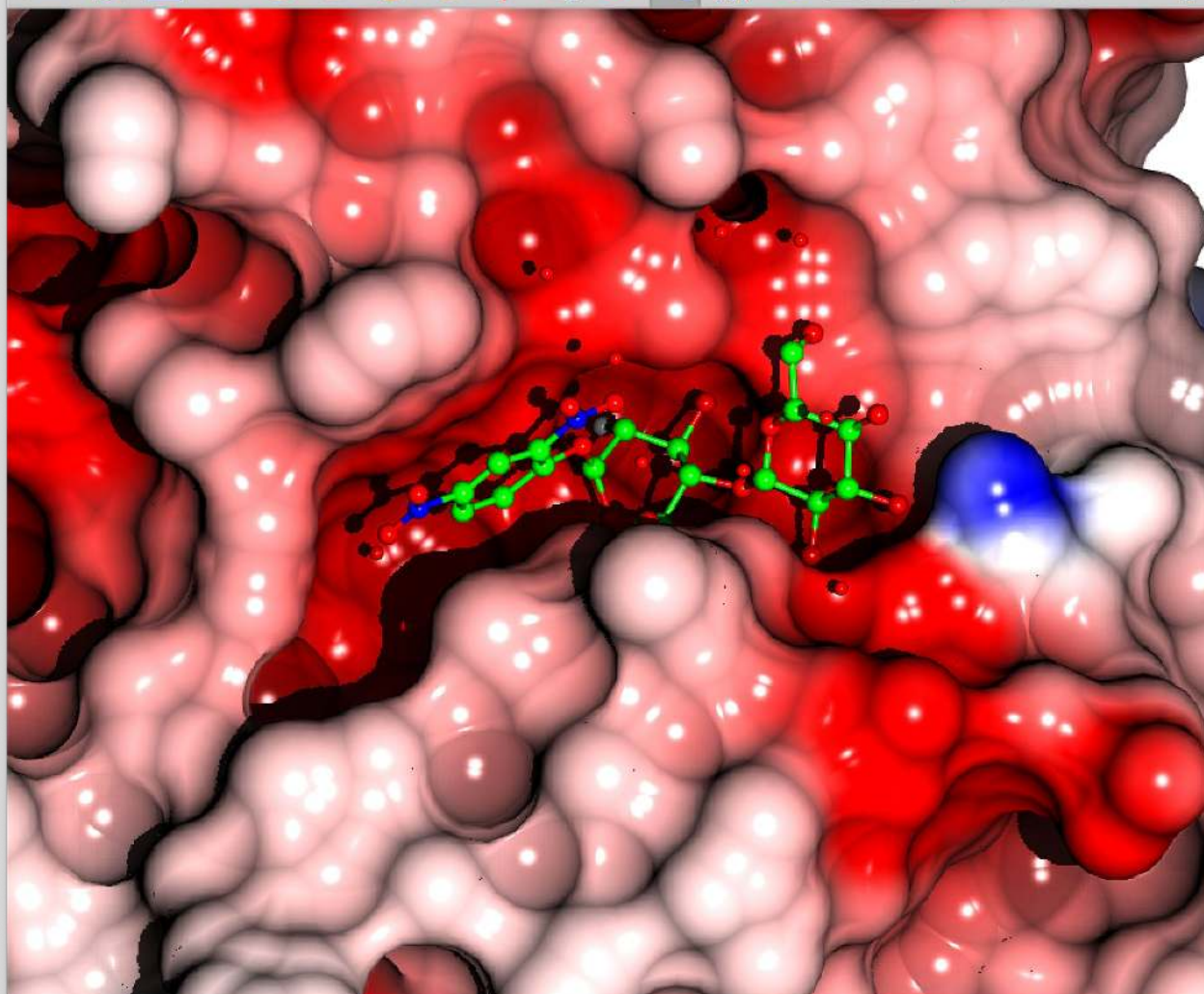
Shadows and Occlusion

- “Real-time” shadows, i.e. active all time in graphics window, not just when you “Render”.
- Occlusion is darkening of buried bits which are not exposed to as much light as exterior parts of macromolecules. Also a “real-time” effect.





CCP4MG version 2.10.10



Origin: -63.216 -40.238 -24.671 | Size: 811 x 661

Lighting

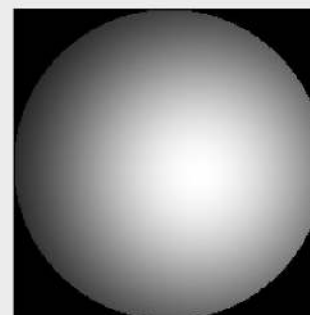
Light 0

☒ On

Diffuse

Specular

Ambient



☒ Shadows (light 0 only)

☒ Occlusion

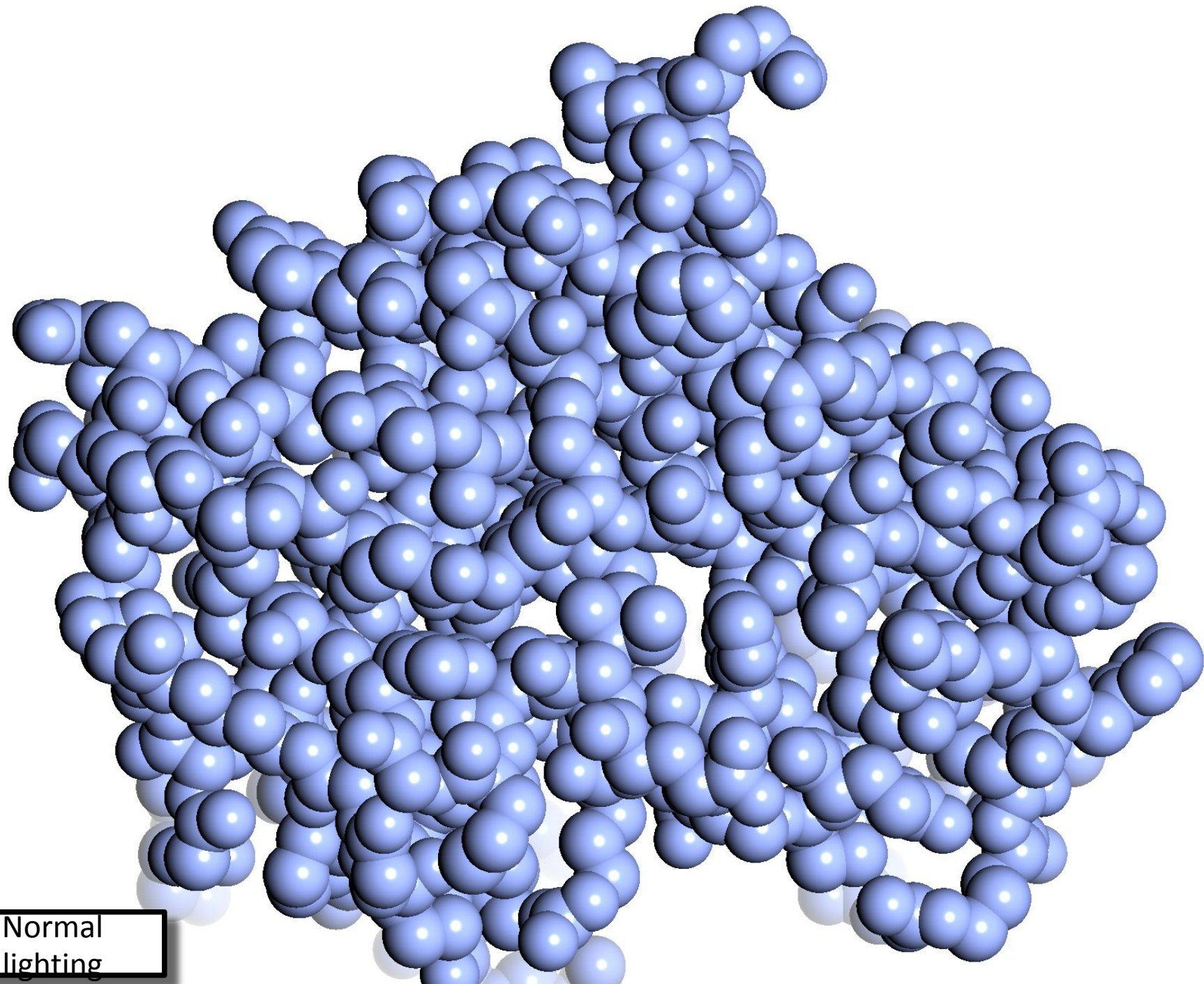
☐ Object outlines

Help

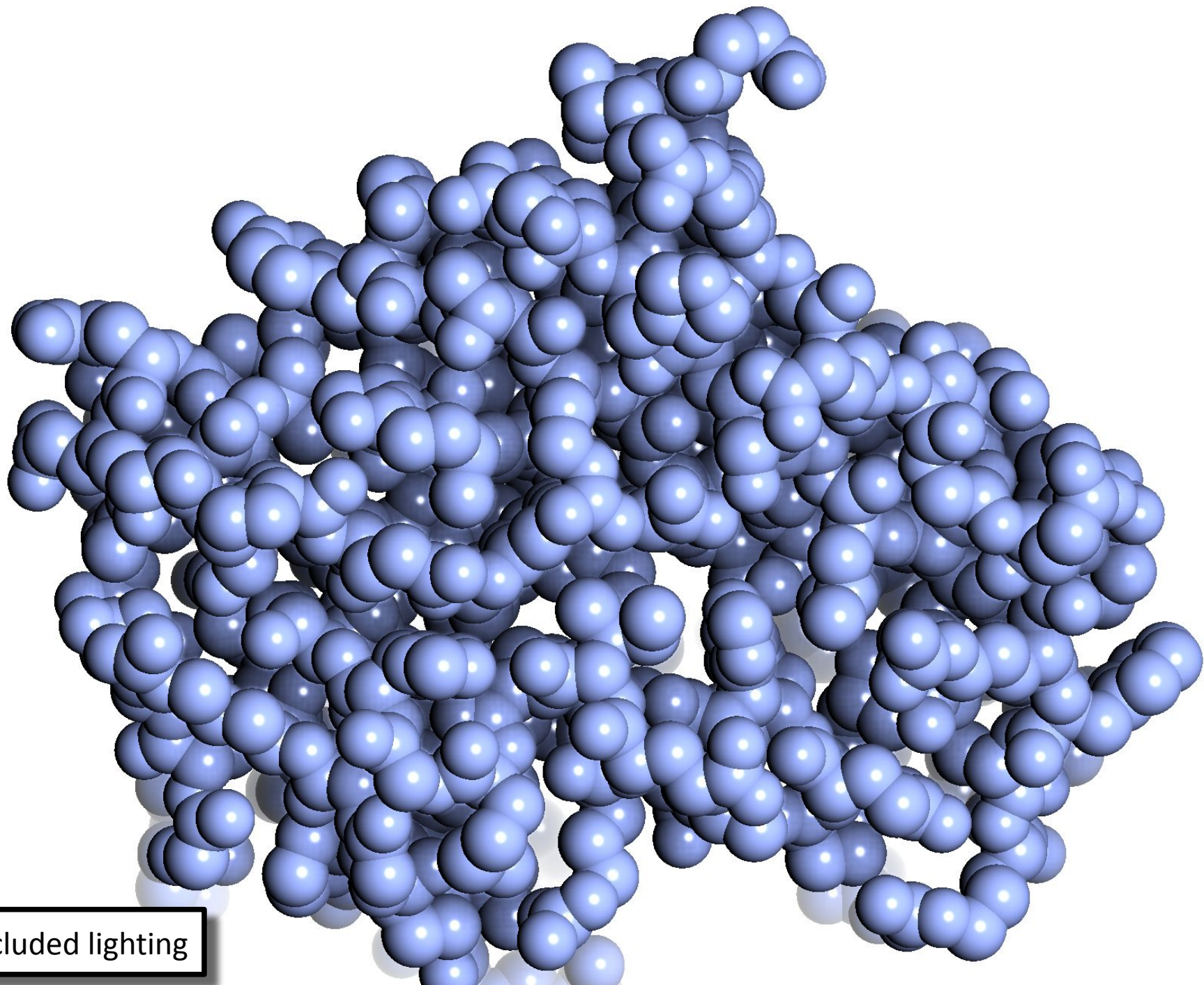
Display T...

Simplified Display T...

Ligh...



