



Berliner Elektronenspeicherring-Gesellschaft  
für Synchrotronstrahlung m.b.H.

## Development of a Standardized Data-Backup System for Protein Crystallography (PX-DBS)

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## Motivation

- Individual solutions for data backup at each synchrotron PX beamline
- With the introduction of new detectors and automation, planning of data backup becomes more important

## Idea

- Setup of data backup early
- Simple-to-use software
- Open solution to be shared between synchrotrons
- Integration of device interfaces with significantly higher transfer rates
- Support for very high-capacity backup devices
- Classical interfaces still available
- Cost-efficient Implementation

## Construction of a prototype computer system: Hardware evaluation

- Test of a set of commonly available hard disks from different manufacturers
- Test of different device interfaces to the backup devices
  - Reference measurements with commonly used USB and Firewire interface
- External SATA interface (eSATA)
  - Multi-disk container: all disks can be addressed with a single data cable
  - Parallel writing can be implemented to increase total transfer rate
- SATA disk attached to an internal bus interface



## Construction of a prototype computer system: Hardware evaluation

- Test of a set of commonly available hard disks from different manufactures
- Test of different device interfaces in order to access the backup devices

Reference measurements with commonly used USB interface

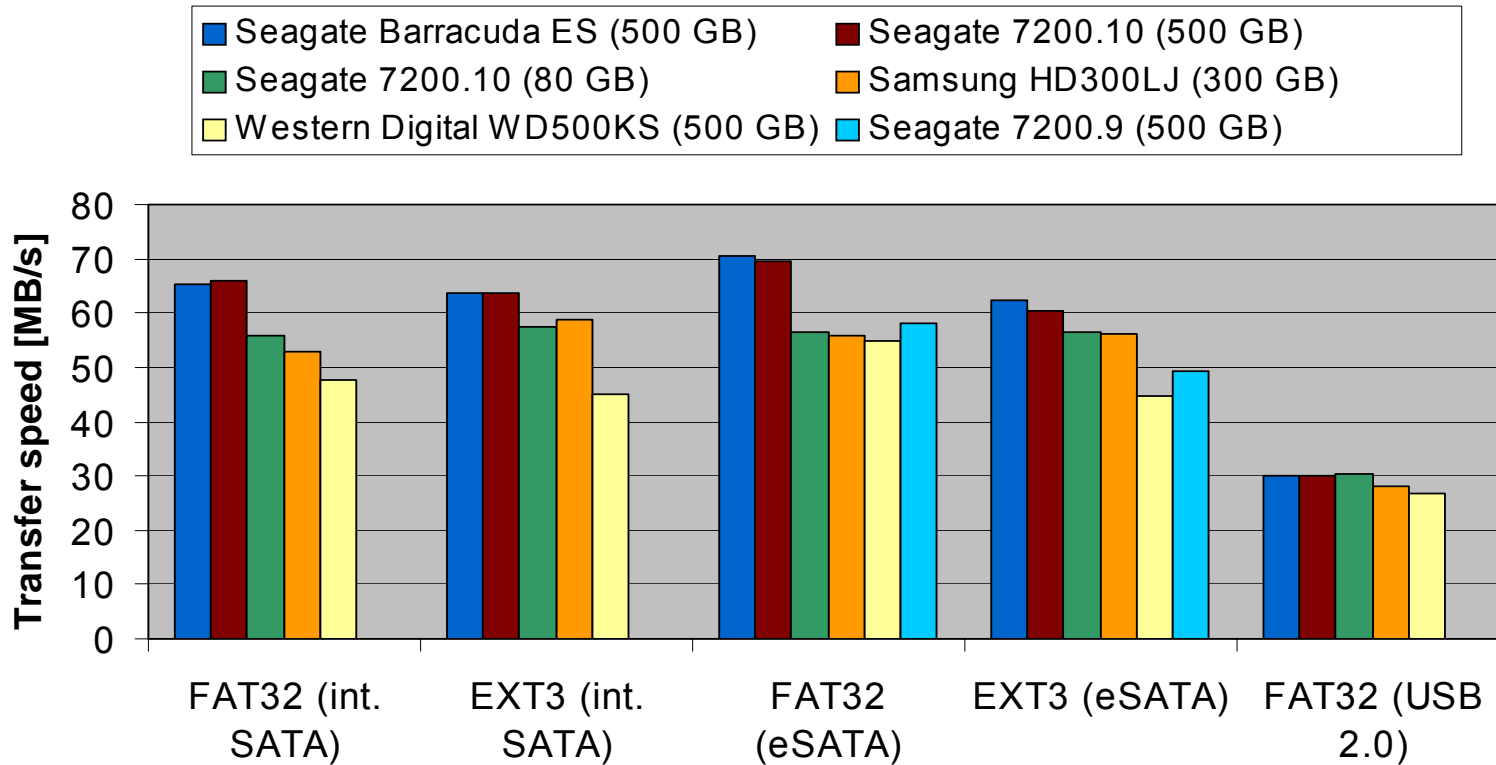
- SATA disk attached to an internal bus interface
- External SATA interface (eSATA)