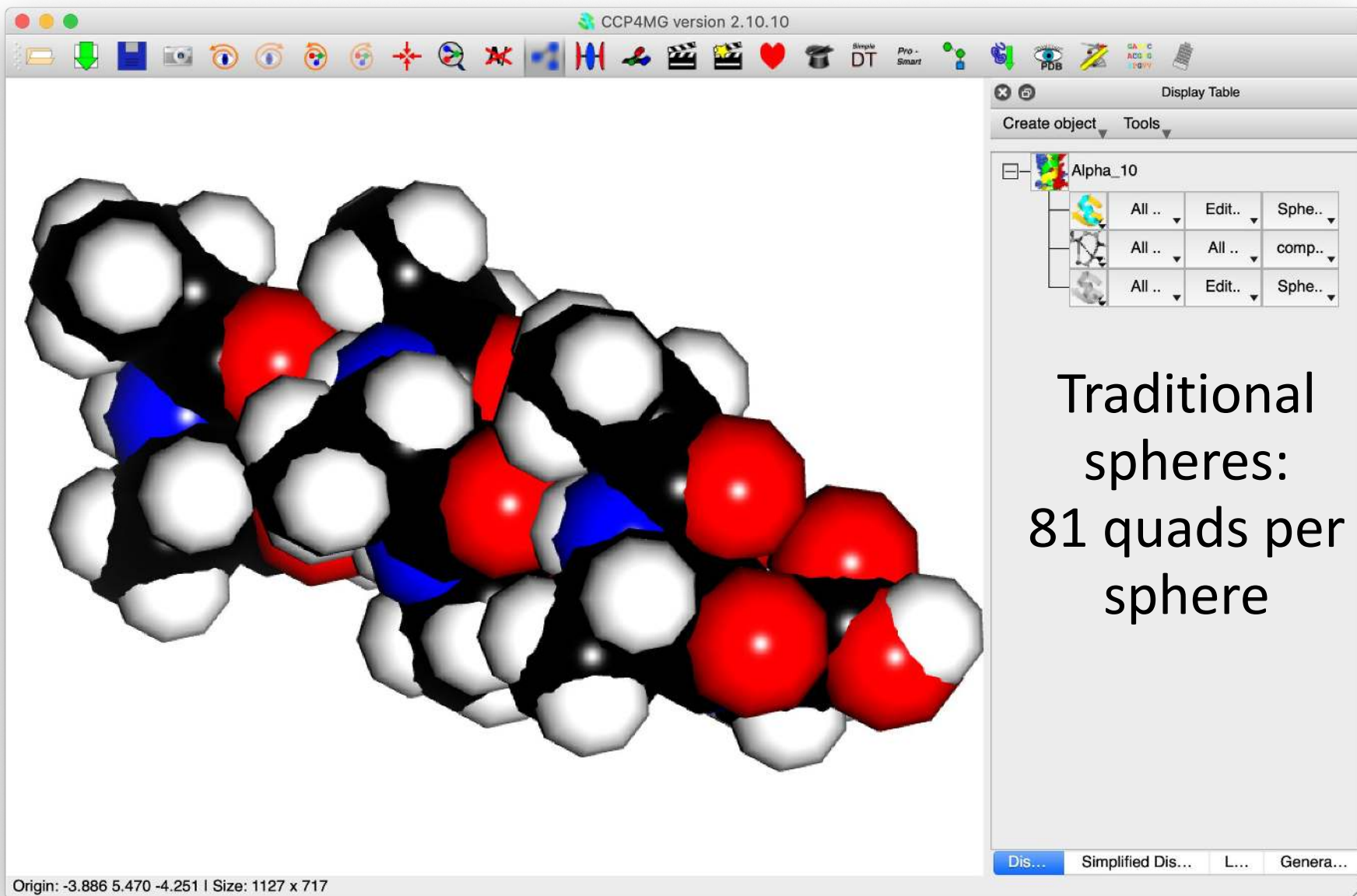
Normal
lighting

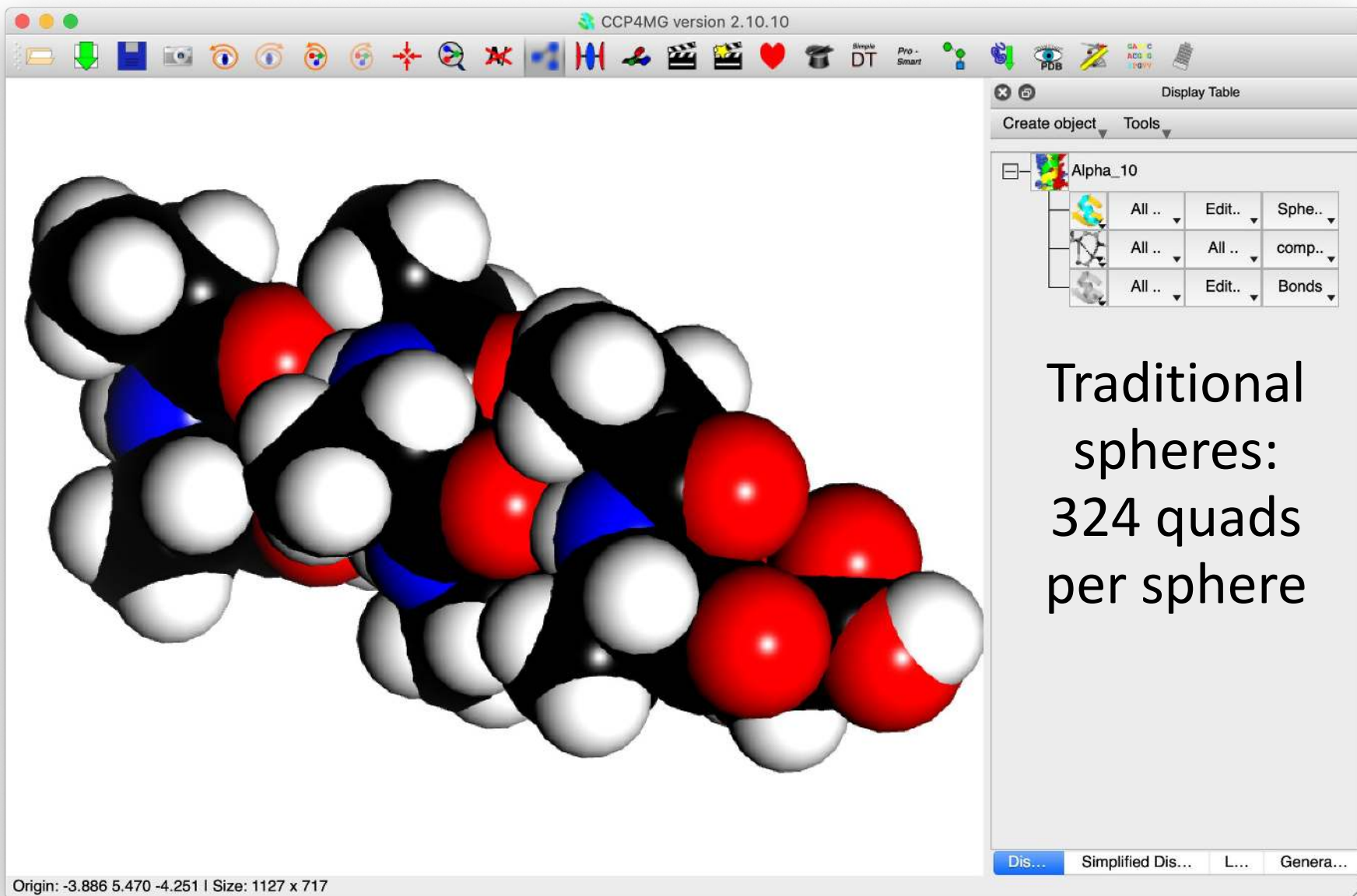


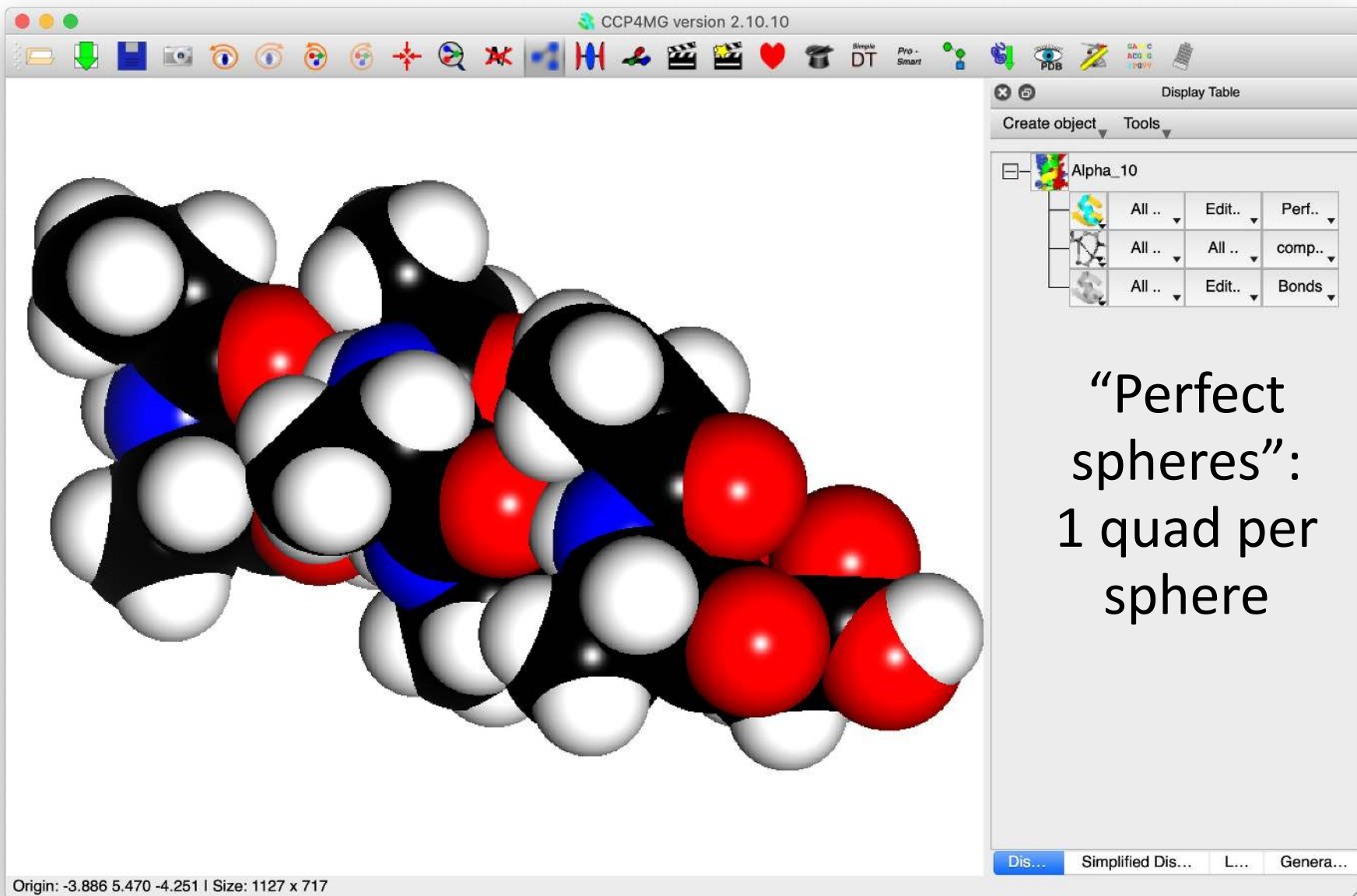
Occluded lighting

“Perfect spheres”

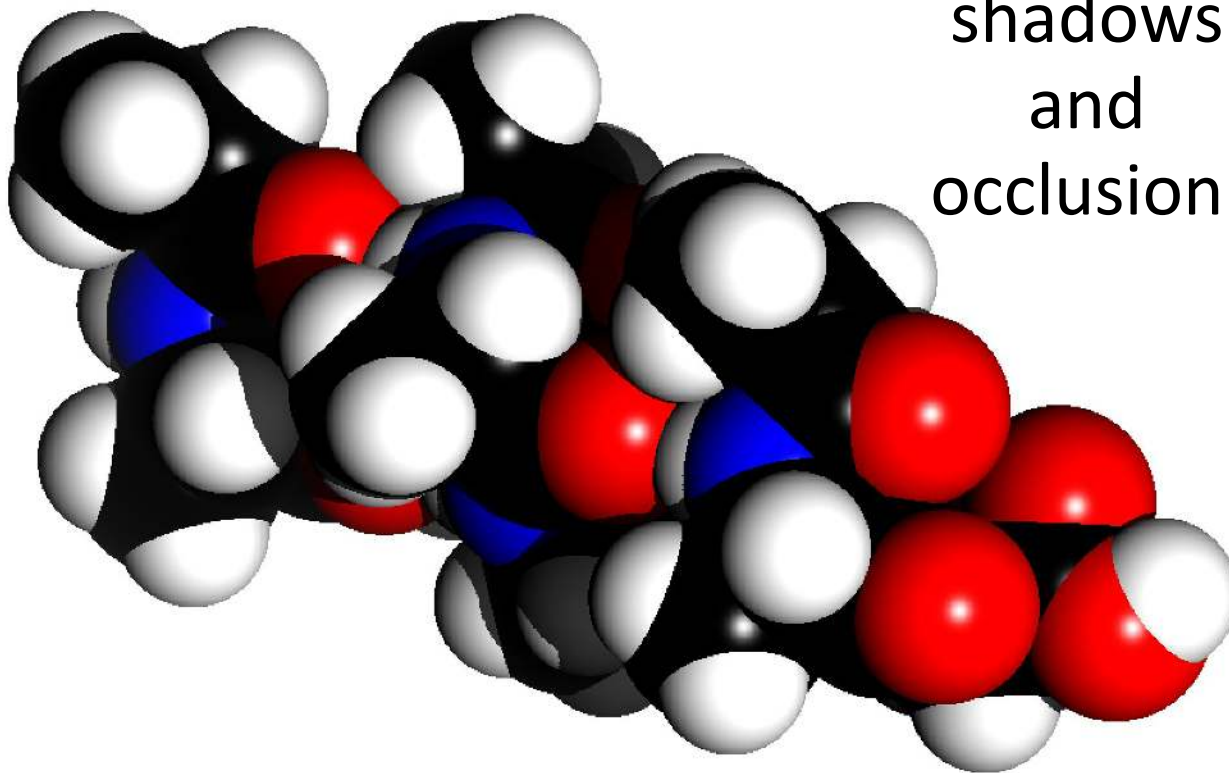
- “Ray-traced”, perfectly spherical spheres in main graphics window.
- 1 quadrilateral per sphere compared with traditional method with 81 (smooth) or 324 (deluxe) quads. So use much less memory. Further memory reductions are also possible with newer graphics cards, but this is not yet done.
- Faster when zoomed out, same speed (possibly slower) when zoomed in. Work needed to claw back some optimisations. (Could be less of a problem if e.g. Apple's drivers used more hardware features)







With
shadows
and
occlusion.



Origin: -3.886 5.470 -4.251 | Size: 811 x 661

Lighting

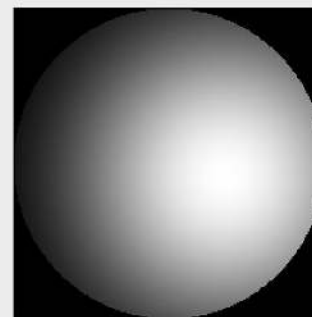
Light 0

☒ On

Diffuse

Specular

Ambient

☒ Shadows (light 0 only)☒ Occlusion☐ Object outlines

Help

Dis...

Simplified Dis...

L...

Genera...

Other Display Details

- All objects
 - May be visible/invisible
 - “Flash”
 - Be transparent with arbitrary opacity
- One can have multiple views (e.g. side-by-side stereo)
- Hardware/Zalman stereo.
- Depth-cueing fog, clipping, background colour and lighting are all user definable
- Lots of stuff is highly customizable (Edit->Preferences (Windows/Linux), QtMG->Preferences (Mac))

“Rendering”

- CCP4MG has two methods of producing final images:
 - Screenshot. A simple dump of the screen pixels is performed. Images may be up to ca. 8000x8000 pixels. *On most systems.*
 - “Rendering”. This uses a Renderman compatible renderer “Pixie”. Some aspects of these images are of much higher quality than the simple screen dump (spheres particularly). Better transparency with more than one transparent object is possible.

Render vs. Screenshot

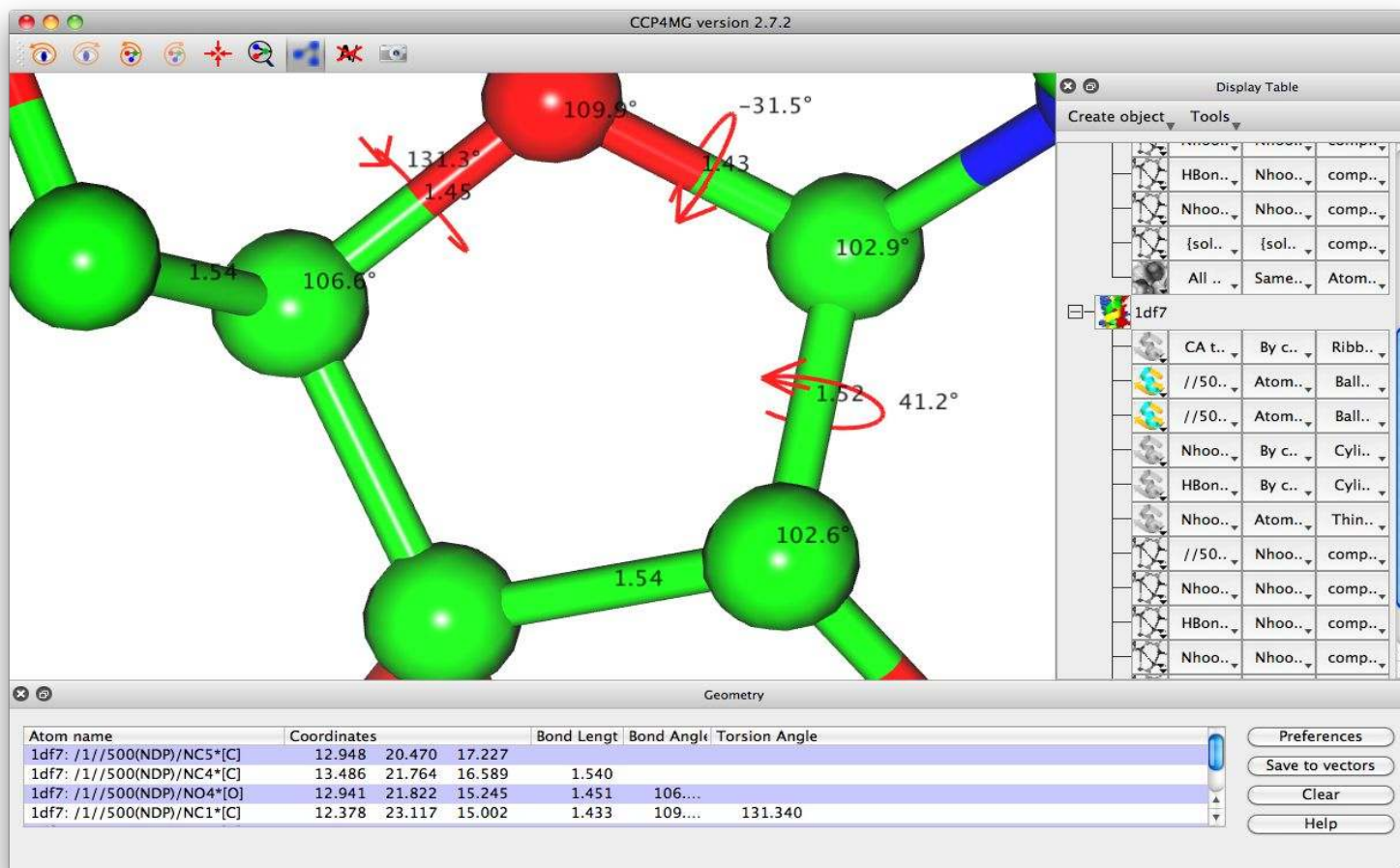
- Real-time shadows and occlusion and “perfect spheres” mean OpenGL is now arguably a better choice for rendering than “Render” module.
- Screenshot pros:
 - Shadows make “Render” slow, but bearable.
 - Ambient occlusion makes “Render” really, really slow.
 - Darkness of OpenGL shadows could be changeable, “Render” ones are simply very black.
 - Much faster. 1DF7 ribbon + sphere ligand + shadow + 2x supersampling: 84s “Render”, 3s screenshot.
- Screenshot cons:
 - OpenGL shadows can be too soft and fuzzy with large structure.
 - “Perfect spheres” are not anti-aliased (smoothed) - so not so perfect!). This can be worked around (now) by taking screenshot at larger size (2x, 4x, etc.), though this ought to be automatic.
 - Render handles multiple transparent objects properly. (Work in progress to make OpenGL renderer cope with multiple objects.)
 - Screenshots do not work with all graphics drivers

“Batch” rendering

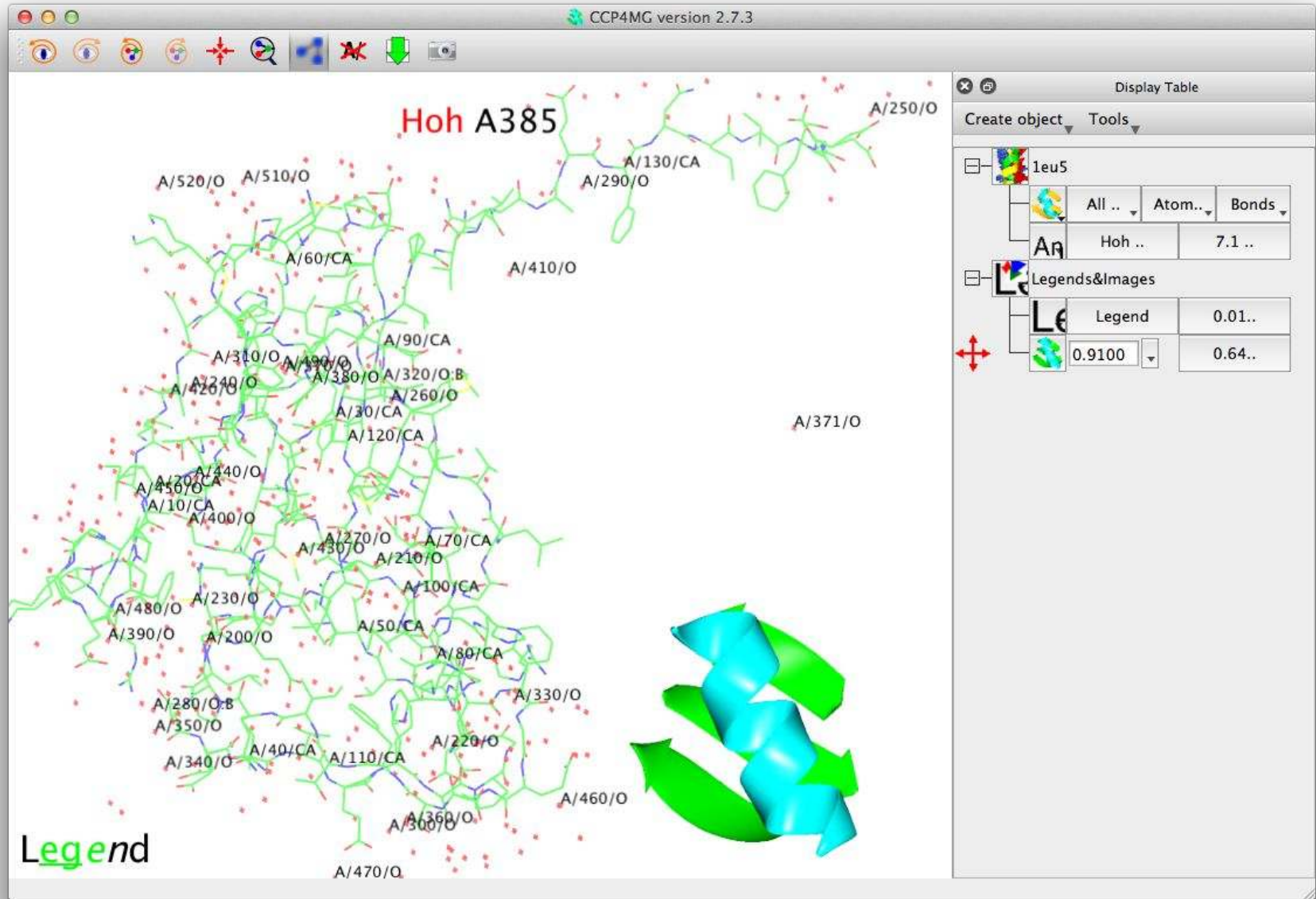
- Images may be rendered from command line or from scripts without starting up the main program.
- `ccp4mg -norestore -picture
mypic.mgpic.py -R test.png -RO
'{"size":"1600x1600","smoothribbons":
"1", "raytrace":"1"}' -quit`
- The file `mypic.mpic.py` is a file containing a scene description: lists of data files, representations, view, etc.