Multi-disk container: all disks can be addressed with a single data cable

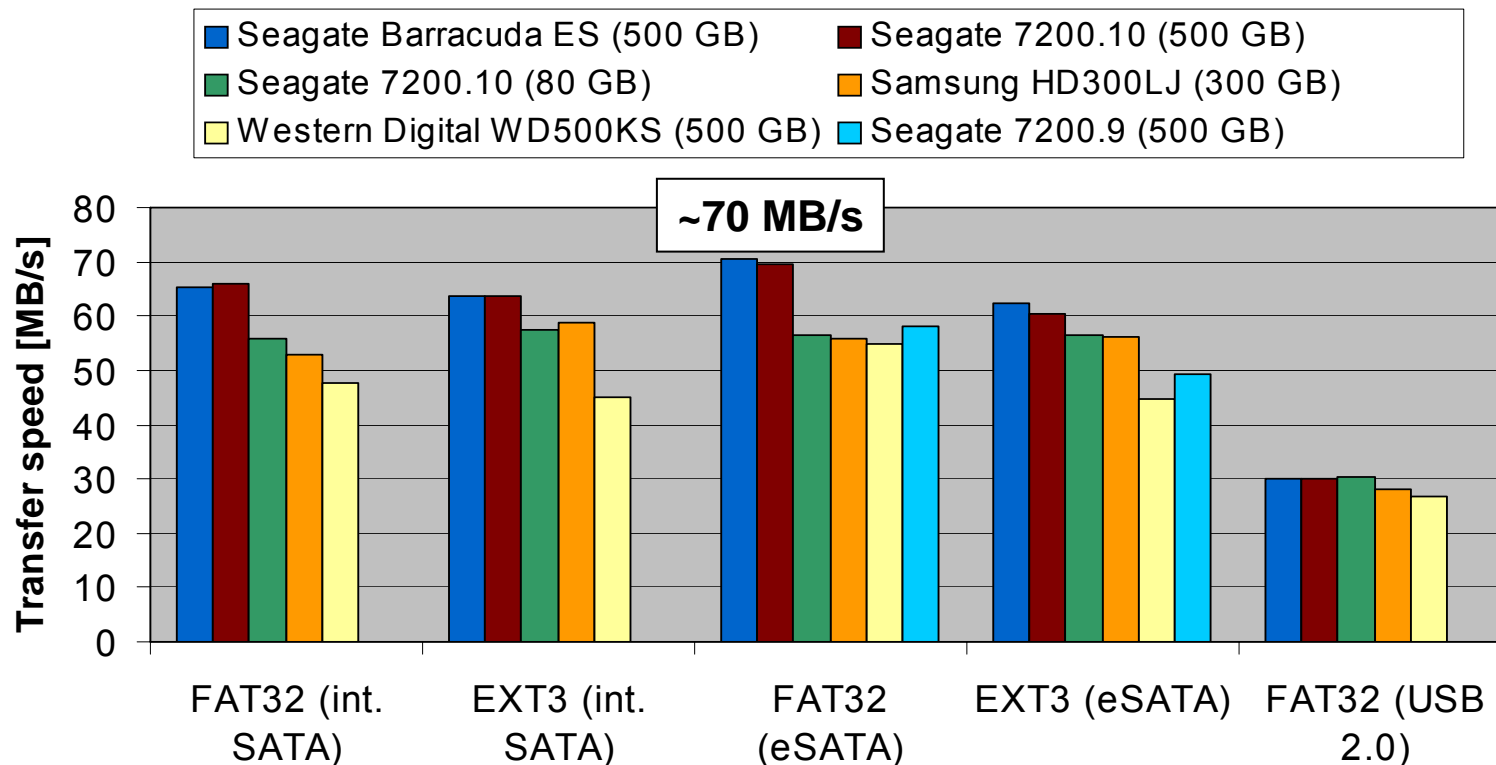
Parallel writing can be implemented to increase total transfer rate



### Results of I/O performance tests (Bonnie++ Disk Benchmark)

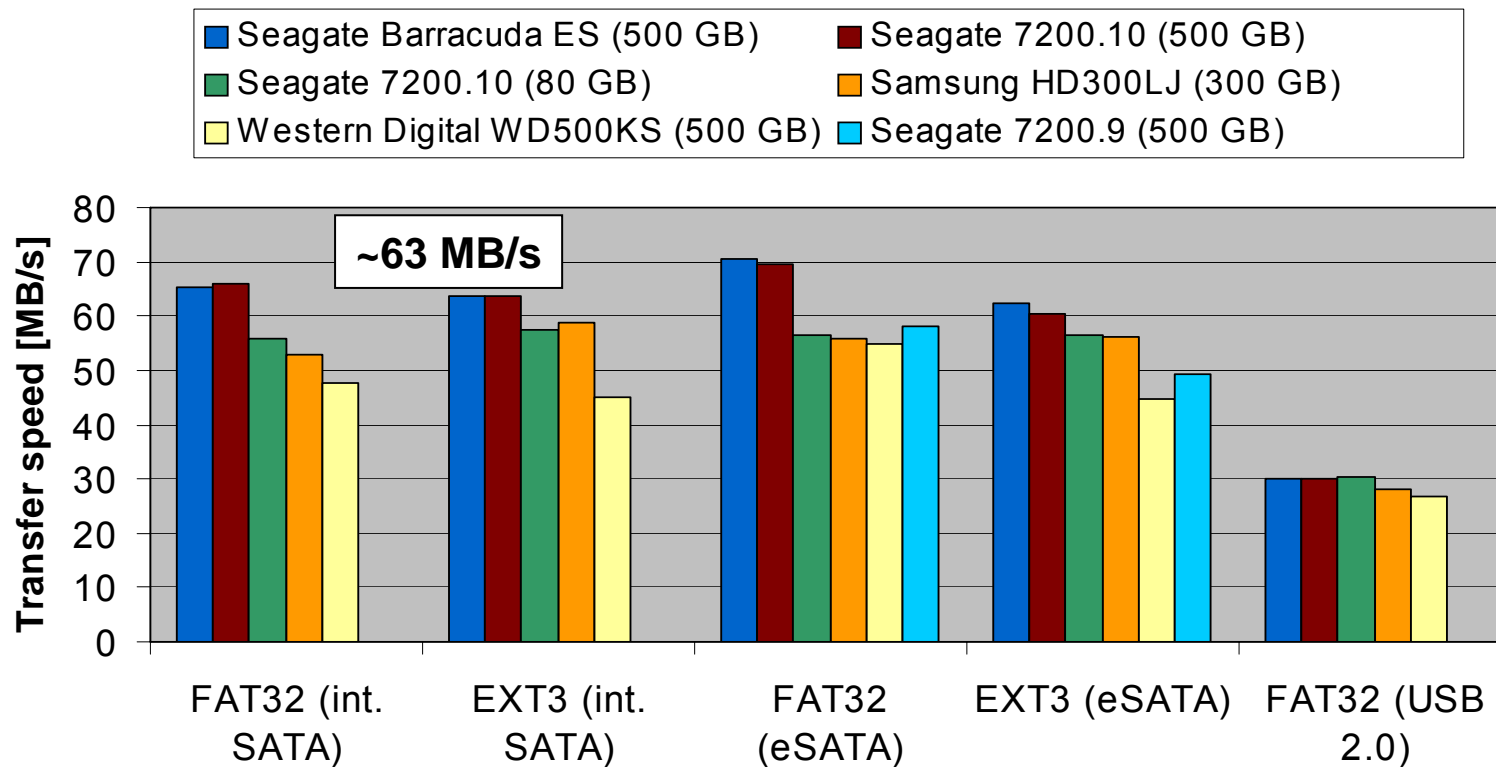


## Results of I/O performance tests (Bonnie++ Disk Benchmark)