Distances and angles

- Double-click on one atom then another to measure bonds.
- Shift-double click on other atoms will measure angles.
- Results appear in table below and in graphics window.



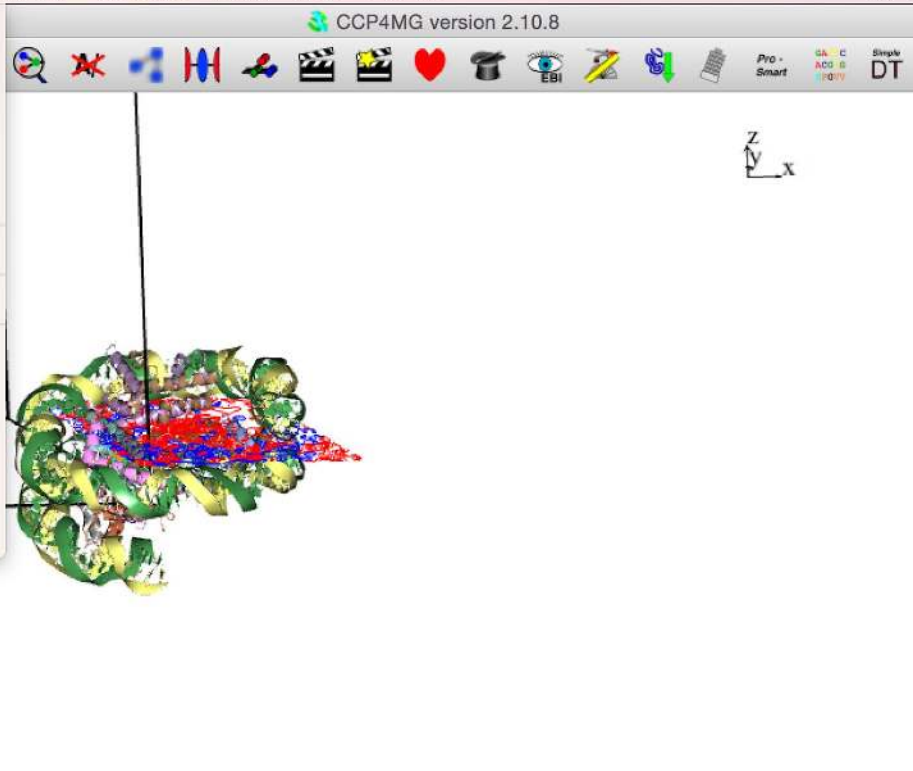
On screen text and images



Online data access

- Download PDB files (PDB)
- Download MTZ files (PDB)
- Download Structure Factors (PDB)
- Download EM map files (EMDB)
- Download PDB-REDO PDB/MTZ
- Blast searches (EBI)

- Open.. %O
- Recent files
- Download coordinates..
- Download Structure Factors..
- Download electron density
- Download PDB_REDO data
- Edit/show presentation
- Close all data
- Get tutorial data
- Save status to file.. %S
- Save as default status.. %S
- Save all visible to file..
- Screenshot
- Print screen %P
- Save Archive
- Render %R



Display Table

Create object Tools

Crystals		
Xtl ..	Crys..	Symm..
Xtl ..	Crys..	Symm..
Xtl ..	Crys..	Symm..

NEM39xDXbHcRdnaWL

5B40

5a3h_sigmaa

5a3h_stuart

5B40

Display Table Simplified Display Table

NEM39xDXbHcRdnaWL_A

5B40_A

5B40_B

5B40_C

5B40_D

5B40_E

5B40_F

Run blastp on this sequence locally

Run blastp on this sequence on EBI server

Run MrBUMP to find search models with 100% cutoff

Run MrBUMP to find search models with 70% cutoff

Previous MrBUMP runs

Delete MrBump results

SVVEREQLSISNGELVNEGQVQLQMSSEGLQNYGQFVNYESMVLDDNGINVF AAMITSSGGYIDDPVAKVSAVERAIDLOITVIIDWHILSDNPNIYEEA DFFDMSELGATPNVITIA

LQSSAVMALQASAYLVGLFEDTNLAAIEAVTIMPDIQLANIGGA

DAVTTEHAEETVTAMVVYALQGTLGFGG

LEYLTADILLAGNAEENETIIP ELQLAI NDEELNLLG VTIAQGGVLPNIQAVLLP

IAGEAS LAHYNASTITSBIQTAV LLLPGELA HAVSGTAVTCITSA

LQSSAVMALQASAYLVGLFEDTNLAAIEAVTIMPDIQLANIGGA

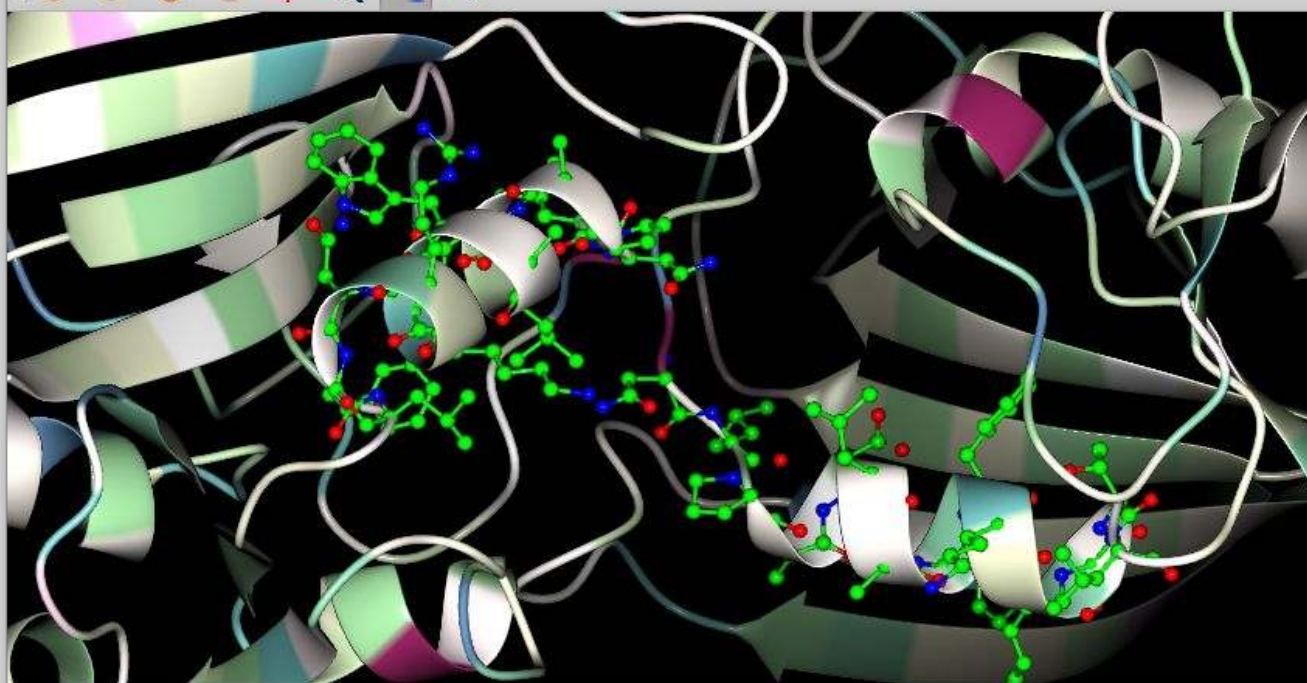
LBNIQGITCPAILANGGVISGLIYEST GVLVFLANVI DAVTTEHAEETVTAMVVYALQGTLGFGG

Structure Superposition

- CCP4MG has several methods of structure superposition:
 - SSM - This is the default method. It is the simplest to use and usually gives excellent results. The method attempts to match secondary structure elements in different coordinate sets.
 - Gesamt – a more general method which matches fragments which need not be defined by secondary structure elements.
 - Close Residues -This method is useful for performing locally optimised superposition after a global superposition by SSM/gesamt.
 - User-defined. This is the most flexible, but least easy to use: the user can specify in many ways the atoms to superpose.

Sequence Viewer

- Align sequences using muscle (a free multiple-alignment program) or ClustalW.
- Continuous (consurf style) or discrete traffic-light colour by conservation.
- Colour by secondary structure.
- Blastn/blastp interface. Blast results cached between sessions. Blast normally run remotely (EBI) with explicit user permission, but can also use local blast installation.
- Save sequence as PDF/bitmap/plain text.
- Click, shift-click, ctrl-click, etc. on residues in sequence to display atoms in the mail window.



Display Table

4dfr	All ..	Cons..	Ribb..
//A/..	Atom..	Ball..	
//B/..	Atom..	Ball..	
8dfr	All ..	Atom..	Bonds
// /..	Atom..	Fat ..	
1sar	A/	Blen..	Ribb..
B/	Blen..	Ribb..	
Solv..	Atom..	Ball..	
Solute	Atom..	Ball..	
	Atom..	Fat ..	

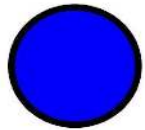
Sequence Viewer

4dfr_A	<input type="checkbox"/>		--MISLIAALAVDRVIGMENAMPW--NLPADLAWFKRNTL-----DKPVIMGRHTESI---GRPLPGRKNIILSSQPGTDDRVT--WVK
4dfr_B	<input type="checkbox"/>		--MISLIAALAVDRVIGMENAMPW--NLPADLAWFKRNTL-----DKPVIMGRHTESI---GRPLPGRKNIILSSQPGTDDRVT--WVK
8dfr_	<input type="checkbox"/>		VRSLNSIVAVCQNMIGIKDGNLPWPLRNEYKYFQRMSTSTSHVEGKQNAVINGKKTFSIPEKNRPLKDRINIVLSRELKEAPKGAHYLSK
1sar_A	<input type="checkbox"/>		DVSGTVCLLSALPPEATDTLNLIASDGPPFYSQDGVVFNRESVLPTQSYGYIRRTVITPGARTRGTRIIICQEATQEDITYGDDHYATFAL
1sar_B	<input type="checkbox"/>		DVSGTVCLLSALPPEATDTLNLIASDGPPFYSQDGVVFNRESVLPTQSYGYIRRTVITPGARTRGTRIIICQEATQEDITYGDDHYATFAL
1aim_A	<input type="checkbox"/>		APAAVQWRARGAVTAVKQQQCSCWAFSAIGNVBCQWFLAGHPLTNLSEQMLVSCDKTDGCQGLMNNAFEWIVQENNGAVYTEDSYPY
3ljb_A	<input type="checkbox"/>		EDENEKMFLLIDKVNAPNQDITALMQGEETVGEEDIRLFTLRNEFHKWSIIENNFQEGHKILSRKIQKFENFVNYRTFETIVKQIQIKAL
3ljb_B	<input type="checkbox"/>		EDENEKMFLLIDKVNAPNQDITALMQGEETVGEEDIRLFTLRNEFHKWSIIENNFQEGHKILSRKIQKYRTFETIVKQIQIKALEEPAVDM

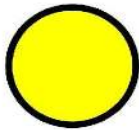
Saccharide display (Glycoblocks)

- Visual style useful for comparing positions/orientations of (poly-)saccharides in multiple coordinate files in a way which is easy to visualize.
- 3D equivalent of conventional 2D glycosylation trees with “standard” symbols and colours representing the different sugar types.
- Would be nice to do the same in 3D using same symbols.
- Work done with Jon Agirre, University of York.

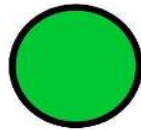
Saccharide display



Glc
(GLC, BGC)



Gal
(GLA, GAL)



Man
(MAN, BMA)



Fuc
(FUC, FUL)



Xyl
(XYS, XYP)



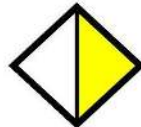
unknown
e.g. UNK



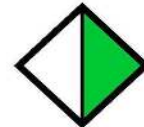
GlcNAc
(PA1, GCS)



GlcA
(GCU, BDP)



GalA
(GTR, ADA)



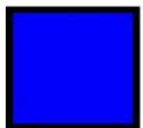
ManA
(MAV, BEM)



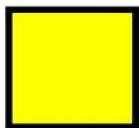
IdoA
(IDR, alpha)



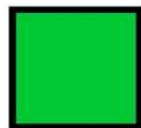
alpha link
e.g. α 1-2



GlcNAc
(NDG, NAG)



GalNAc
(A2G, NGA)



ManNAc
(BM3, alpha)



KDN
(KDM, KDN)



Neu5Ac
(SIA, SLB)



beta link
e.g. β 1-4



N-linked glycosylation

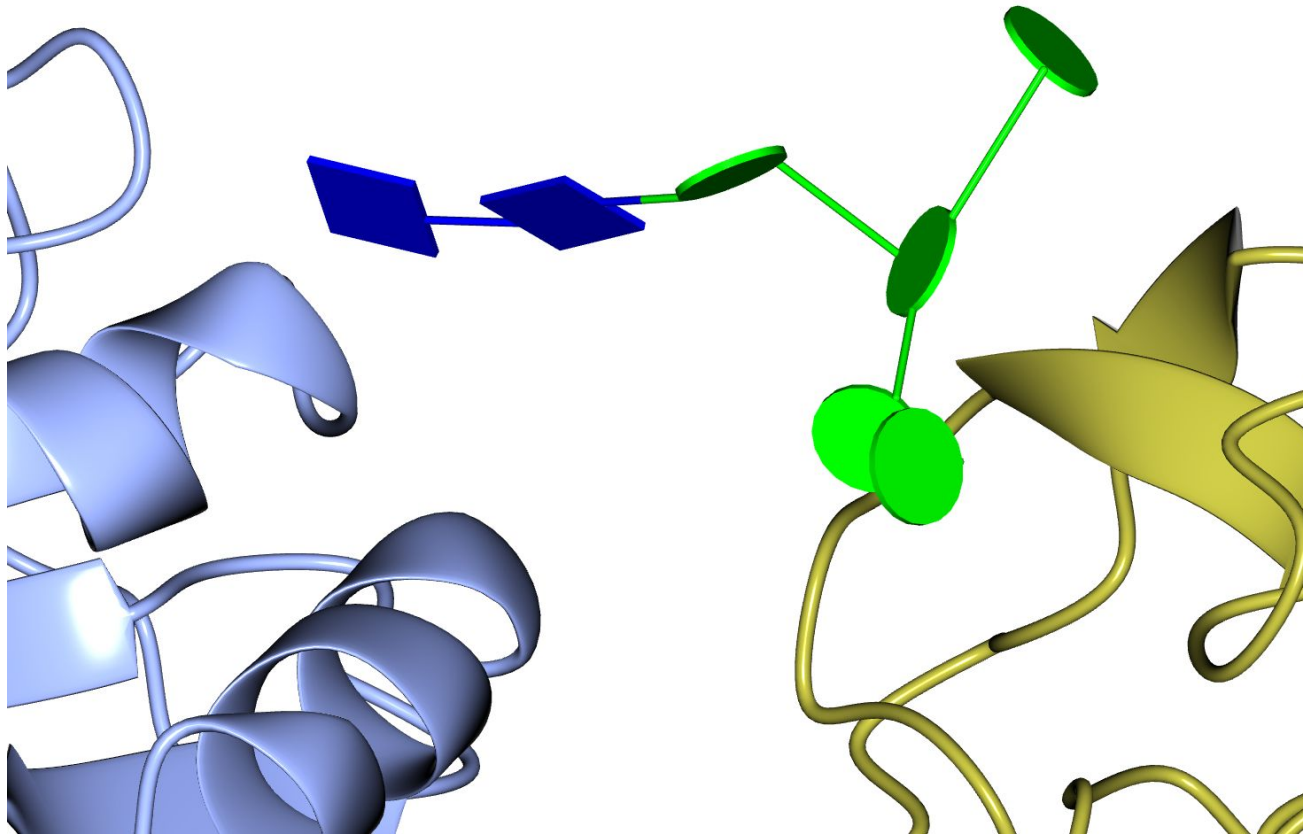


O-linked glycosylation

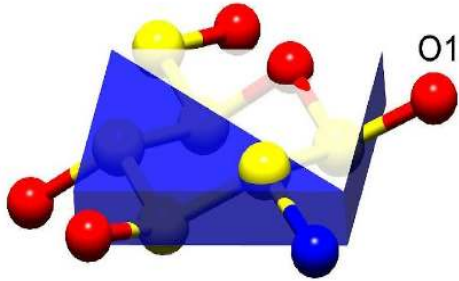


S-linked glycosylation

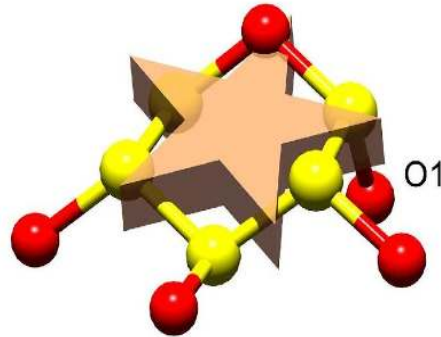
Saccharide display



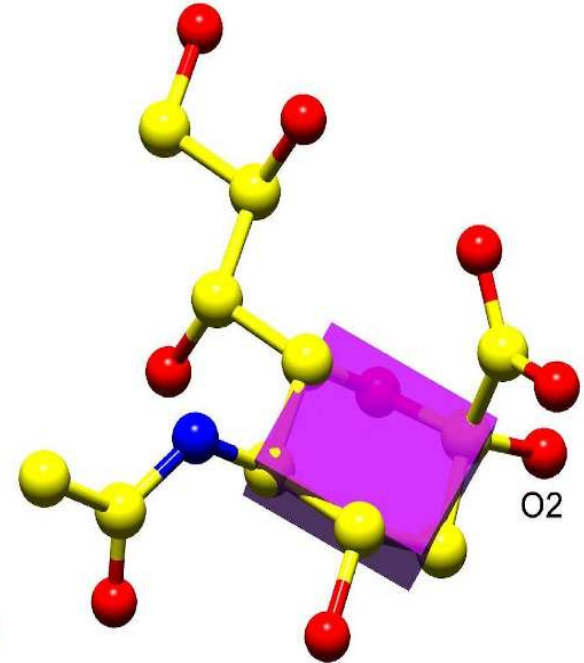
Saccharide display



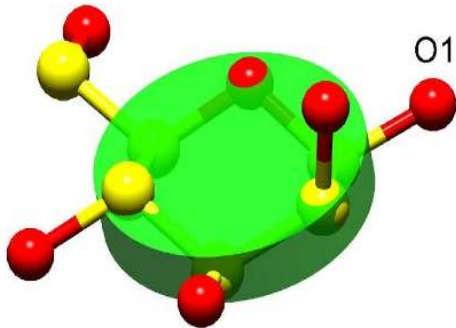
β -D-Glucosamine
(GCS)