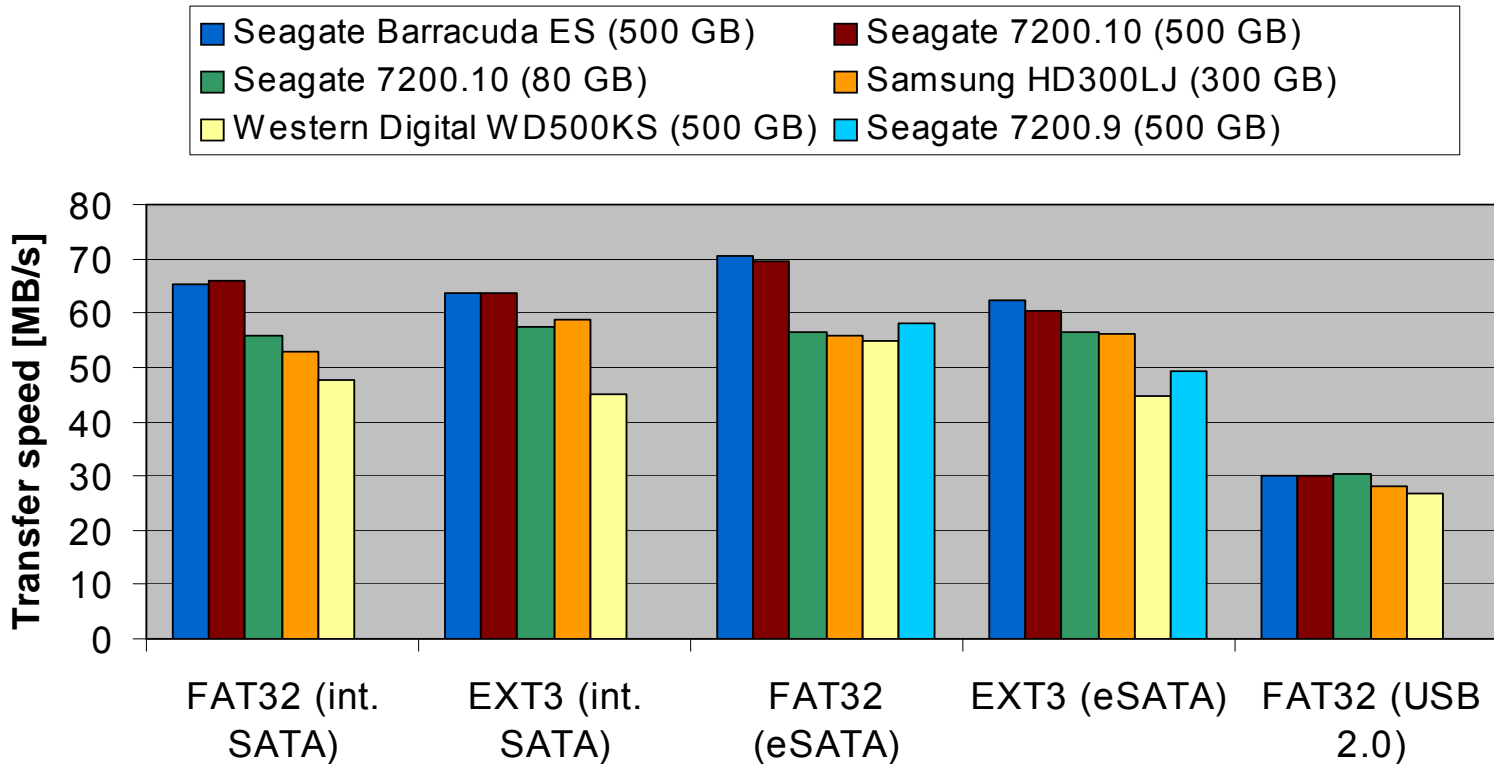
- Best writing I/O performance: FAT32 file system
- Transfer rates up to 70 MB/s can be expected with the SATA bus interface