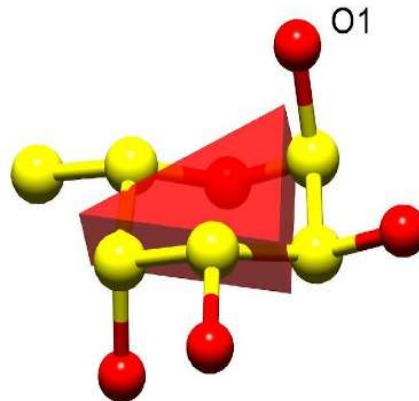
α -D-Xylopyranose
(XYS)



N-acetyl α -L-Neuraminic Acid
(SIA)

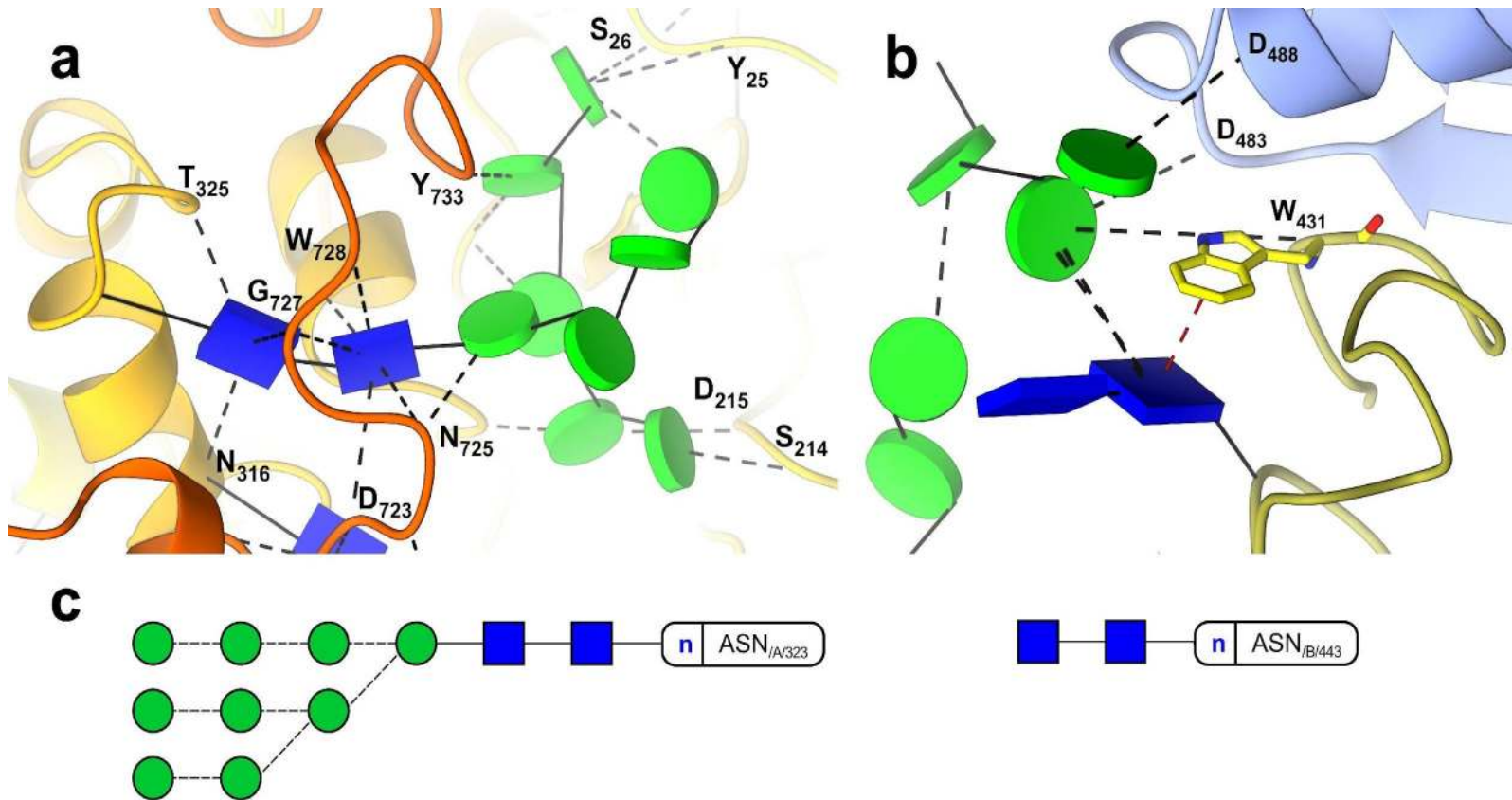


β -D-Mannose
(BMA)



α -L-Fucose
(FUC)

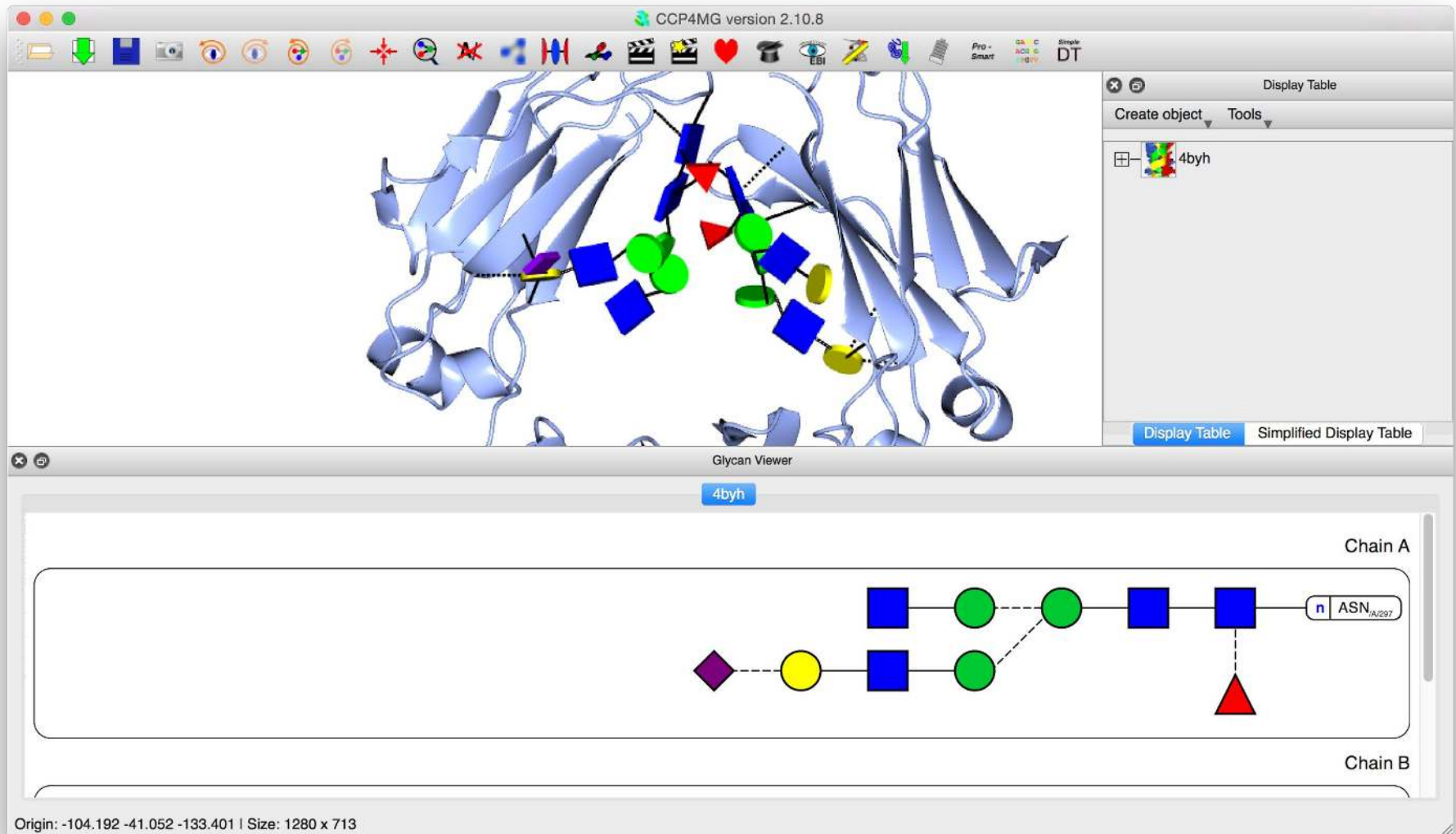
Saccharide display



Hydrogen bonds to multiple domains. GlcNAc to TRP stacking interaction.

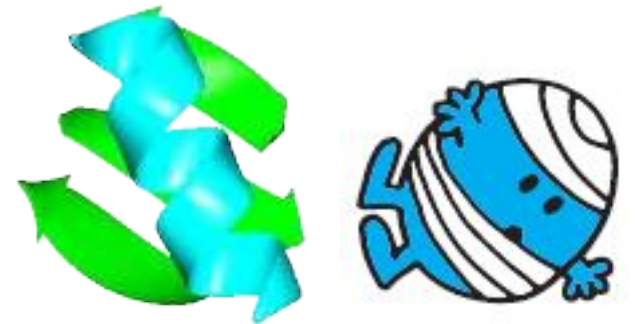
5FJJ, Agirre et. al., *Acta Crystallogr D Struct Biol* **72**, 254-265 (2016)

Glycan Viewer



2D representations generated by Privateer,
Jon Agirre and Kevin Cowtan.

CCP4MG / MrBUMP



MrBUMP

- MrBUMP is an automated scheme for Molecular Replacement. Given a target sequence and experimental structure factors, it will search for homologous structures, create a set of suitable search models from the template structures, do molecular replacement, and test the solutions with some rounds of restrained refinement.
- A component of the CCP4 suite of programs.
- **MrBUMP: an automated pipeline for molecular replacement**, Keegan, RM and Winn, MD, *Acta Crystallogr. D Biol Crystallogr.* 2008; 64, pp 119-124

CCP4MG and MrBUMP

- Goal is to provide i2 users with a graphical driven interface to the model search and preparation steps for molecular replacement in MrBUMP. The intention is to derive a graphically-informed single “best” search model for passing back to i2 and the Phaser/Molrep interfaces

CCP4MG and MrBUMP

- CCP4MG uses initial steps of the MrBUMP to interactively edit molecular replacement models.
- Scheme:
 - MrBUMP is sent a sequence from CCP4MG
 - uses the phmmer tool to search for homologous structures with a maximum similarity between them of 100%, 95%, 90%, 70% or 50%.
 - select just the relevant chains from the structures.
 - prune side chains.
 - structurally align the pruned structures (gesamt).
 - CCP4MG loads the structures and shows a MrBump results window.

CCP4MG and MrBUMP

- Then CCP4MG can be used to select subsets of atoms from the newly loaded structures:
 - Completely hide some structures.
 - Select e.g. just alpha-helices
 - Prune terminating loops.
 - Whatever ... (including “gesamt variance slider”).
- And then everything visible can be saved into one ensemble coordinate file for use in a molecular replacement calculation.

CCP4-7.0.000 Project Viewer: Diamond2021Test



Job list Project directory

Filter: Only show jobs containing text typed here

27 CCP4mg MrBUMP

• Pending

> 26 Basic MR - PHASER

✗ Failed 16:16

> 25 CCP4mg MrBUMP

✓ Finished 16:14

MrBUMP-CCP4MG output file number 1

> 24 CCP4mg MrBUMP

✓ Finished 16:10

> 23 CCP4mg MrBUMP

✓ Finished 16:07

> 22 CCP4mg MrBUMP

✓ Finished 15:02

> 21 CCP4mg MrBUMP

✓ Finished 14:53

> 20 CCP4mg MrBUMP

✓ Finished 14:50

> 19 CCP4mg MrBUMP

✓ Finished 14:38

> 18 CCP4mg MrBUMP

✓ Finished 14:31

> 17 CCP4mg MrBUMP

✓ Finished 14:20

16 CCP4MG

✓ Finished 14:17

Filter: Only show tasks containing text typed here

> Import merged data, AU contents, alignments or coordinates

> Integrate X-ray images

> X-ray data reduction and analysis

> Experimental phasing

> Bioinformatics including model preparation for Molecular Replacement

Interactive model preparation - CCP4mg and MrBUMP

Identify MR models with MrBUMP, display and select with CCP4mg

Interactive selection of MR model components - CCP4mg

Use CCP4mg to select components of a search model and output to i2 for MR

Truncate search model - CHAINSAW

Truncate and renumber model prior to molecular replacement

Truncate search model - SCULPTOR

Truncate model prior to molecular replacement

Build an ensemble for PHASER

Compile assorted related structures into an ensemble for use in PHASER

Align sequences - CLUSTALW

Align sequences using clustalw

MrParse

Use MrParse to test the suitability of data for MR Phasing

> Molecular Replacement

New job

Cancel



Job list Project directory

Filter: Only show jobs containing text typed here

3 CCP4mg MrBUMP

• Pending

> **2 Define AU contents**

✓ Finished 13:44

> **1 Import sequence(s)**

✓ Finished 13:43

Job 3: Interactive model preparationShow equivalent
i2run command for
selected job**MrBUMP****The job is Pending**

Input

Results

Comments

Input data

Job title CCP4mg MrBUMP

Use data from job No as input below..

Sequences from AU content:

AU contents 2 Asu content file from Define AU contents

If a suitable ASU is not available above, you can press the cross & then button to quickly create one.