## Results of I/O performance tests (Bonnie++ Disk Benchmark)



- Up to 63 MB/s transfer rates are measured with the EXT3 file systems
- Journaling feature makes EXT3 more robust against handling errors

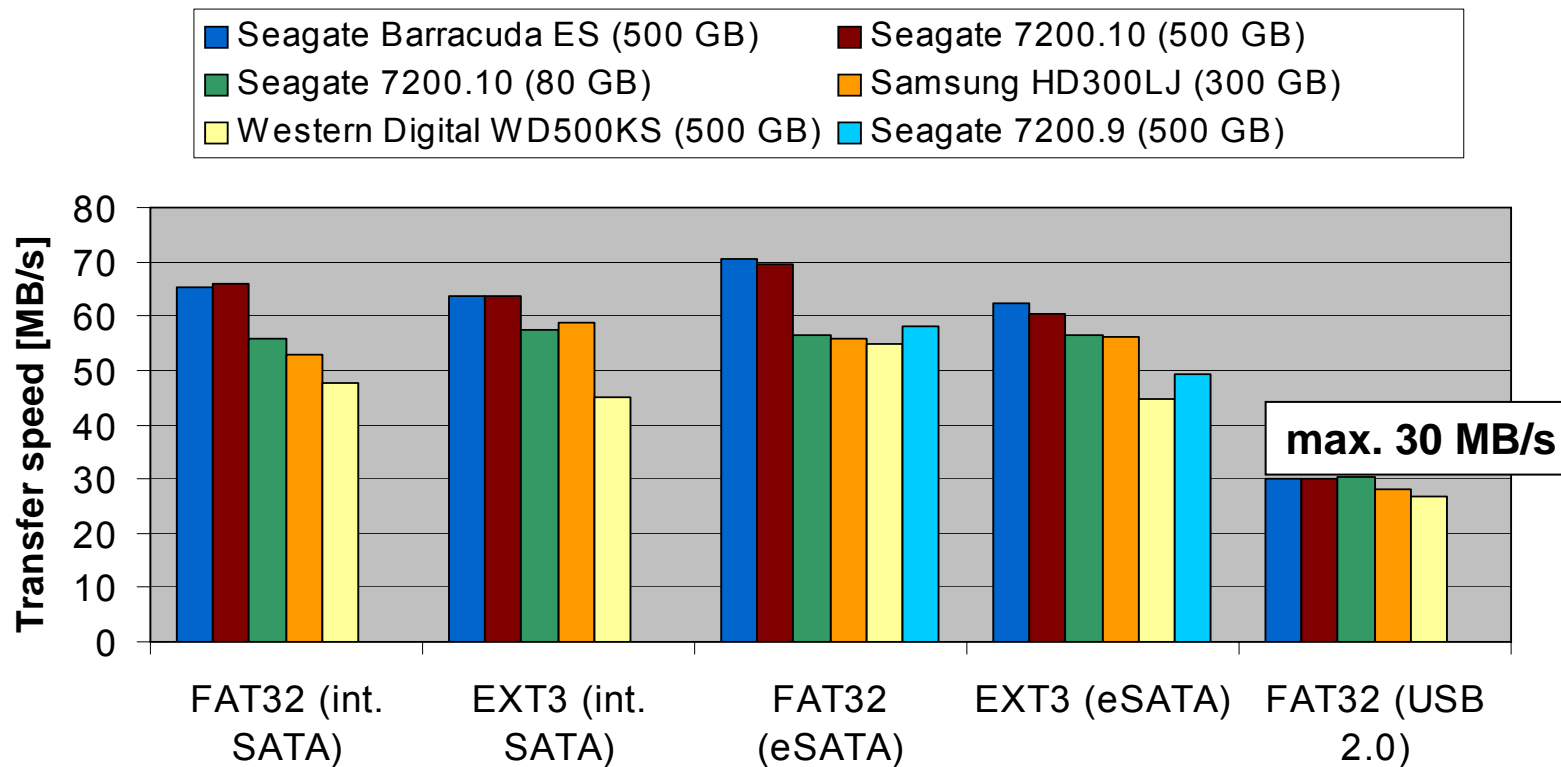
### Results of I/O performance tests (Bonnie++ disk benchmark)



- Hard disks from different manufacturers show significant differences (up to 20 MB/s) in writing performance