Select one sequence☒ pdb_7fqn_A pdb|7fqn|A**Model databases**☒ Search PDB for possible MR search models

Non-redundancy level for homologue search:

100

☒ Search EBI-AFDB for possible MR search models

EBI-AFDB pLDDT residue score cut-off:

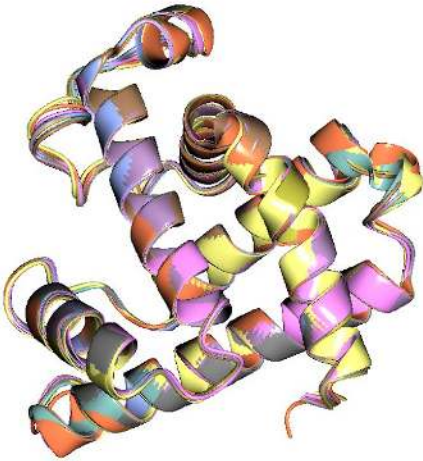
50

Maximum no. of search models to create:

10

Optional Settings☐ HHPred hhr file ..is not used

CCP4MG version 2.11.0



Display Table

Create object	Tools		
CHAINSAW_5b84_A1_PHR	All ..	ice ..	Ribb..
	All ..	Atom..	Bonds
	A/2 ..	ice ..	Ribb..
CHAINSAW_1cio_A1_PHR	All ..	gold	Ribb..
	All ..	Atom..	Bonds

Sequence Viewer

pdb_5yce_A_

CHAINSAW_5b84_A1_PHR_A

CHAINSAW_1cio_A1_PHR_A

CHAINSAW_5yzf_A1_PHR_A

CHAINSAW_5xkv_A1_PHR_A

CHAINSAW_5b85_A1_PHR_A

MVLSEGEWQLVLHVWAKVEADVAGHGQDILIRLFKSHPETLEKFDRLFHLKTEAMKASEDLKKHGVTT
LSEGEWQLVLVWAKVEADVAGGDILIRLAKSPETLEKFDRLKKTSEAMKASEDLKKGVTVL
LSEGEWQLVLVWAKVEADVAGGDILIRLAKSPETLEKFDRLKKTSEAMKASEDLKKGVTVL
VLSEGEWQLVLVWAKVEADVAGGDILIRLAKSPETLEKFDRLKKTSEAMKASEDLKKGVTV
LSEGEWQLVLVWAKVEADVAGGDILIRLAKSPETLEKFDRLKKTSEAMKASEDLKKGVTVL
LSEGEWQLVLVWAKVEADVAGGDILIRLAKSPETLEKFDRLKKTSEAMKASEDLKKGVTVL

Origin: 0.681 -1.069 4.330 | Size: 1147 x 714

Finished MrBUMP search

Finished MrBUMP search

☐ Show other log files ☐ Show MrBUMP output ☒ Show ranges view

Range 1

5yzf_A1_PC (99.35% (1))
5xkv_A1_PC (99.35% (1))
5b85_A1_PC (99.35% (1))
5b85_A1_PC (99.35% (1))

"Variance slider"

Variance 0 110

☒ Show MrBUMP models ☐ Show unsculpted models

Close MrBUMP models

QtMG File Edit View Display Applications Windows Tools Help CCP4i2

CCP4MG version 2.10.5

Pro - Smart GAD C AC G ITO V Simple DT

Simplified Display Table

	R	L	Nb	W	Su	BS	MS	NA	M	G	B
All											
scul											
scul											
scul											
scul											
scul											
scul											
scul											
scul											
scul											
scul											

Help

Display Table Simplified Display Table

Sequence Viewer

unkgamma_ ☐ MHHHHHLLVPRGSEIMIPSTAYSKNGLKIEFTFERSNTHPSVTVITIQASNSTELDMTDFVFQAAVPKTFQLQLLSPSSSVVPAFNTGTTITQVVKVLNPQKQQLRMRIKLTYNHKGSAHQDLAEV

sculpt_1gyu_A_A ☐ -----MIPSTAYSKNGLKIEFTFERSNTHPSVTVITIQASNSTELDMTDFVFQAAVPKTFQLQLLSPSSSVVPAFNTGTTITQVVKVLNPQKQQLRMRIKLTYNHKGSAHQDLAEV

sculpt_1iu1_A_A ☐ -----MIPSTAYSKNGLKIEFTFERSNTHPSVTVITIQASNSTELDMTDFVFQAAVPKTFQLQLLSPSSSVVPAFNTGTTITQVVKVLNPQKQQLRMRIKLTYNHKGSAHQDLAEV

sculpt_1iur_A_A ☐ MHHHHHLLVPRGS-----TVITIQASNS-----KTFQLQLLSPSSSVVPAFNTGTTITQVVKVLNPQKQ-----RGS-----

sculpt_1p4u_A_A ☐ -----MHHHVPRGSEIMIPSTAYSKNGLKIEFTFERSNTHPSVTVITIQASNSTELDMTDFVFQAAVPKTFQLQLLSPSSSVVPAFNTGTTITQVVKVLNPQKQQLRMRIKLTYNHKGSAHQDLAEV

sculpt_2lxe_A_A ☐ MHHHHHLLVPRGSEIM-----TVITIQASNSTELDMTDFVFQAAVPKTFQLQLLSPSSSVVPAFNTGTTITQVVKVLNPQKQI-----KLTYNHKGSAHQDLAEV

sculpt_2lxe_A_A ☐ MHHHHHLLVPRGSEIMIPSTAYSKN-----GLKIENPSVTVITIQASNSTELDMTDFVFQAAVPKTFQLQLLSPSSSVVPAFNTGTTITQVVKVLNPQKQQLRMRIKLTYNHKGSAHQDLAEV

Origin: -21.235 -21.956 -16.522 | Size: 1162 x 714

Other details

- Only final ensemble (or individual structures) are saved to i2 database. All MrBUMP results and model are save in `~/.CCP4MG/mrbump_results`.
- Results from previous jobs can be loaded in later sessions without having to rerun the MrBUMP search.
- Results can be deleted when no longer of interest.

Model Slicing

Often it is convenient to split a coordinate file into smaller sections which may be more useful models for molecular replacement. e.g. Your input model and the final model you desire may be homologues in different conformations. By splitting the model the different parts are able to adopt different arrangements in MR.

Slice(NDice)

- CCP4MG uses the “slice” part of the SliceNDice program (Simkin et al.) to do this. *Acta Cryst.* (2023). D**79**, 806-819
- In addition to a coordinate file you have to provide some options:
 - The maximum number of splits
 - What type of coordinate file you are supplying (standard PDB format, AlphaFold, or RosettaFold model).
 - The clustering method to use. There are several - I don't know the differences between them, but you can try different ones if the default does not help your structure solution.

QtMG File Edit View Display Applications Windows Tools Help

File viewer
Superpose models
Movie editor
Picture Wizard
Vibrations
Run Coot
ProSMART analysis
Use SliceNDice slice method to split models
Create structure from SMILES
Glycan viewer
Get monomer
PDB search
Geometry
Sequence viewer
Pisa structure analysis
Generate helices

ion 2.11.0

Display Table
Create object Tools

8abv

CA t... By c... Ribb...
Fat ..
Bonds
Bonds
Bonds

SliceNDice Slice

Model 8abv

Maximum number of splits 4

Select B-factor treatment option – it is important this is set correctly

- ☐ AlphaFold model – convert pLDDT scores to B-factors
- ☐ RoseTTAFold model – convert rmsd estimates to B-factors
- ☒ Model is standard PDB format with B-factors

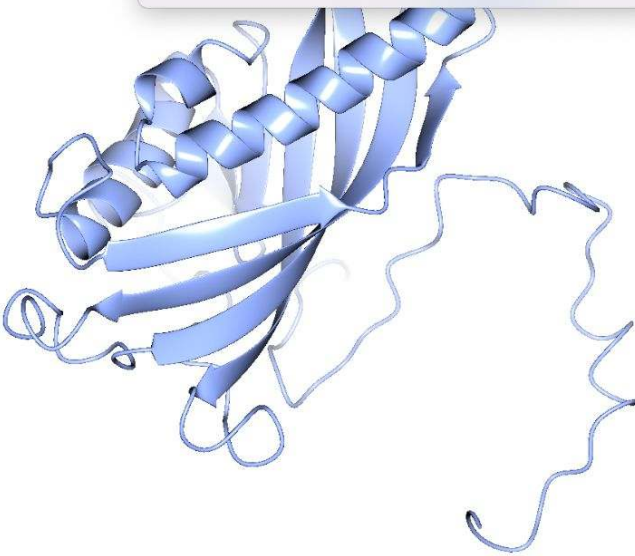
Clustering method SliceBirch (default)

Slices

☐ Show original model

Close All Sliced Models Cancel Slice

Display Table Simplified Display Table



Origin: -29.009 -11.350 -5.803 | Size: 1234 x 787

QtMG File Edit View Display Applications Windows Tools Help

CCP4MG version 2.11.0

Multiple solutions

SliceNDice Slice

Model: 8abv

Maximum number of splits: 4

Select B-factor treatment option – it is important this is set correctly

- ☐ AlphaFold model – convert pLDDT scores to B-factors
- ☐ RoseTTAFold model – convert rmsd estimates to B-factors
- ☒ Model is standard PDB format with B-factors

Clustering method: SliceBirch (default)

Slices: ☐ 2 ☐ 3 ☒ 4

☐ Show original model

Close All Sliced Models Cancel Slice

Display Table

Create object Tools

8abv	CA t..	By c..	Ribb..
	A/30..	Resi..	Fat ..
	Water	Atom..	Bonds
	Solute	Atom..	Bonds
	All ..	Atom..	Bonds

pdb_8abv_cluster_0	All ..	gold	Ribb..
	All ..	Atom..	Bonds

pdb_8abv_cluster_1	All ..	coral	Ribb..
	All ..	Atom..	Bonds

pdb_8abv_cluster_2	All ..	grey	Ribb..
	All ..	Atom..	Bonds

pdb_8abv_cluster_3	All ..	pink	Ribb..
	All ..	Atom..	Bonds

Display Table Simplified Display Table

QtMG File Edit View Display Applications Windows Tools Help

CCP4MG version 2.11.0

SliceNDice Slice

Model: 8abv

Maximum number of splits: 4

Select B-factor treatment option – it is important this is set correctly

- ☐ AlphaFold model – convert pLDDT scores to B-factors
- ☐ RoseTTAFold model – convert rmsd estimates to B-factors
- ☒ Model is standard PDB format with B-factors

Clustering method: SliceBirch (default)

Slices: ☐ 2 ☒ 3 ☐ 4

☐ Show original model

Close All Sliced Models Cancel Slice

Display Table

Create object Tools

8abv

CA t..	By c..	Ribb..
A/30..	Resi..	Fat ..
Water	Atom..	Bonds
Solute	Atom..	Bonds
All ..	Atom..	Bonds

pdb_8abv_cluster_0

All ..	grey	Ribb..
All ..	Atom..	Bonds

pdb_8abv_cluster_1

All ..	pink	Ribb..
All ..	Atom..	Bonds

pdb_8abv_cluster_2

All ..	sea ..	Ribb..
All ..	Atom..	Bonds

Display Table Simplified Display Table

Origin: -5.860 -24.687 -15.336 | Size: 1234 x 787

QtMG File Edit View Display Applications Windows Tools Help

CCP4MG version 2.11.0

SliceNDice Slice

Model: 8abv

Maximum number of splits: 4

Select B-factor treatment option – it is important this is set correctly

- ☐ AlphaFold model – convert pLDDT scores to B-factors
- ☐ RoseTTAFold model – convert rmsd estimates to B-factors
- ☒ Model is standard PDB format with B-factors

Clustering method: SliceBirch (default)

Slices: ☒ 2 ☐ 3 ☐ 4

☐ Show original model

Close All Sliced Models Cancel Slice

Display Table

Create object Tools

8abv

CA t..	By c..	Ribb..
A/30..	Resi..	Fat ..
Water	Atom..	Bonds
Solute	Atom..	Bonds
All ..	Atom..	Bonds

pdb_8abv_cluster_0

All ..	gold	Ribb..
All ..	Atom..	Bonds

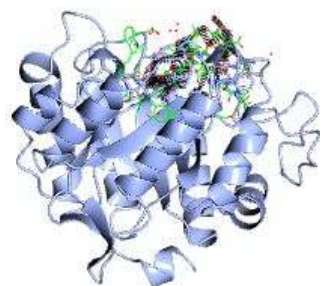
pdb_8abv_cluster_1

All ..	coral	Ribb..
All ..	Atom..	Bonds

Display Table Simplified Display Table

Movies

- Movies are created by defining a series of “key frames” and then (optionally) interpolating between them.
- Key frames may also define simple transformations (rock, roll, etc.)
- Movies can be created either as animated gifs or as MPEG streams.



Display Table

Create object Tools

Crystals

Xtl .. Crys.. Symm..

3a3h

CA t..	By c..	Ribb..
A/1(..	Atom..	Ball..
Nhoo..	By c..	Cyli..
HBon..	By c..	Cyli..
Nhoo..	Atom..	Thin..
A/1(..	Nhoo..	comp..
Nhoo..	Nhoo..	comp..

Movie editor: t1

00003



Record 4.00 secs

View rotate about

Details

00004

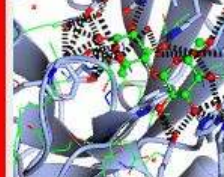


Record 4.00 secs

View glid 000

Details

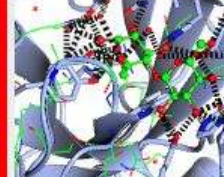
00005



..glide through..
for time proportio

1.00

00006



Record 4.00 secs

View rock

Details

Save snapshot here

Action

Edit

Help

framerate: 15

Getting CCP4MG

- Distributed with the CCP4 Suite (except for software to compile movies) :

<http://www.ccp4.ac.uk>

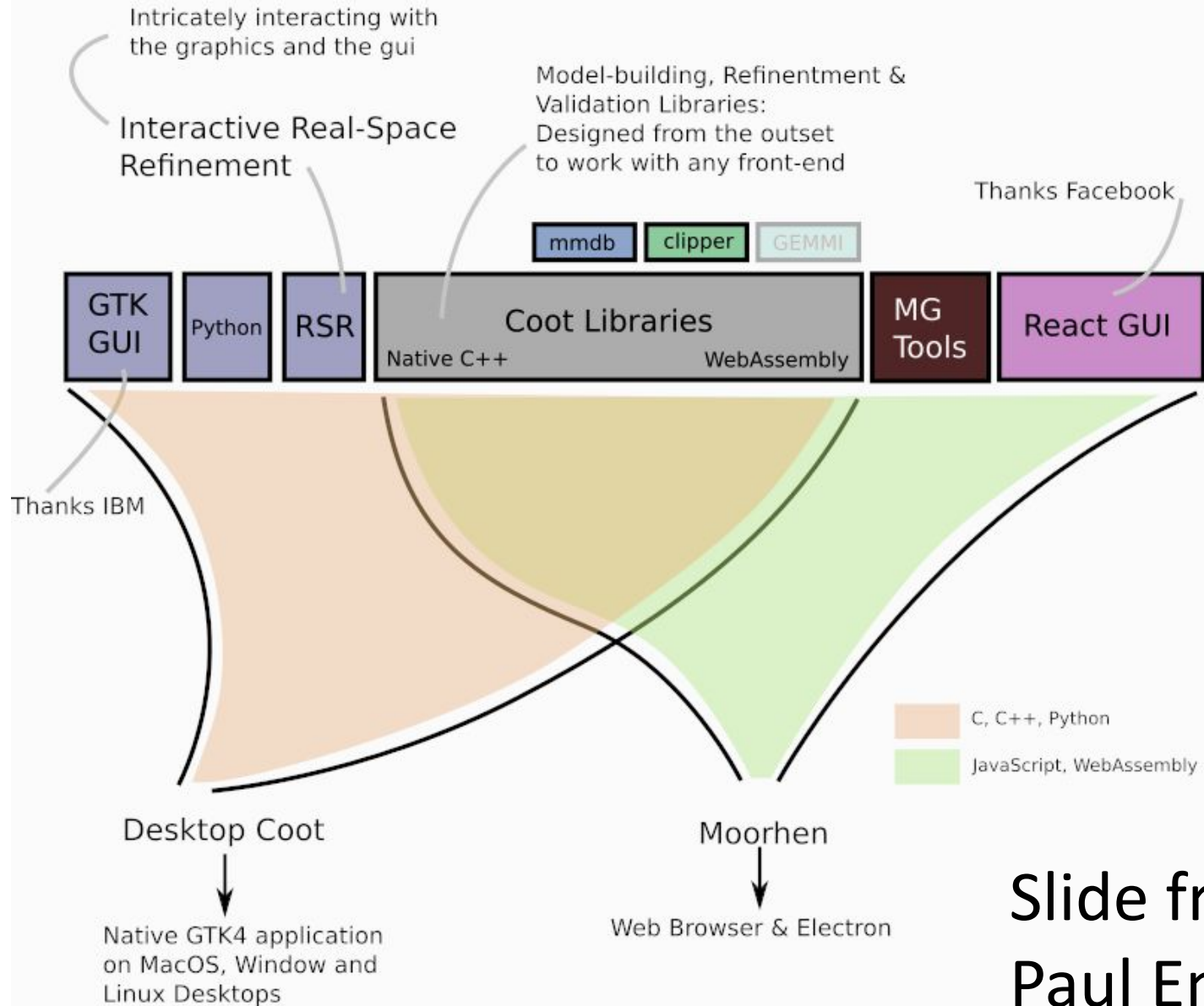
Tutorials

- Various tutorials at https://www.ccp4.ac.uk/MG/ccp4mg_help/tutorial/index.html
- Paul Bond has recently been revising the “main tutorial” (first of the ones in link above):
<https://paulsbond.co.uk/ccp4mg-tutorial/>
I would recommend this.

The future - Moorhen?

- The intention is that Moorhen(WebCoot) - described last week by Filo - will be able to do everything that CCP4MG can, and thus succeed it.
- This will be both as the <https://moorhen.org> web site and a desktop “Electron” application.

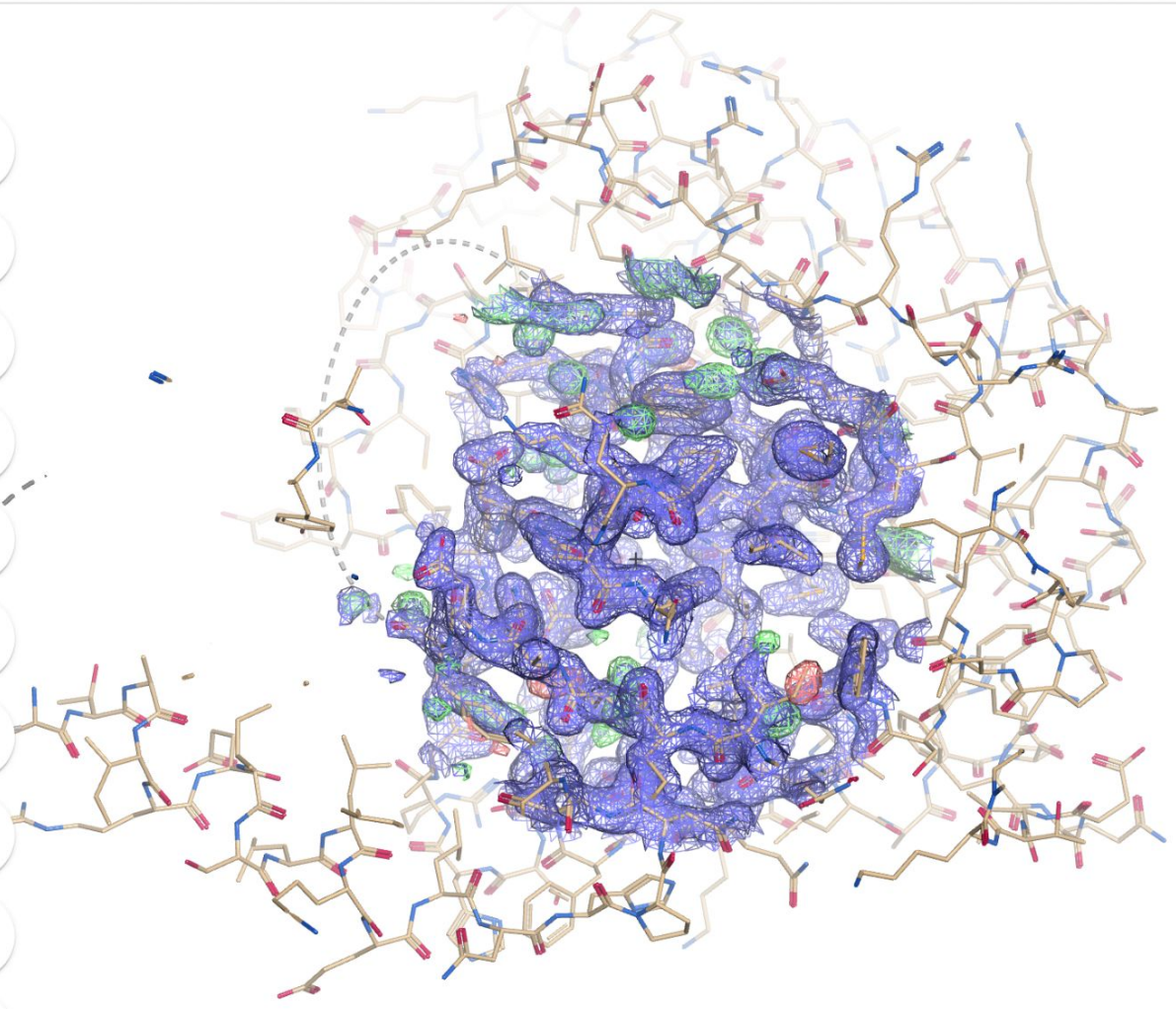
Coot vs. Moorhen



Slide from
Paul Emsley



- File
- Edit
- Calculate
- View
- Validation
- Ligand
- Cryo
- Models
- Maps
- History

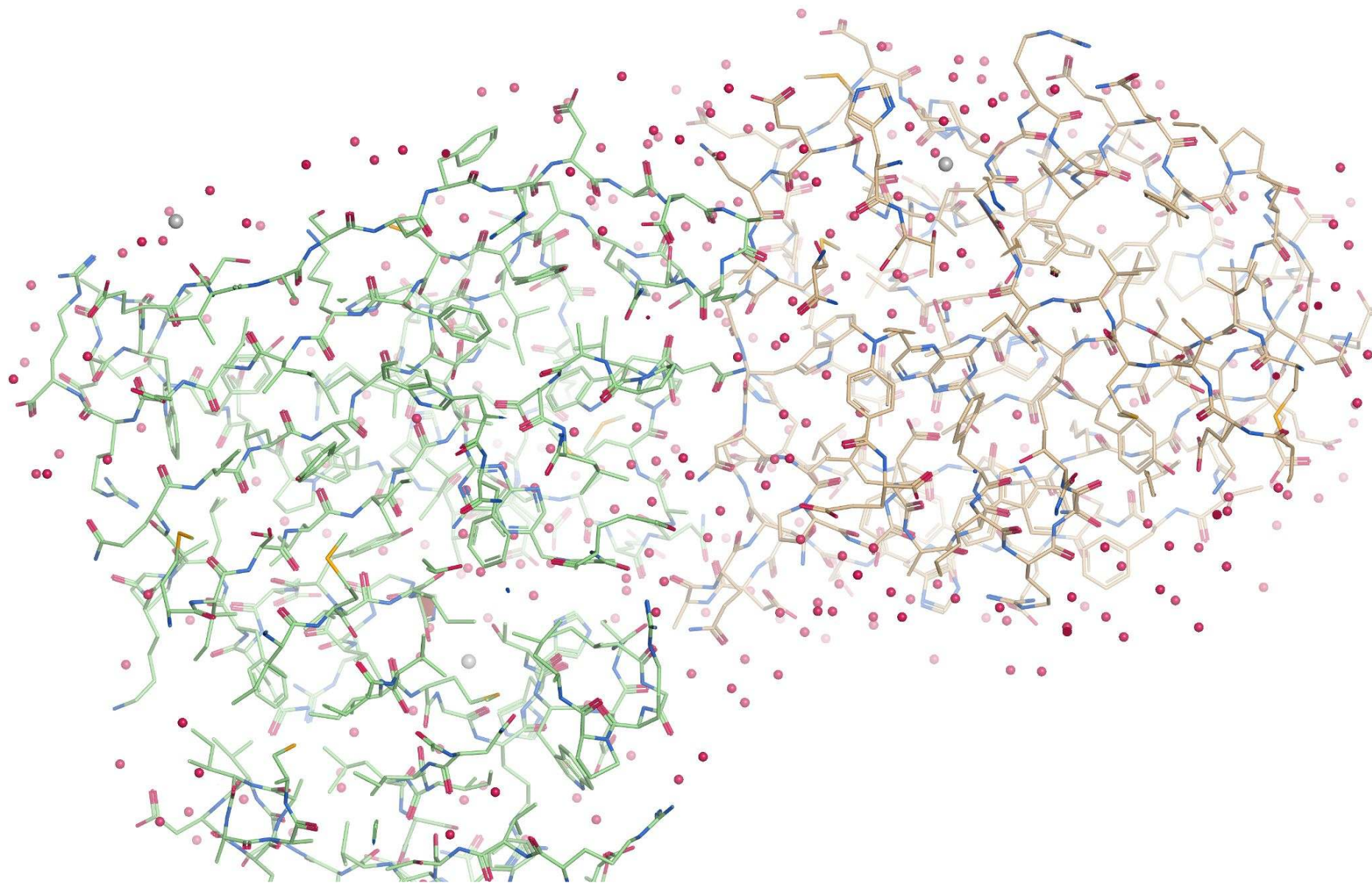


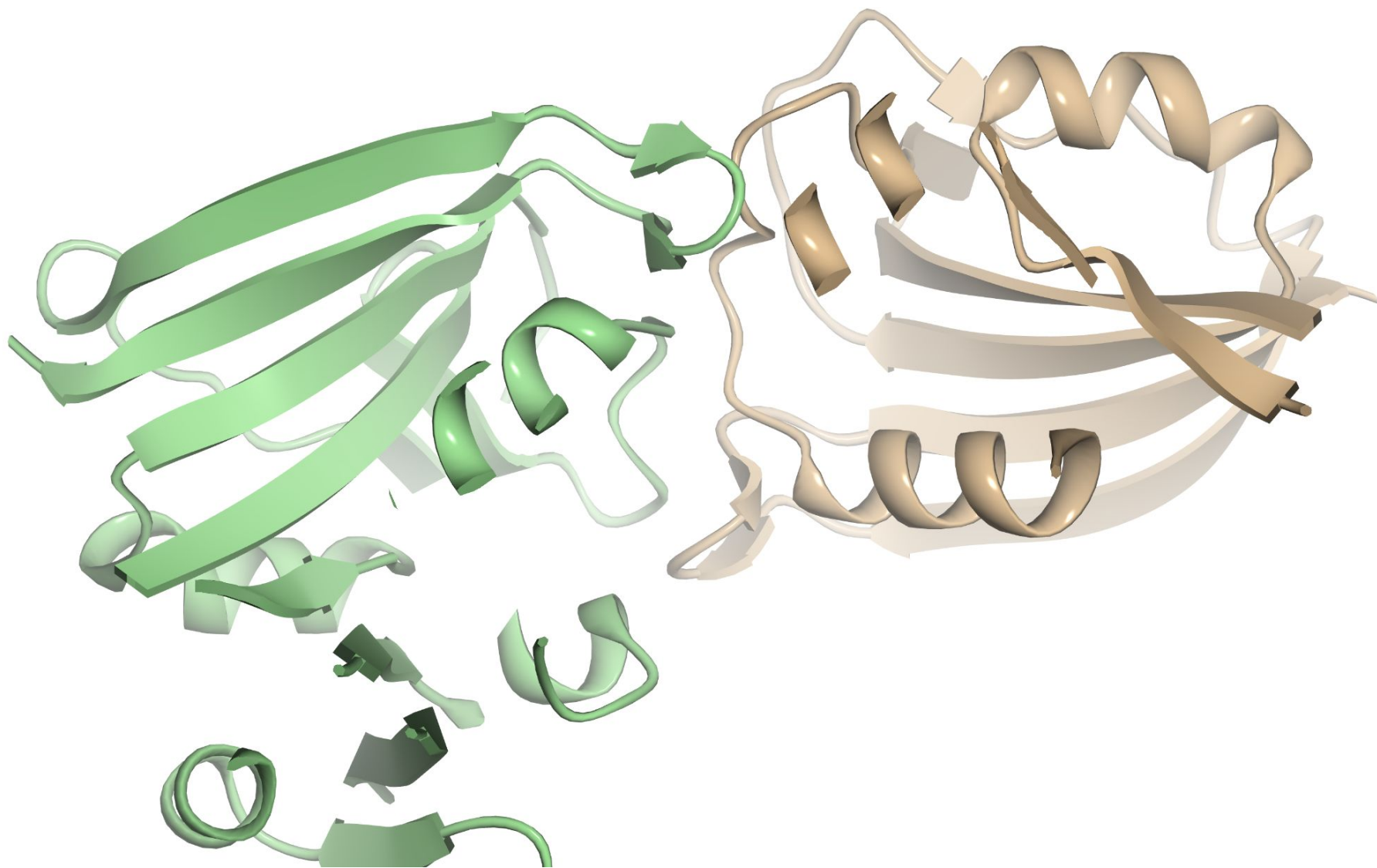
Current status of Moorhen's figure-making capabilities

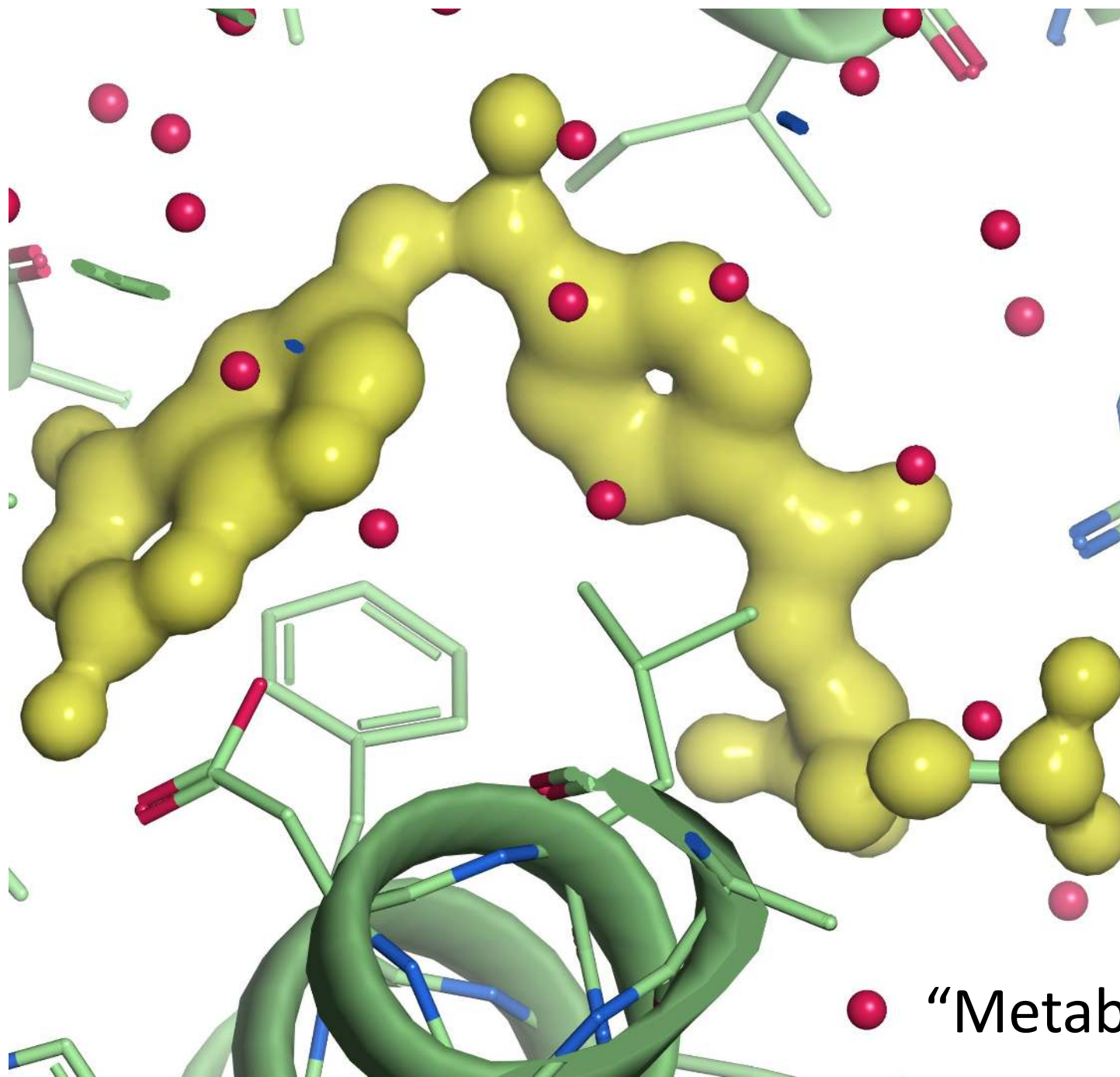
- Multiple representation styles: bonds (cylinders, ball + stick), ribbons, surfaces, CA-traces, spheres, hydrogen bonds, glycoblocks.
- As well as some that CCP4MG does not have (Coot representations): Gaussian surface, Ramachandran and rotamer quality visualization, contact dots, restraints.
- And metaballs.

Current status of Moorhen's figure-making capabilities

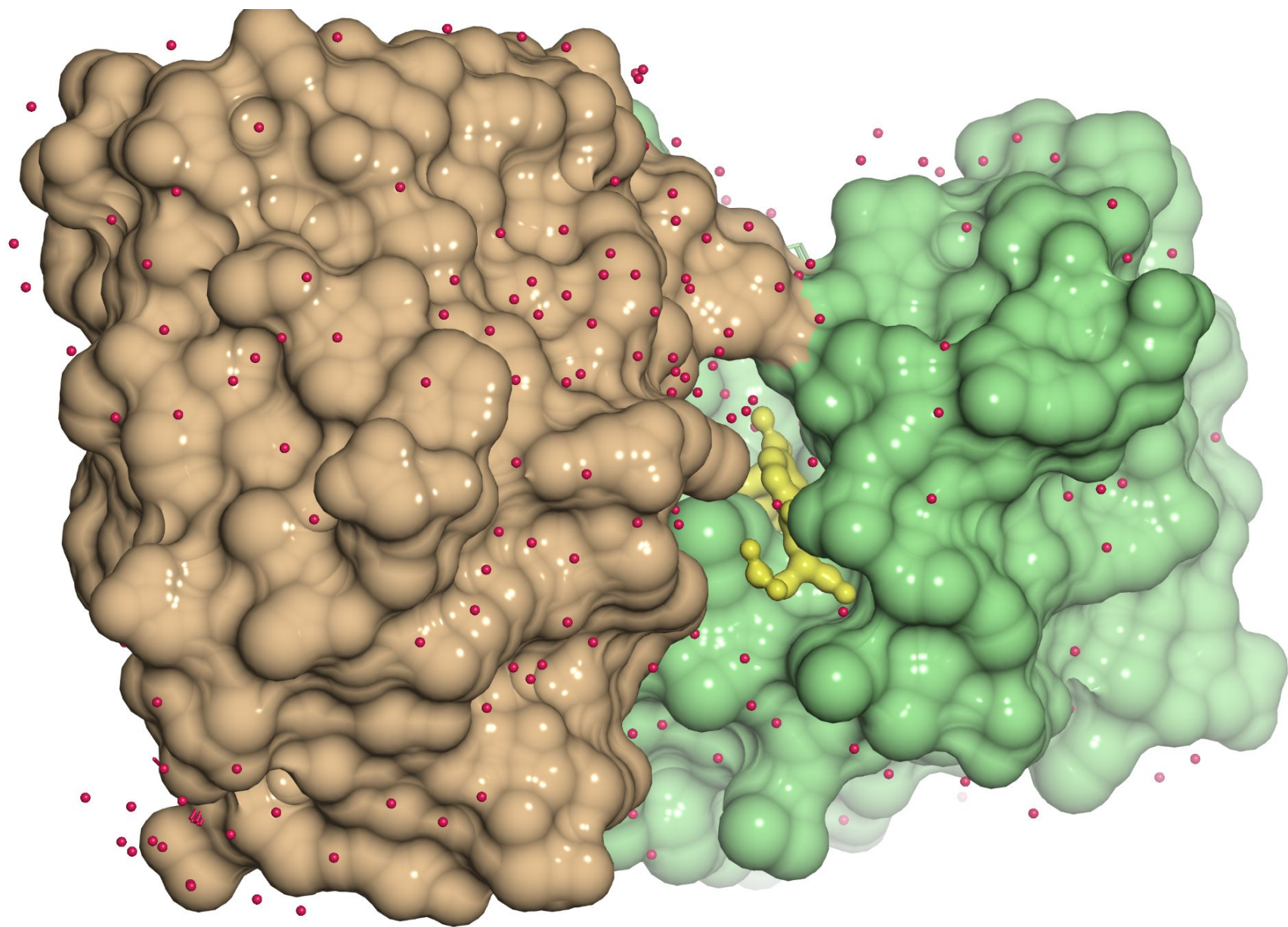
- Most of these representation can also be done with arbitrary atom selections and custom colouring.
- Sequence viewer / selection tool.
- Extensive online data resource access.
- Structure superposition.
- Shadows, occlusion, depth blur.
- Rudimentary movie making.
- Perspective projection.
- Distance and angle measurements.