Best results with hard disks using perpendicular recording technology

## Results of I/O performance tests (Bonnie++ Disk Benchmark)



- Performance is dramatically decreased by a factor of 2 if the USB 2.0 bus interface is used

## Application example: PX data collection for 10 different projects

### Setup of the example

- Basic experiment: MAD data collection
  - Three datasets
  - Collection over 180° rotation range
- Data collection for 10 different projects
- Two detector configurations

	<b>MarMosaic 225</b>	<b>Pilatus 6M</b>
Image size	18 MB	6 MB (compressed)
No. of images/dataset	180	900 (0.2° fine slicing)
Exposure time/image	1s	0.2 s

		<b>MarMosaic 225</b>	<b>Pilatus 6M</b>
Total data size [GB]		95	158
<b>Data generation rate (user perspective) [MB/s]</b>		<b>9</b>	<b>30</b>
Backup time (single full backup) [h]	SATA (50 MB/s)	0.5	0.9
	USB 2.0 3,5 " HDD (25 MB/s)	1.1	1.8
	USB 2.0 2,5 " HDD (20 MB/s)	1.4	2.3

## Conclusion

- Data of common CCD detectors can be written in parallel to the experiment using all available interface technologies
  - Even USB2 mobile disks (2,5") would supply adequate transfer rates
- Pilatus data can only be saved in parallel using high-performance SATA interfaces and fast hard disks