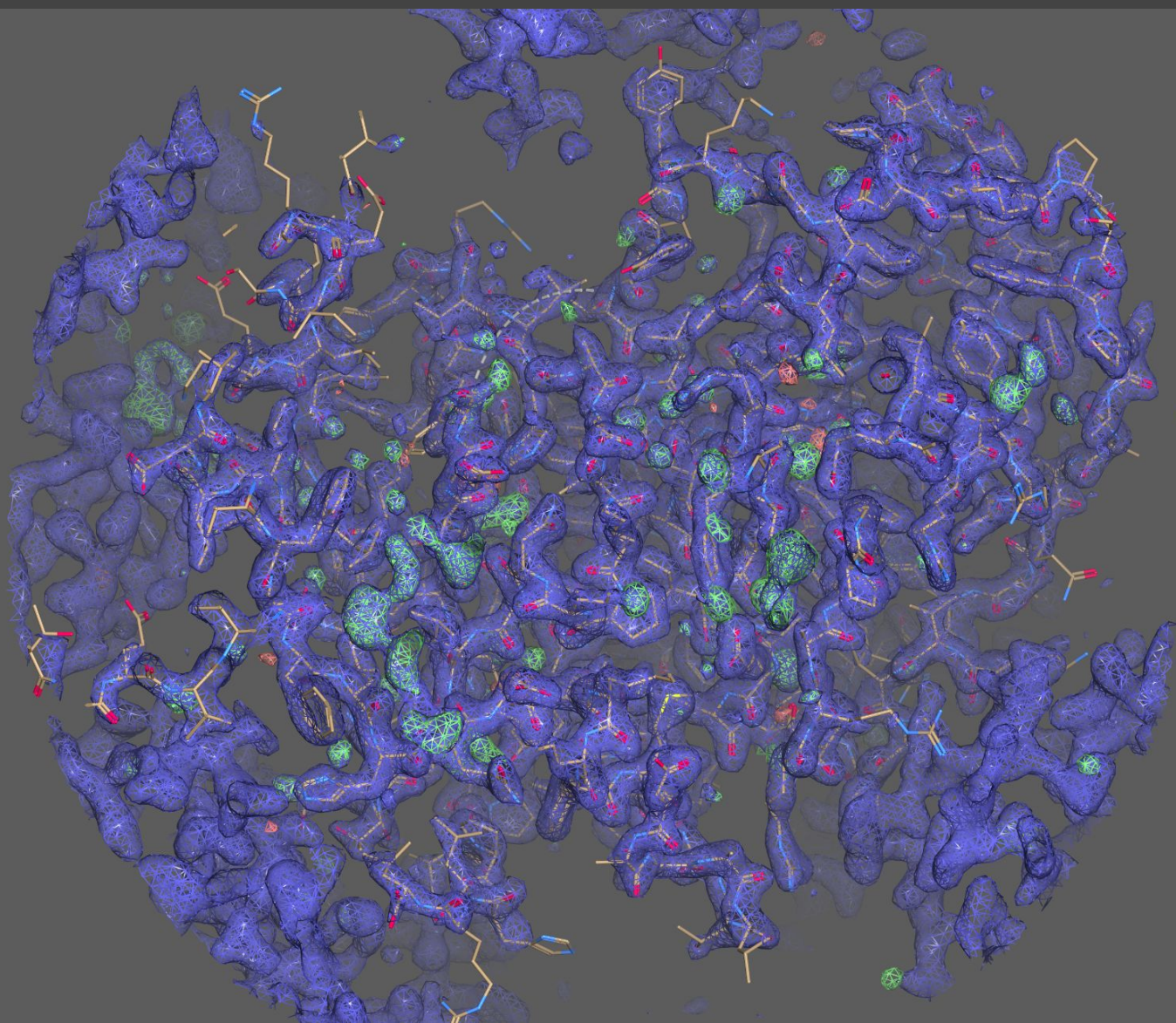




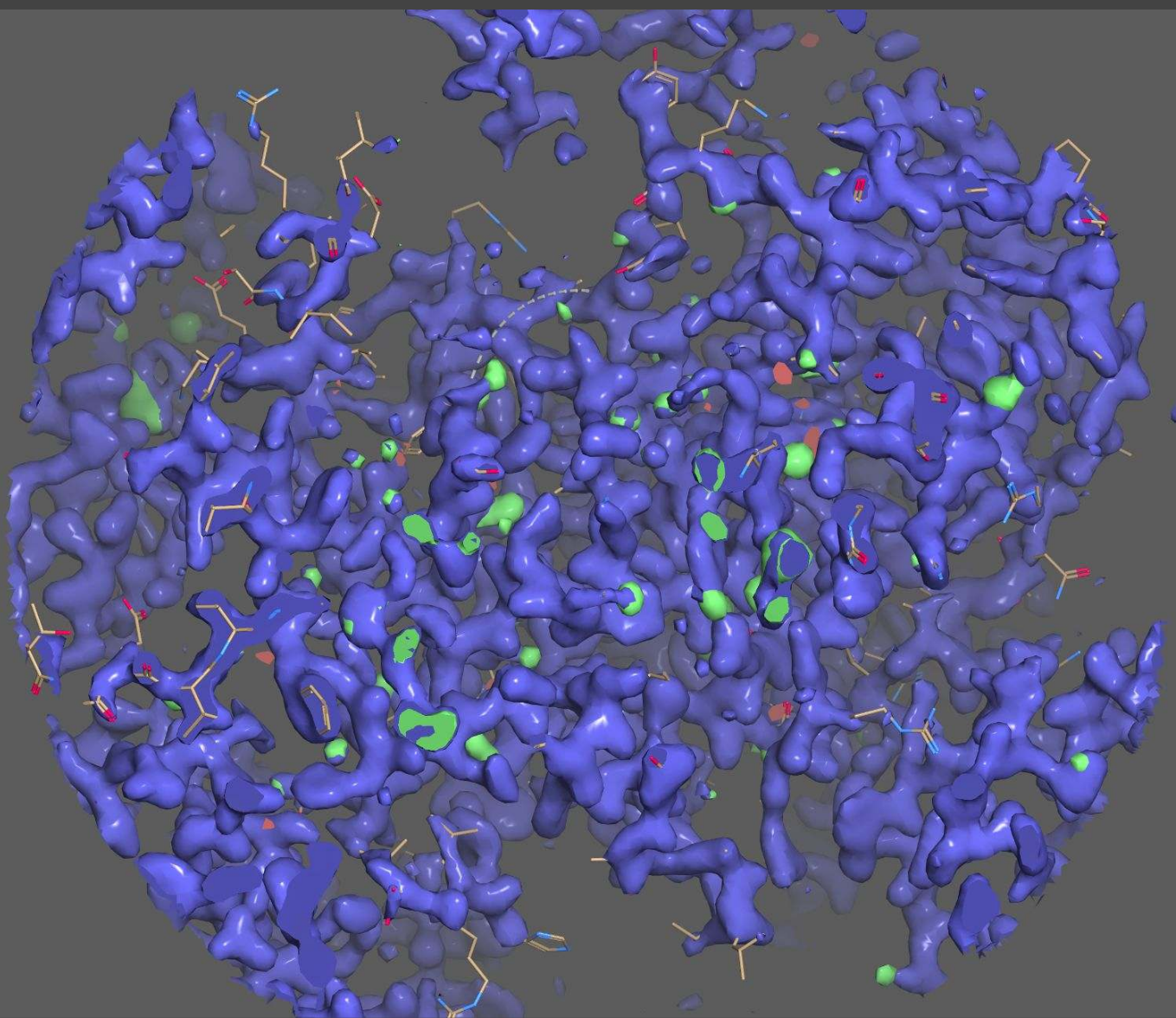


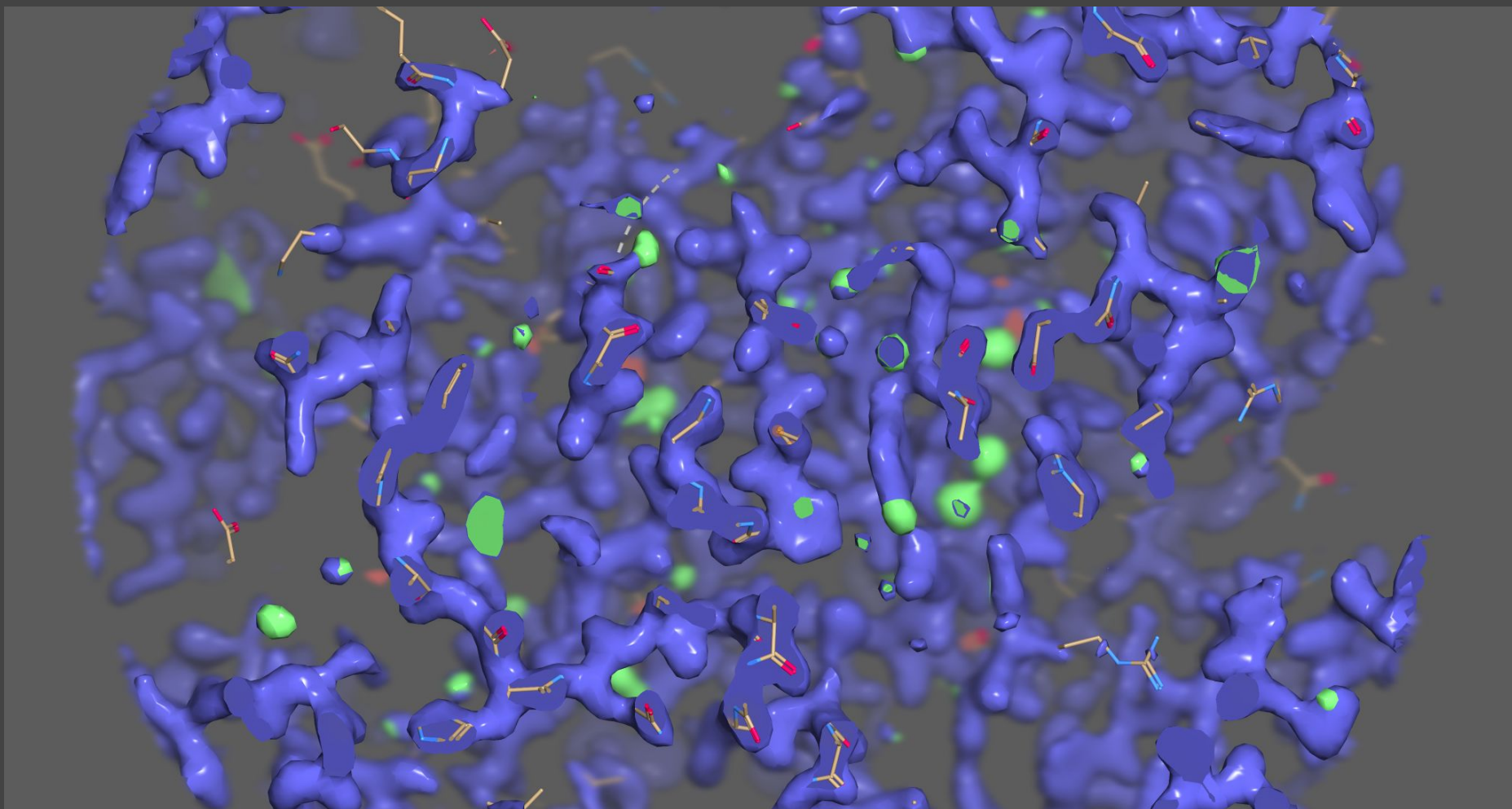
● "Metaballs"



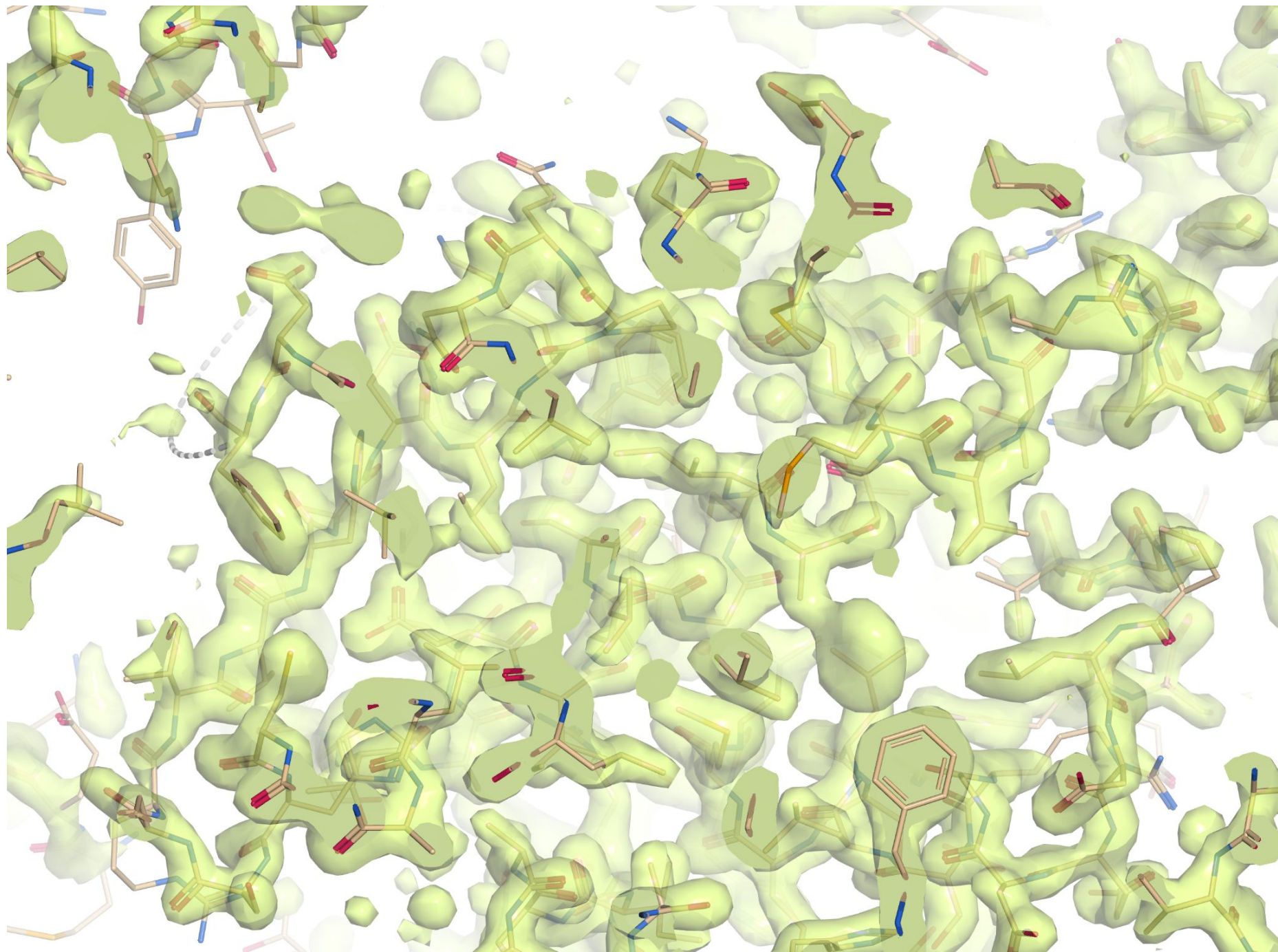


“Lit” lines

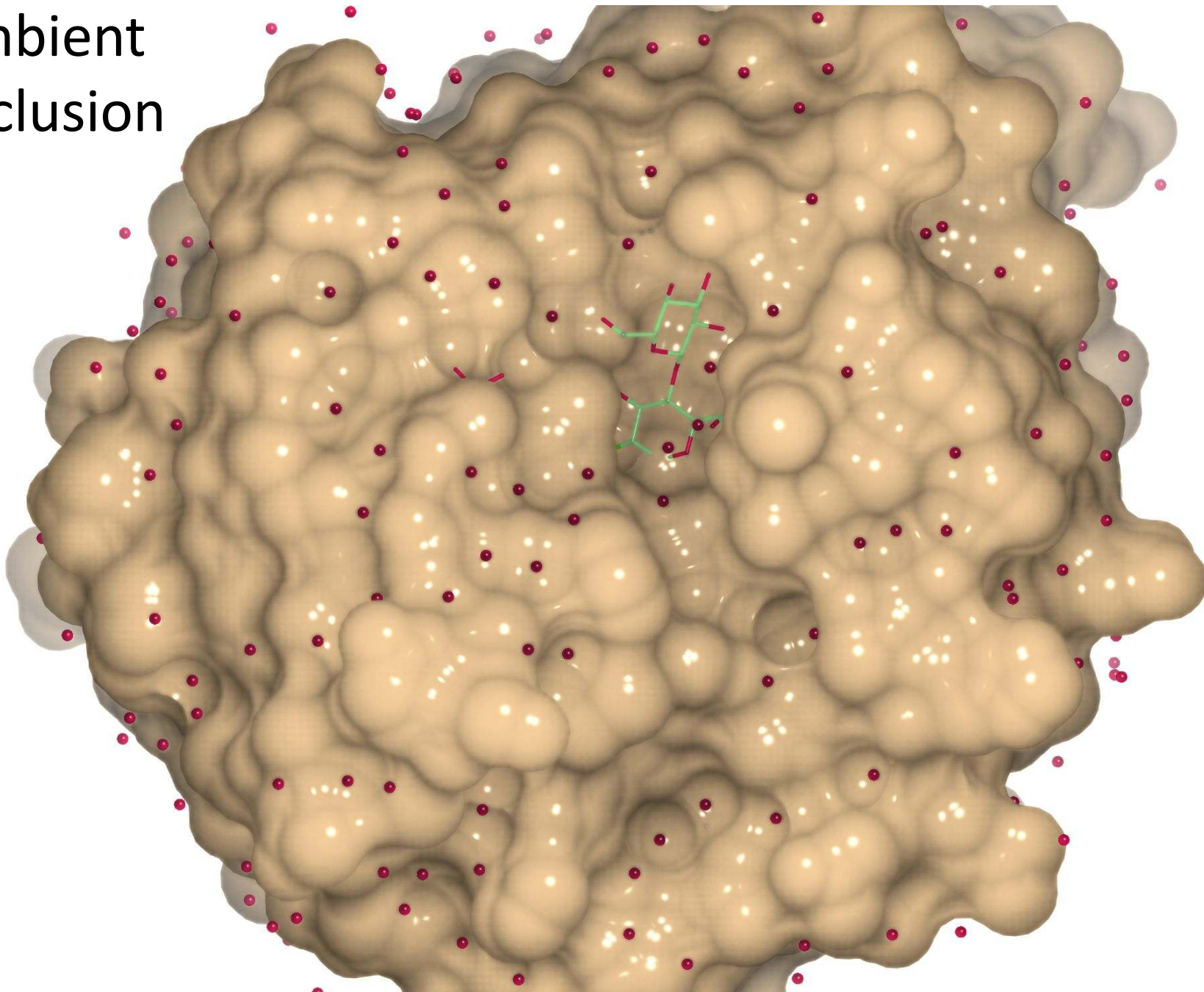


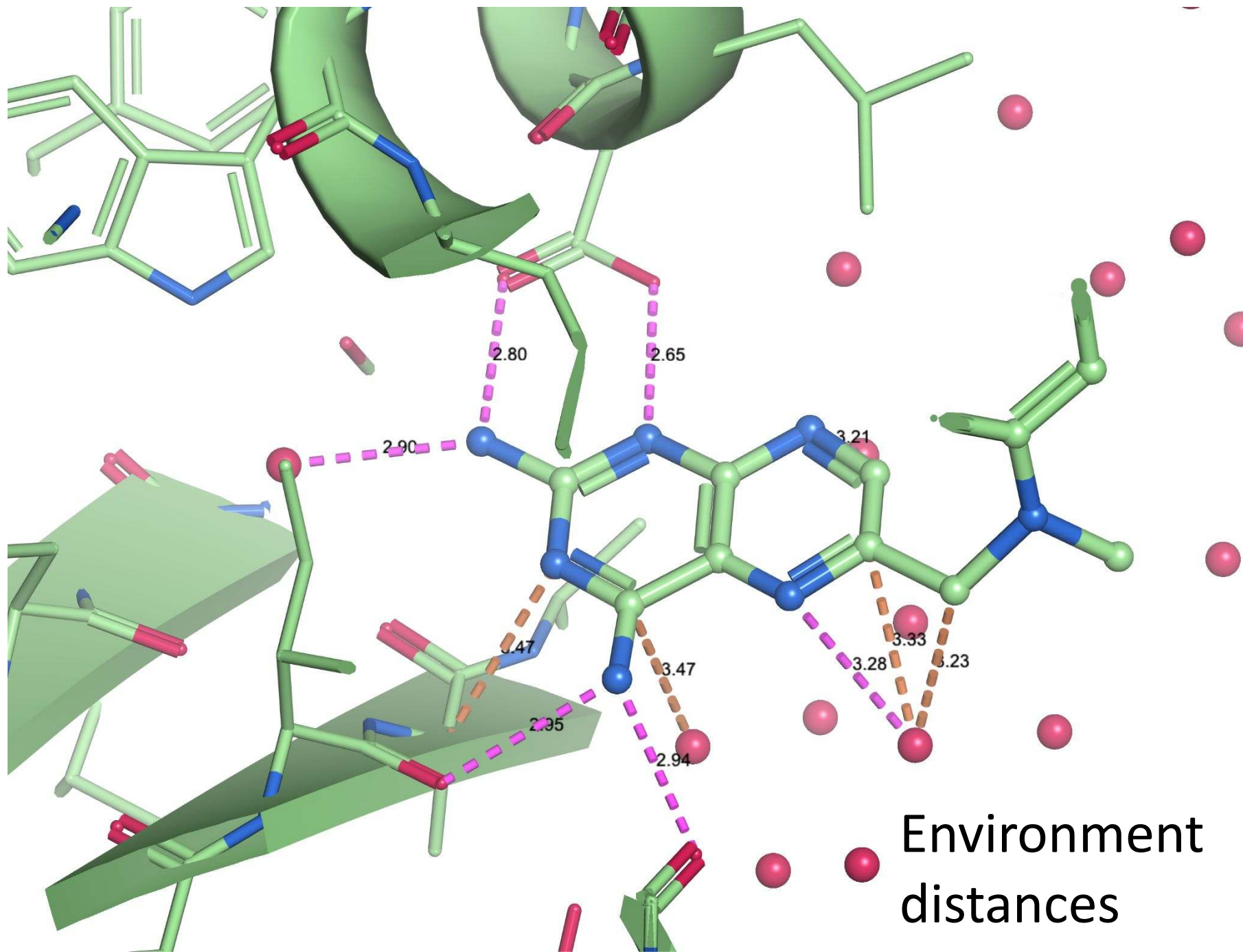


Depth blurring

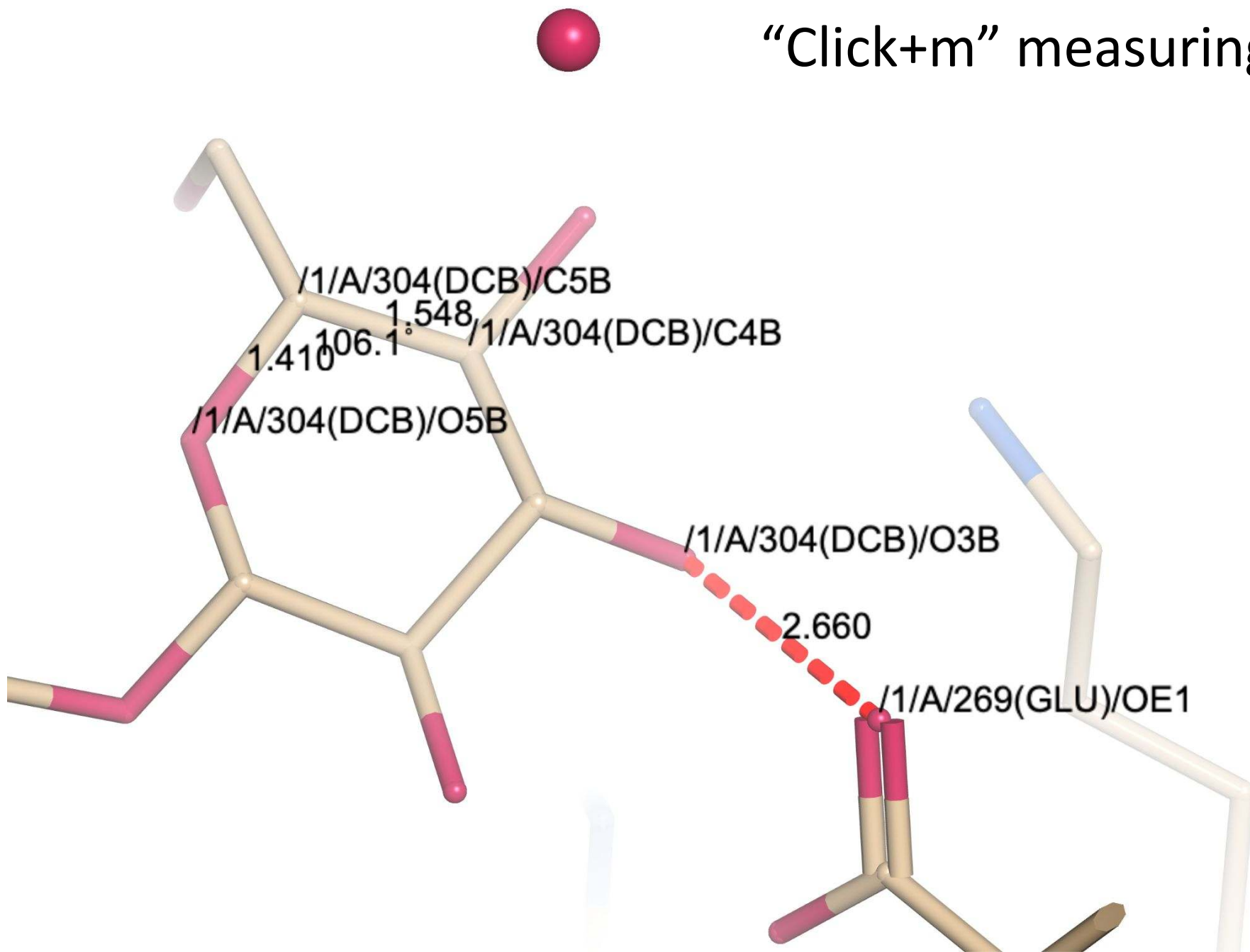


Ambient
occlusion

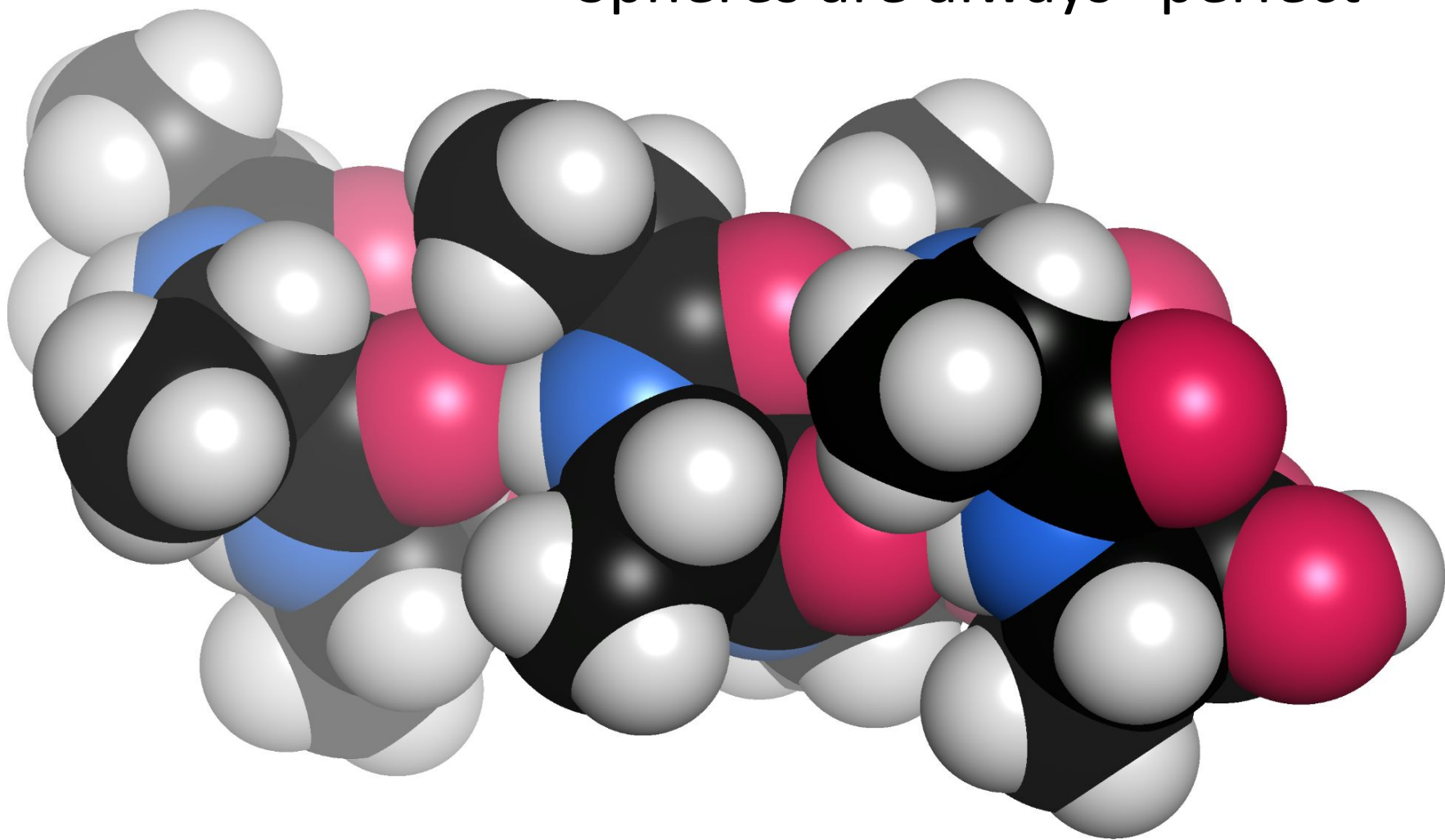




“Click+m” measuring



Spheres are always “perfect”



What's missing from Moorhen figure-making capabilities?

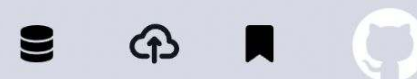
- Neighbourhood selections - coming real soon now. (I might be wrong we might have it already).
- Complex selection tools like CCP4MG.
- Electrostatic colouring of surfaces.
- Thermal ellipsoids, worms scaled by B-Factor, lipid cartoons, bloboids.
- Wizards.
- MR tools (MrBUMP, Slice) - work will begin on this in New Year.
- Complex movie making.
- Assembly generation (from BIOMT info).
- Transparency of any object.
- Perspective does not play nicely with occlusion.
- Scale bar
- Arbitrary text (and image) annotations.
- User-defined atoms for superposition.

Getting Moorhen

- Web services:
 - CCP4 - Cloud: <https://cloud.ccp4.ac.uk/>
 - Standalone service: <https://moorhen.org>
 - Privateer: <https://privateer.york.ac.uk/>
- Source code:
 - <https://github.com/moorhen-coot/Moorhen>
- Desktop:
 - “Electron” app:
<https://github.com/moorhen-coot/MoorhenElectron>
 - ccp4i2 *hopefully* in near future.
- Integrate into your own project:
 - <https://github.com/moorhen-coot/Moorhen/releases/download/v0.6.5/moorhen-0.6.5.tgz>
(Please ask Filo, not me). This is being done for CCP-EM.

Validate your carbohydrates online with Privateer

The Swiss Army knife for carbohydrate structure validation, refinement and analysis



[← Back To Table](#)

Glycan Details

Validation Report

Glycan ID: **NAG-1/E_ASN-62/A**

Number of conformation issues: **0**

Number of anomer issues: **0**

Number of torsion issues: **1**

Number of pucker issues: **0**

Number of chirality issues: **0**

SNFG



Glytoucan ID: **G15407YE**

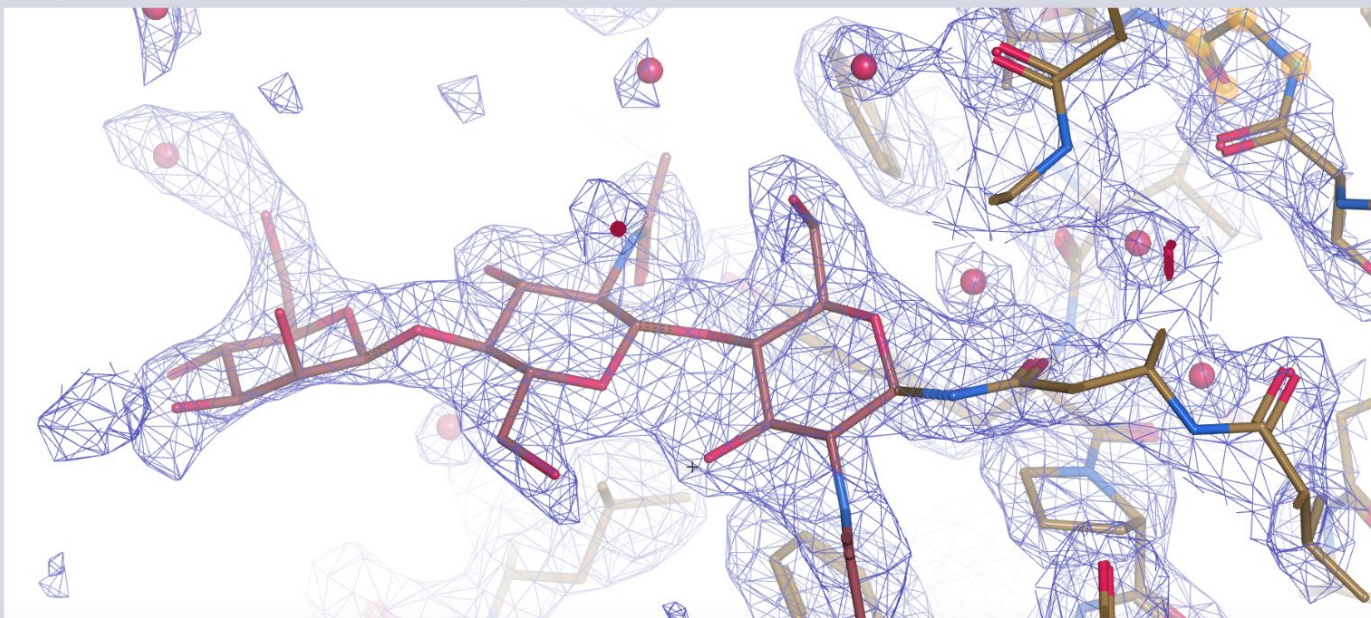
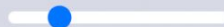




Hover over a linkage to see a summary

Visualise

Map Contour



Acknowledgements

- Liz Potterton
- Eugene Krissenel
- Kevin Cowtan
- Paul Emsley
- Martin Noble
- Jan Gruber
- Bernhard Lohkamp
- Rob Nicholls
- Jon Agirre
- Paul Bond
- Marcin Wojdyr
- Ronan Keegan
- Filomeno Sanchez Rodriguez
- Lucrezia Catapano
- Jakub Smulski
- Adam Simkin
- Funding: CCP4