## PX-DBS software components

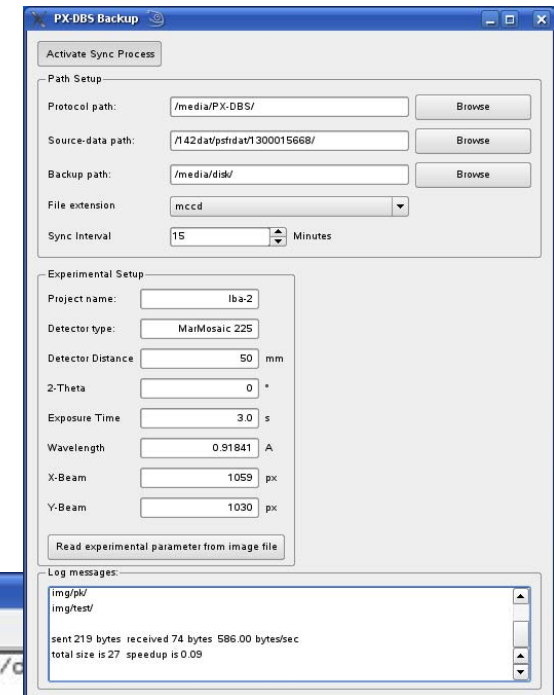
- Command-line based script solution
- Graphical user interface
  - Basic functionality same as script solution
  - Restoration process more comfortable
  - Protocols logged of older experiments
- Both solutions based on rsync for data synchronization

```

hellmig@psf7: ~/skripte - Befehlsfenster - Konsole
Sitzung Bearbeiten Ansicht Lesezeichen Einstellungen Hilfe
1004 hellmig@psf7:~/skripte $ ./px-dbs.sh /142dat/psfrdat/1300015668 /media/d

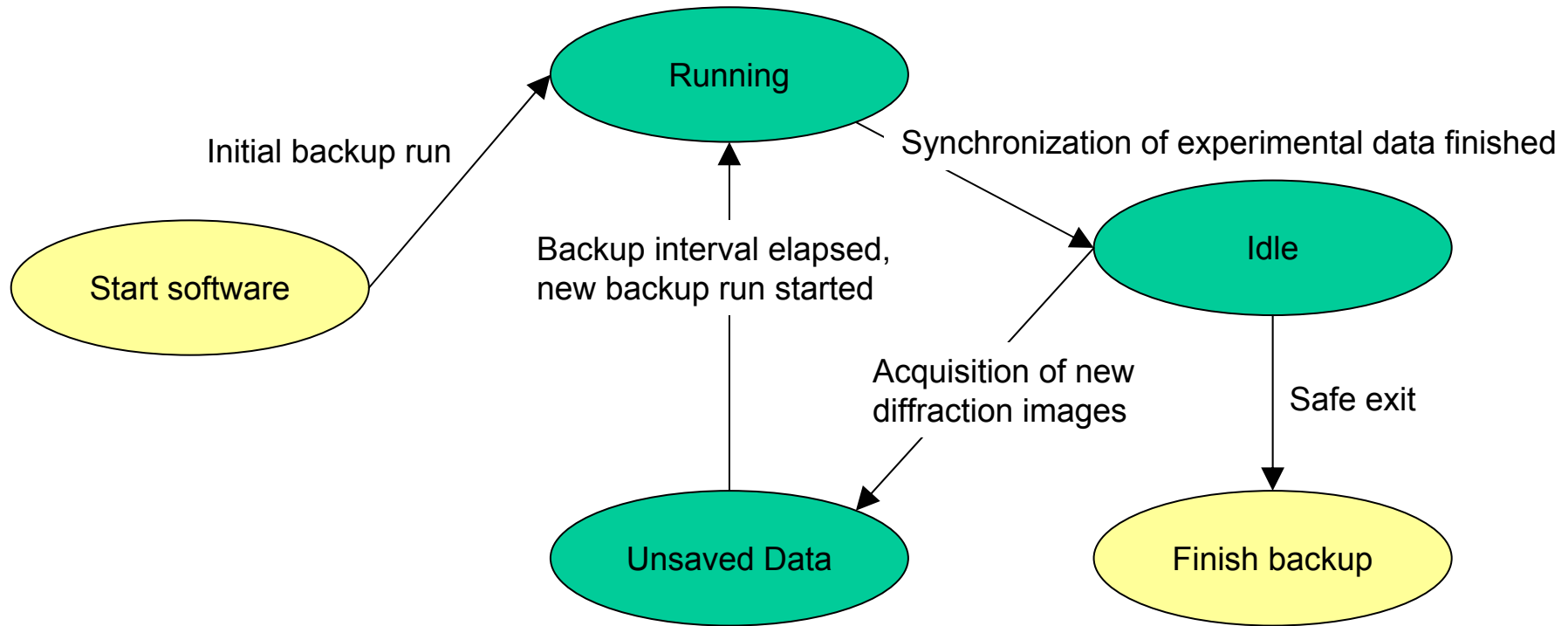
px-dbs.sh: [[START COPY..]] Started new backup run (PID=13738).
px-dbs.sh: [[BUSY.....]] Copying files: /142dat/psfrdat/1300015668 -> /media/disk
px-dbs.sh: [[BUSY.....]] DO NOT INTERRUPT TO PREVENT INCOMPLETE BACKUP.
px-dbs.sh: [[TERMINATING.]] Trapped termination signal. Preparing script completion.

px-dbs.sh: [[SUCCESS.....]]
px-dbs.sh: [[SUCCESS.....]] Backup process finished without errors. Exit.
px-dbs.sh: [[SUCCESS.....]]
1005 hellmig@psf7:~/skripte $ █
  
```



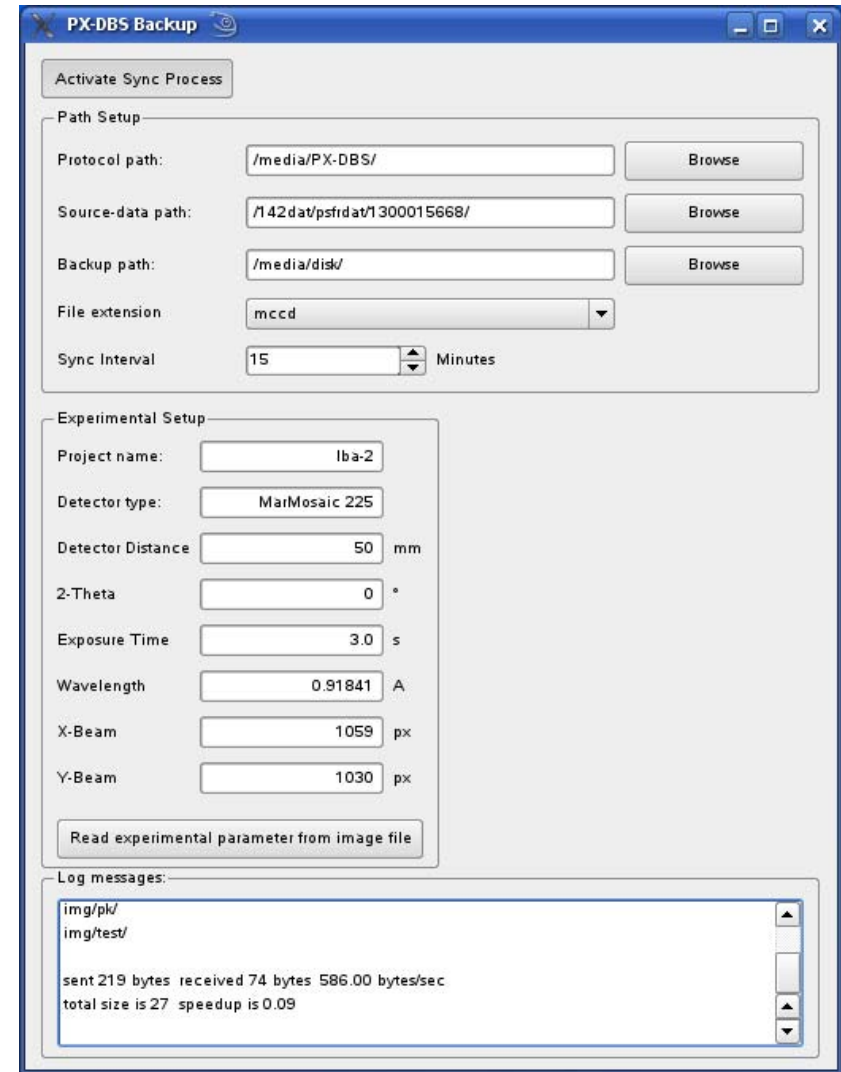
### I. Command-line based backup script: Working principle

Compatible with all backup devices that are detected from the operating system (e.g. USB, Firewire, eSATA)



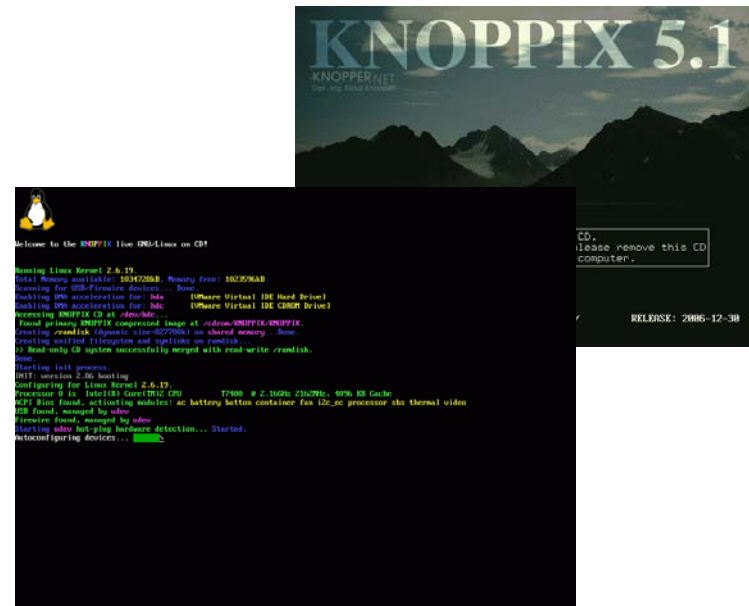
## II. GUI software component

- Backup setup similar to command-line solution
- Description using experimental parameters to identify the backup job
- Logging of experimental details, transferred files and directories
- Restore more comfortable compared to the script solution
  - Protocol information about finished backup jobs is read in from the USB flash pen
  - Selection of job from list
  - Connection of respective backup device and start of restore process



## Deployment of project results

- Preparation of customized Live-CD Linux distribution
- Comprehensive support for different hardware configurations
- Integrated support for hot-plugging of internally mounted backup devices on the SATA interface bus
- Integration of both backup software components



## Future prospects

- Complete implementation of functionality until end of February 2008
- Testing with interested institutes
  
- Implementation of Server API
  - Control the backup process from a client in the LAN
  - User control brick integrated in the BLISS Framework

## Acknowledgements

- Thanks to staff members from the ESRF and SLS for their valuable input and suggestions
- BESSY PX work group

